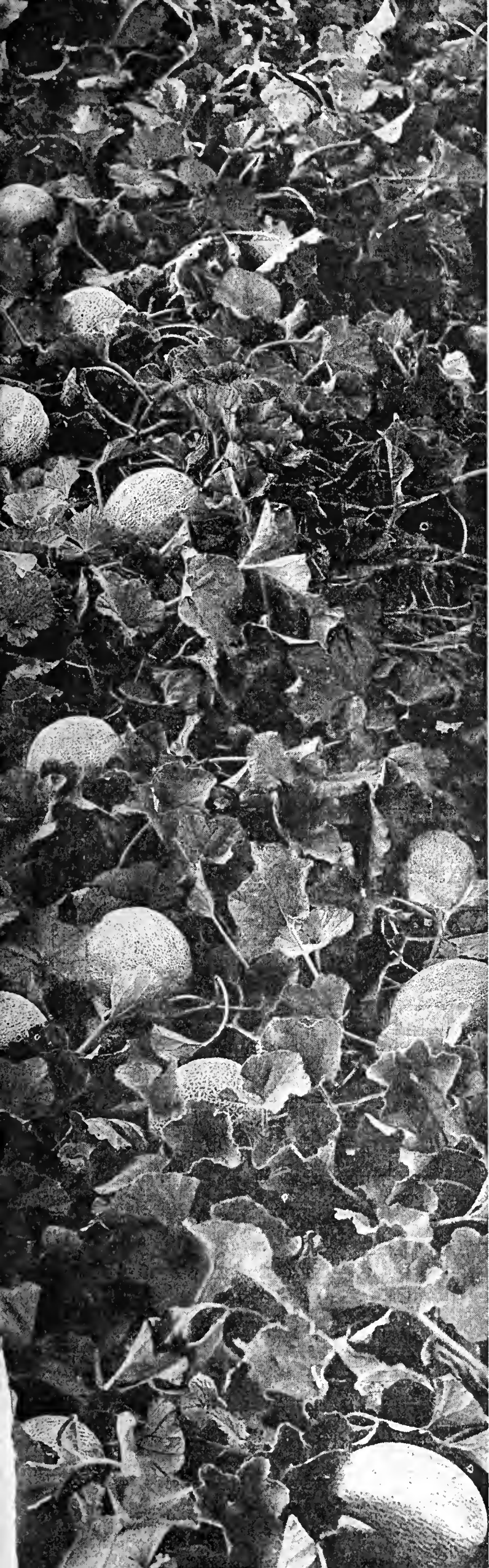


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23,7

The
**EBBERT
SEED
COMPANY**

THIRTY-FIRST
ANNUAL CATALOG

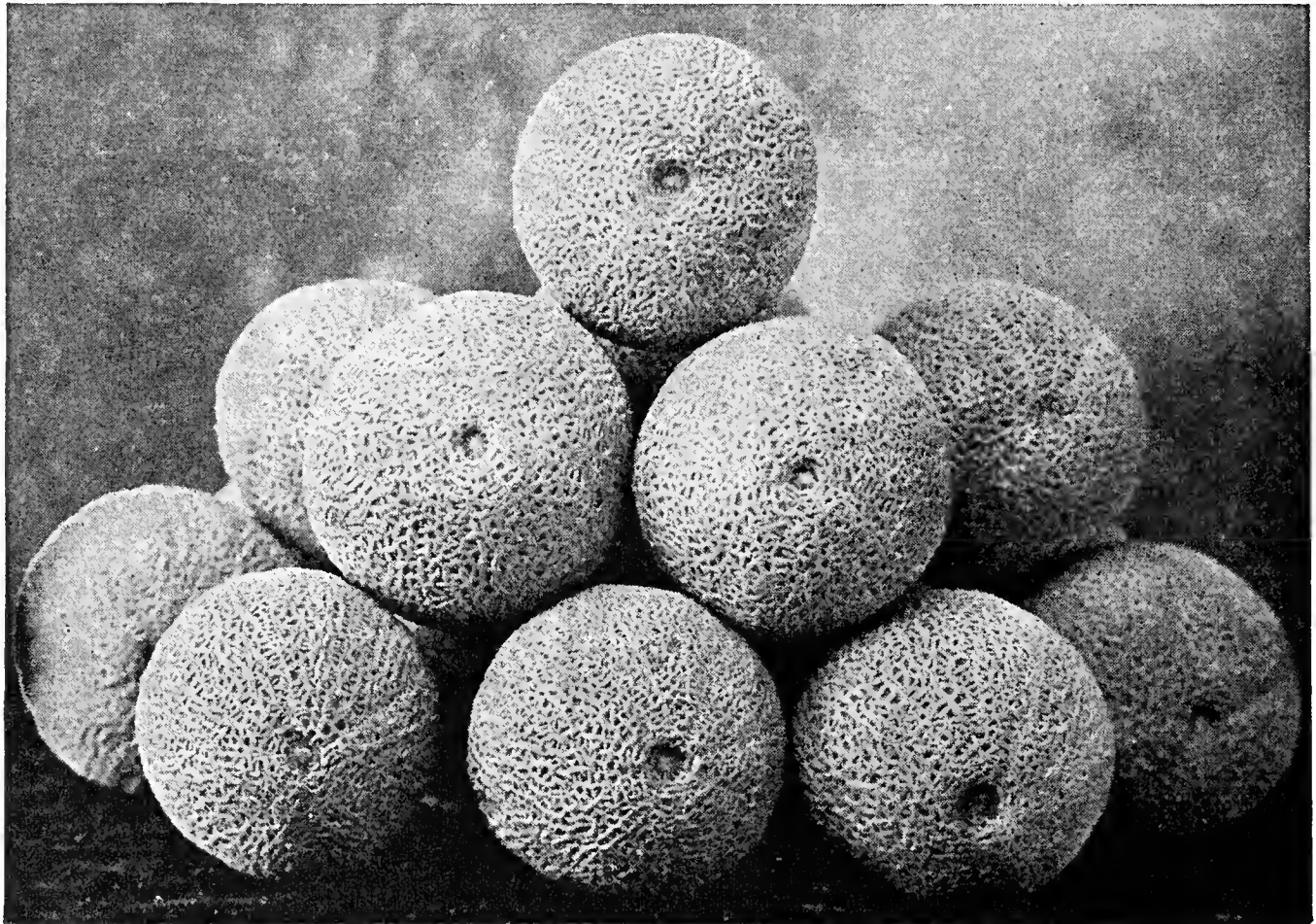
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We Specialize
in
Cucumber
Cantaloupe
and
Water Melon
Seeds

ROCKY FORD, COLORADO

• *buy* ROCKY FORD
CANTALOUPE SEED
 at ROCKY FORD

The Rocky Ford district produces and supplies more than 90 per cent of the Cantaloupe seed used in the entire country. Practically all of the Cantaloupe seed handled by the seed trade is secured either directly or indirectly from this district. Therefore, would it not be good business policy to buy your Cantaloupe seed direct from Rocky Ford, and direct from the producers before it passes through so many hands? Please think this matter over carefully and give us a trial order.



THE EBBERT SEED COMPANY is better equipped than ever before to render service of value to its customers. Our high ideal, to provide only the best strains whether Vegetable, Flower or Field Seeds will still be our constant motive, and will endeavor to merit the continuous patronage of our numerous loyal customers.

We are located in the heart of the greatest Cantaloupe Seed growing district in the world—where the growing of good seed is a science and where soil and climate are ideal. Our Cantaloupe Seed is known everywhere for high quality. Don't take chances, send us your order.

**We Have Made Much Progress in
 Producing Vine Seed**

We are striving each season, by careful seed selection, to improve and perfect the different strains of the Rocky Ford Cantaloupe and the standard varieties of Cucumbers.

The many flattering letters received from all sections of the country lead us to believe that our

efforts are being appreciated and bearing fruit. We are sparing neither time nor expense to show our appreciation of the confidence placed in us by our rapidly increasing list of "satisfied customers."

All seeds are carefully tested before being shipped. We grow Cantaloupe and Cucumber Seed, under contract, for some of the largest associations and individual growers in the principal growing sections of the United States. Those using quantities of vine seeds should write for our **Special Contract Growing Prices**. We will grow any variety required, either from our own especially selected stock seed or from seed furnished by the purchaser.

Our reputation has been built up by furnishing seeds of the best quality as to purity and germination, and we shall always endeavor to furnish the best seeds that can be produced and make prices as reasonable as possible.

We assure you that any orders or inquiries you may favor us with will receive our prompt and careful attention.

Thanking you most sincerely for your patronage in the past and anticipating with much pleasure your orders for the coming season.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR SELECT CANTALOUPE SEED

We Think There Is None Better Than the Grade of Seed We Offer

EBBERT SEED COMPANY

ROCKY FORD COLORADO

Important Information for Purchasers



Please Read This Page Carefully

(For Index of Contents See Page 30)

WE PAY POSTAGE. Please remember, in comparing our prices with those quoted by other seedsmen, that we pay the **POSTAGE** on all seeds quoted in this catalog, by the packet, ounce, quarter-pound and pound—except on Onion Sets and field seeds, on which our prices named are **NET**, and if ordered by mail you must send 8 cents per pound, to cover postage.

If seeds are ordered by freight or express, at your expense, deduct 8 cents per pound from catalog prices (except as above noted).

OUR TERMS are strictly cash with order. Remittance should be made by Post Office or Express Money Order, Bank Draft or Registered Letter. Amounts of less than \$1 may be sent in postage stamps.

If personal checks are sent they must be certified by your banker.

We do not ship seeds **C. O. D.** unless one-third of the amount of the purchase price accompanies the order. **C. O. D.** shipments cannot be made by freight.

HOW TO ORDER. Be sure to write your name **PLAINLY**; also your Post Office, County and State. Give the name of your freight and express office if different from Post Office. Always state whether to ship by Mail, Express or Freight.

USE OUR ORDER SHEET, carefully filling out the blank spaces at the top, for shipping directions. Use one line for each kind of seed ordered.

Always carry out the price of each item.

Keep a copy of your order. (This is very important.)

We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to be correct in every detail; yet in the press of business, errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory.

WHEN TO ORDER. We strongly advise our customers to send in their orders immediately upon receipt of this catalog, as they will then have the seeds on hand when they need them, and avoid the unnecessary delay often caused by the rush of the busy season. It is advisable to order while our stock is complete.

The prices we quote on Vegetable and Flower Seeds in this catalog will hold good as long as our stock lasts.

Should you want any articles not listed in this catalog, we will be pleased to have your inquiries and will give them prompt attention.

MARKET GARDENERS AND LARGE PLANTERS should write for Special Prices, stating variety and quantity required.

WARRANTY. Seeds of the best quality will often fail through improper treatment, by sowing the seed too deep or too shallow; in too wet or too dry soil. They differ greatly as to temperature required for germination. Some will germinate rapidly at a certain temperature, while others, if sown under the same conditions, are apt to decay. The young plants are liable to various accidents. Cold or dry air may check their growth or destroy them. Insects above and below the ground may attack them and a great many other contingencies may arise to prevent the best seeds from giving satisfaction. We use every precaution in procuring fresh, pure and reliable seeds, etc., but we, in common with other responsible seed houses, sell our goods subject to the following disclaimer, it being that adopted by the American Seed Trade Association, i. e.: We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, of any seeds, bulbs or plants sent out; and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

THE EBBERT SEED COMPANY

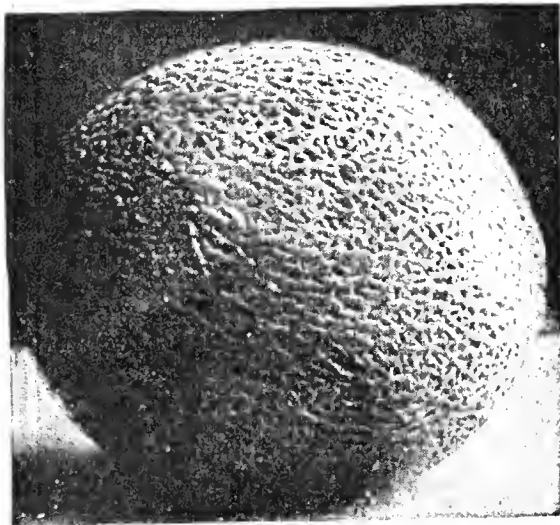
OUR RESPONSIBILITY: As to our financial and business standing, we refer you to the leading commercial agencies, any bank or business house in Rocky Ford or Otero County, Colorado.

WE LIST AS SPECIALTIES THE LEADING STRAINS OF ROCKY FORD CANTALOUPE.

ROCKY FORD

The Cantaloupe seed we offer for sale is all grown by ourselves and carefully observed and tested as to profitable merits of each strain, and we believe that seed we offer is as good as systematic selection can produce. All prices quoted include transportation charges to your town.

IMPROVED POLLOCK, or EDEN GEM



One of the best known strains of the Improved "Rocky Ford" or solid meat type—rust-resistant.

This melon is the earliest of the solid meat type, and the most prolific; runs very uniform in size. In shape it is nearly round, with no ribs, and heavily netted. The color of the flesh varies from green to golden yellow, is solid, fine grained and of the finest flavor. A splendid shipper. Makes a fine appearance on the market.

Our seed crop of

this variety was extra fine the past season.

Select seed (saved from the earliest and best melons). Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; per lb., 15 oz., \$1.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

POLLOCK NO. 25

This cantaloupe has filled all the requirements for a pink meat melon, being an early, prolific, rust-resisting melon of standard uniform size. Well netted; good shipper. Flesh light pink, running to salmon color.

Select seed, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb. or 15 oz., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$1.00 per lb.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

SPECIAL CANTALOUPE NO. 101

This is an improved strain of Salmon Tint Pollock 10-25, with the same characteristics and appearance, but with flesh more deeply colored.

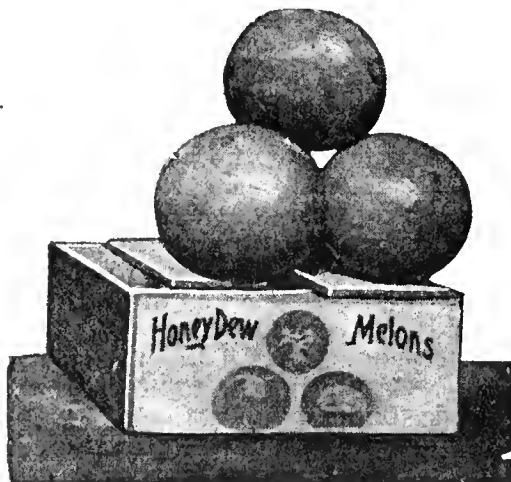
Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.00.

PINK MEAT HONEY DEW

The fruits of this fine new variety are of medium size, round, or slightly oval, the skin is smooth with an occasional net; when ripe creamy yellow in color; flesh thick, beautiful salmon color of a very sweet sugary flavor. Its merits have been fully demonstrated; stands shipping perfectly and stays in good condition for weeks after being removed from the vine.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, prepaid.

Write for prices on larger quantities.



SPECIAL OFFER

Our famous Rocky Ford Cantaloupe Seed, one ounce each of the following varieties, postpaid, 50c:

Eden Gem
Pollock No. 25
Burrell Gem

Abbott's Pearl
Hale's Best
Perfecto Perfecto

OUR BEST SELECTED GRADE

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND THAT OUR PRICES INCLUDE TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.

ABBOTT'S PEARL CANTALOUPE

The fruit is of standard size, oval in shape, covered with a beautiful heavy gray netting. The flesh is firm, finely grained and of a rich deep salmon pink color. The vine is vigorous and very productive. We would especially recommend it to our customers.

Select seed (saved from standard size melons), pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00; 100 lbs., 75c per lb.

RYAN BRO.'S STRAIN

WEAVER'S SPECIAL (NEW)

A golden-fleshed Honey Ball, may be picked, vine ripened, for long distance shipments. A new, and we believe, important introduction. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

VAN BUSKIRK'S NETTED ROCK

The flesh is green, tinged with a delicate salmon colored pink around the seed cavity, which is by far the smallest of any strain of the Rocky Ford. The flesh is sweet, luscious and melting, and of a delicious flavor.

The seed we offer was grown from the finest selection of the first melons to ripen.

Select seed (saved from the finest melons), pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00; 5 to 15 lbs., 75c per lb.



Honey Ball Melon

HONEY BALL MELON

(Very Short Crop)

This melon, of northern Texas origin, has become very popular. It is a prolific yielder and stands dry weather well. Similar to the Honey Dew in appearance but much smaller, and runs very uniform in size, quite round in shape with a slight netting. Averages about 5 inches in diameter. Flesh green and thick. It is a good shipper and should be handled very much the same as Honey Dew. Does best on good strong sandy loam. Also excellent melon for the home garden.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.50.

SALMON FLESHED ROCKY FORD

(Known as Burrell Gem, Osage Gem and Ordway Pink Meat)

When wrapped and packed in one-layer crates, holding from 12 to 15 melons, it has sold much better in proportion than the Rocky Fords shipped in standard crates. The melon is larger and longer than the Rocky Ford, averaging about 6 inches in length and 4½ to 5 inches in diameter, with well defined ribs, heavily netted, with a distinct stripe between. The flesh is a rich salmon color and fine grained. The seed cavity is unusually small, which accounts for its superior shipping qualities.

The flavor is rich, sweet and spicy, and preferred by many to the green fleshed varieties. This melon should not be picked until it will slip from the vine, and should not be planted extensively where there is a heavy rainfall, as it is inclined to crack with excess moisture.

Select, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30; 15 oz., \$1.00; 10 to 25 lbs., 75c per lb.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

IMPROVED SALMON TINT CANTALOUPE

POLLOCK NO. 10-25

This valuable selection, which in general appearance resembles the well-known Pollock No. 25, has proved generally satisfactory. The flesh is a deep salmon tint, very fine grained, and of a delicious flavor, produces a heavier crop of uniform marketable melons than any variety yet introduced, has a very small seed cavity and splendid shipping qualities. The seed we offer is carefully selected from fields grown for seed purposes only, from melons true to type, well netted, fully matured and of standard size, selected for their seed qualities, and is as good in every way as can be produced.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.25; 10 to 25 lbs., \$1.00 per lb.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

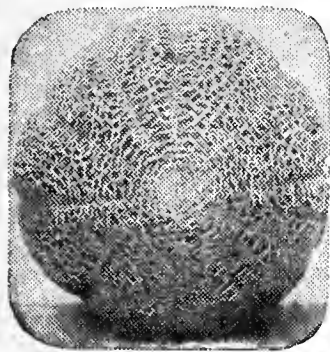
TRY THE FAMOUS HONEY DEW MELON

The long-distance shipper and money maker has broken all records for heavy yields and net returns, carlot shipments being made from this section up to November 1.

Much more prolific than cantaloupe, will give heavy yields in any section where cantaloupe will produce, planted at the same time; matures two weeks later than cantaloupes. Average size, 6 inches in diameter, 8 inches in length; weight, 5 to 6 pounds; skin at maturity smooth, creamy yellow; flesh, light green, fine grained; very thick juicy meat to extreme rind; of a rich, fruity flavor; unsurpassed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb. of 15 oz., \$1.00.

Write for prices on larger quantities.

HEARTS OF GOLD



Hearts of Gold

A splendid type of the salmon fleshed cantaloupe. It is early and prolific. Similar in shape to the Rocky Ford, but slightly flattened from stem to blossom end. The ribs are completely covered with a heavy, close netting, with a very narrow stripe between. Flesh, salmon colored, thick, fine grained and of delicious flavor. It is an ideal shipping melon and sure to become a favorite with all who prefer a salmon fleshed melon. Don't fail to give it a trial. The seed we offer is of our own growing from the originator's stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.

HALE'S BEST, NUMBER 112

A far more uniform strain than the original Hale's Best.

The Hale's Best cantaloupe made a spectacular advent upon the cantaloupe markets of 1924, and for a whole decade it has held an important position among the earlier varieties. We look on this as an outstanding shipping cantaloupe. The fruits are oval, averaging 6½ inches in length and 5 inches in diameter. Its golden flesh is thick, firm and of fine quality. One of the marked features of Hale's Best is that it maintains its fine quality after it is over-ripe, and does not deteriorate in flavor, as do so many cantaloupes when over-ripe. Hale's best also has some disease-resistant qualities. This strain No. 112 is a distinct improvement over the original stock of Hale's in uniformity and size, and is recommended as a main-crop melon.

Price, postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., or over, 90c per lb.

EBBERT SEED CO.'S EARLY WATERS

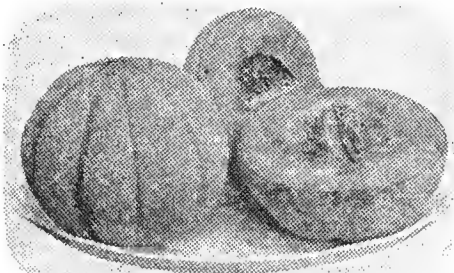
(Also Known as Imperial Gem and Hybrid No. 2)
(The Earliest of the Rocky Ford Cantaloupes)

It is very prolific, and usually the first setting of the fruit is very heavy, often 12 to 15 marketable melons to the hill mostly ripening about the same time, the bulk of the crop being marketed in about two weeks. In shape and earliness it somewhat resembles the "Original Rocky Ford," but is much inclined to run to the solid net. The melons are well netted and of uniform size. The flesh is light green and of the best quality. The seed cavity is somewhat larger than in the improved solid net types, therefore is not as good a long distance shipper, but for home use and nearby markets it is one of the best. We cannot recommend it for sections of the country where rainfall is excessive, as the vines are inclined to rust or blight, but where early melons are an object, and in the Southwest, where melons are grown entirely by irrigation with practically no rainfall, it is the most valuable of the Rocky Ford strains. Select stock, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 10 lbs. and up, \$1.00 per lb.

GREELEY WONDER MUSKMELON

A salmon flesh melon of excellent eating qualities. There is a total absence of the coarse, stringy flesh that is usual in large melons. It originated in northern Colorado and quickly became a favorite wherever grown in the home garden; medium early, being ready for market in about 90 days; average weight about 4 pounds. Of excellent quality and will well repay for planting in the garden for home and nearby market use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$1.75.

NOTICE—Owing to the great shortage in many varieties of vegetable seeds the prices quoted in this catalog will hold only so long as our present stock lasts. (This applies only to the varieties on which there is a great shortage.) Should our present stock on the short varieties be sold out on receipt of your order, the prevailing market price will then apply, or we reserve the right to return the money on items that we cannot supply at catalog prices.



Greeley Wonder Muskmelon

THE PERFECTED PERFECTO CANTALOUPE

We consider the table qualities of this large orange fleshed melon equal to any other variety on the market; deliciously sweet, deep flesh with very small seed cavity, round in shape, covered with a deep silvery netting; good shipper and attractive appearance when displayed on the market. Our seed of the best selection. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; ½ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.00. Special prices on larger quantities.

NEW INTRODUCTIONS IN ROCKY FORD MELONS

HONEY ROCK—Early; salmon fleshed; spicy flavor; good shipper

HONEY-MEL—Very early, green flesh, fine flavor, excellent appearance. The merits of above varieties have been fully demonstrated and are all worthy of trial. We urge every grower to try these new melons, if only a few hills for their own use. We offer a very select strain of seed this season at the following prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.



Choice Watermelon seed is one of our specialties. We handle nothing but the best. All our stock is strictly fresh. The varieties that we do not produce are grown for us under contract by one of the best-known seed "specialists" in the South. We list as specialties two of the best watermelons ever produced. For general list of watermelons see pages 15 and 16. Remember that our prices include delivery charges.

EBBERT SEED COMPANY'S RED HEART TOM WATSON WATERMELONS

Cuts Red

A new watermelon, combining the eating qualities of the "Kleckley" and the shipping qualities of the "Alabama Sweet."



Tom Watson

Wherever introduced, and particularly in the melon growing districts of Texas and Indiana, it takes the lead over all other varieties. The fruit is very large, many melons weighing 50 to 60 pounds and measuring 18 to 24 inches in length. The skin is a dark mottled green; the flesh is an intense bright red, solid and tender; the heart is very large, with a very small seed area. The rind is very thin, but exceedingly tough, which accounts for its excellent shipping qualities. The flavor is second to none. Our stock of seed is of our own growing and is of the finest possible selection. This season we have a good supply, but yet do not expect to be able to supply the rapidly increasing demand. Place your order early. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 to 10 lbs., 90c per lb.; 10 lbs., or more, 85c per lb.

EBBERT SEED COMPANY'S IMPROVED KLECKLEY'S SWEETS

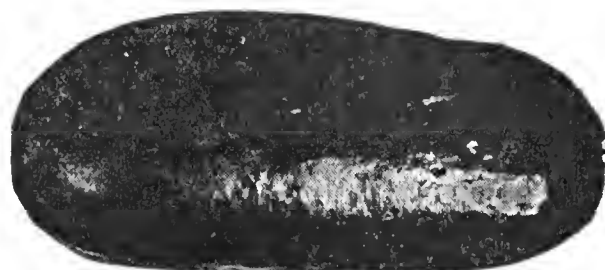
The "Sweetest of All" Watermelons, the Best Home and Nearby Market Melon Yet Introduced.

This splendid variety is the finest flavored melon introduced in recent years. As a melon for the home garden and local market it is unexcelled. As originally introduced, the rind was too thin and tender to admit shipping, but by careful selection this defect has been largely overcome, and at the present time is the favorite shipping melon with our Colorado growers, and rapidly growing in favor in other sections of the country.

In this new strain, now offered, there is developed a melon with a shell hard enough to carry to market, having been carefully selected for a series of years for this result. The rind is not thick, but the skin is so hard and tough that it resists the jolts and jars of travel to a remarkable degree.

The melon is large, averaging about 25 pounds in weight, oblong in form, with very dark green skin, flesh deep scarlet red, with solid heart, stringless, with few seeds set near the rind.

The flavor is unexcelled. Don't fail to plant this splendid melon for home use or nearby markets. Place your order early. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 to 10 lbs., 90c per lb.; 10 lbs., or more, 85c per lb.



Ebbert Seed Co.'s Improved Kleckley Sweets



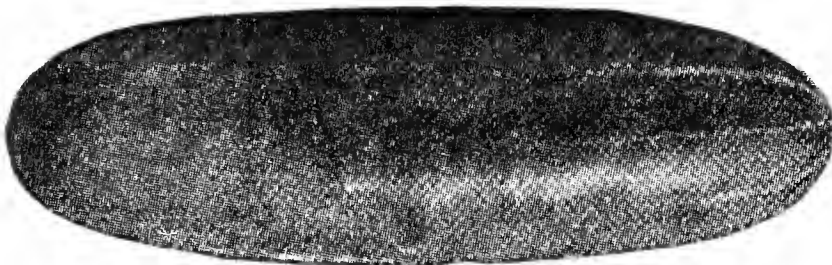
SUPERIOR CUCUMBER SEED

The Rocky Ford District is as well known for the production of high grade Cucumber seed as it is for the production of a superior grade of Cantaloupe seed. With irrigation, abundant sunshine and ideal weather for harvesting the seed crops, we produce seed of a superior quality, and of the highest germination. The leading seedsmen of the country now depend on this district for their supply. We supply seedsmen from California to Rhode Island.

We list herewith a few varieties of special merit. (For general list, see pages 17 and 18.)

ASSOCIATIONS and GROWERS USING LARGER QUANTITIES, WRITE FOR PRICES.

DAVIS' PERFECT CUCUMBER



Davis' Perfect

SEED SUPPLY VERY SHORT.

This valuable Cucumber is becoming a general favorite in the large growing districts.

This ideal Cucumber is equally good for growing under glass or outdoor culture. When grown out of doors it resembles the hothouse product so closely that dealers will pay the same high prices for it as for the hothouse grown.

The color is a dark glossy green; shape slender and symmetrical, average length 10 to 12 inches. Contains but few seeds and is ideal for slicing. The vines are extremely vigorous and productive and resist blight better than other long sorts. A great favorite in Florida and other sections of the South for shipping to northern markets. For market gardeners it is the most profitable variety known today. We offer extra select seed of our own growing. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$1.75.

EBBERT KLONDIKE

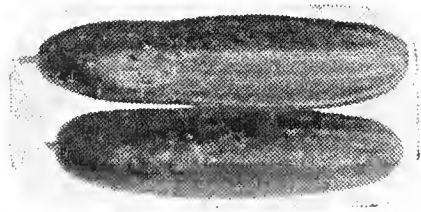
(A Rocky Ford Production)

This splendid shipping Cucumber is our improved strain of the White Spine type. Early and prolific, continuing to bear throughout the season. Uniform in size, average length 7 to 8 inches; color very dark green, with pale green stripes extending from the blossom end. The fruit firm and hard; keeps in prime condition and retains its dark green color for a long time after picking.

One of the best shipping varieties and a leader in many sections of the country. Seed is of our own growing and of the finest possible selection. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN

Best and most popular variety for general use. Is vigorous and productive and forms fruit fit for use almost as early as the shorter varieties. Grows from 12 to 16 inches or more in length, skin deep green, flesh solid, crisp and of fine quality. Excellent for pickles; also the mature fruits are sometimes used for making sweet pickles. Our strain of this valuable sort is unsurpassed, being carefully selected from the best fruits. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

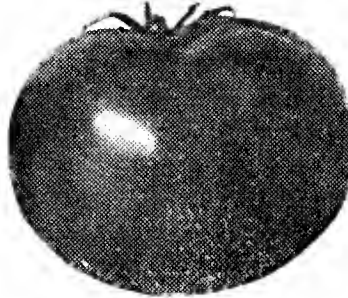


Improved Long Green

NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES

You will find under this heading new varieties worthy of trial, and others of such value as to warrant our giving them special mention. There are varieties which, while not new in the strictest sense of the word, are of recent introduction and demand special notice as being superior to ordinary types, and these we hope our customers will try along with some of the novelties. They are money makers for those who grow for the market, besides being the most valuable for the home gardens.

EBBERT SEED COMPANY'S NEW EARLIBELL TOMATO



Earlibell

The Earlibell is earlier than any other sort without exception. In a comparative test with Earliana, seeds sown at same time and plants set out at same time, the Earlibell gave ripe fruit five days sooner. Earlibell is surprisingly productive.

The vines are vigorous and very hardy, with medium heavy foliage, setting fruits close to the main stem and bearing continuously until frost.

Its color is a beautiful deep glossy scarlet, which makes the fruit very attractive when exposed for sale.

Its flavor is all that can be desired.

making it a splendid sort for slicing or for eating. The fruits ripen uniformly all over, the stem end coloring up perfectly. It cannot fail to give entire satisfaction and more profit than any other. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

FROST PROOF BEAN

So called because of its ability to withstand killing frosts in the early spring. It may be planted soon as the ground is free enough of frost to be tilled and is not affected by frosts which may occur later; they are principally used for green beans, the pods are entirely stringless and must be cooked while quite young. They are very prolific and continue to bear throughout the spring and summer and are especially adapted to northern planting. Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c, postpaid.

WINTER WATERMELON-KING and QUEEN

Sometimes called Winter Queen or Black Seeded Ice Cream.

This melon is rapidly coming into favor because of its many good qualities. It is of citron-like appearance, very light in color with a slightly darker stripe, size about 10 inches in diameter, averages about 20 lbs.; seed small, shiny black, flesh pink, solid and stringless. The flavor, sweet and surprisingly delicious; is entirely distinct from a watermelon. Like the Cassaba, it should not be eaten right off the vine but should be allowed time to become mellow; can be kept in perfect condition until holiday time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

KLONDIKE WATERMELON

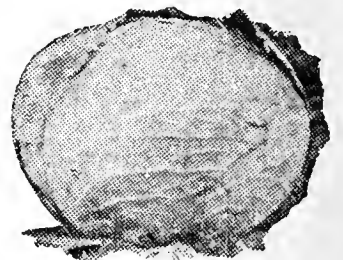
A melon of good size and shape with dark green skin. Fruits show a suggestion of ribbing but are smooth. The flesh is highly colored and of fine quality and flavor. The seeds are small, smooth and black. This melon has become very popular on the Pacific Coast on account of the attractive, bright red interior color, combined with high quality, and the thin but tough rind which stands shipping well. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

MARGLOBE TOMATO

This new main crop tomato is a pure scarlet, globe-shaped variety of extra large size and of great merit. The plants are vigorous and very productive. The flavor a medium between the acid and non acid sorts. The shape and size of the fruits make a very desirable salad or slicing tomato, and the color and quality make a very good canner. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

CABBAGE, "GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN"

It has met with exceptional popularity on account of its earliness, sure headedness and fine keeping quality. Is good flavored and keeps in fine condition a long time. It is very dwarf and compact, allowing of close planting. Heads fine, ball-shaped, and with few outside leaves. Size ideal for marketing. Once known, it will hold its own with the market gardeners and home growers alike. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c; ½ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$2.50.



Glory of Enkhizen

SWEET SALAD PEPPER (Pimento)

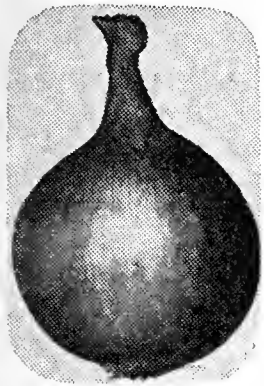
Quality very sweet and delicious and entirely free from pungency. Color when ripe a beautiful scarlet red. Very productive, yielding heavy crops until cut off by frosts. Largely grown by canners for pimentos, pickles and pulp. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$3.75.

ONIONS

SWEET SPANISH or IMPROVED VALENCIA

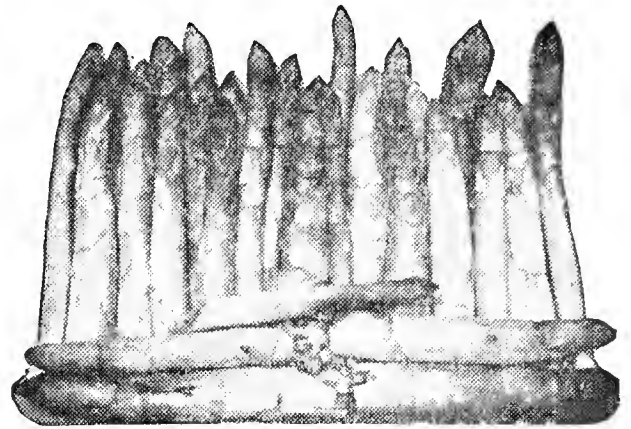
(Riverside Strain)

Seed very scarce.



Sweet Spanish

This is a large globe shaped brownish-yellow onion, weighing from 1 to 2 lbs. The flesh is white, of fine texture, mild and sweet but retains the onion flavor. It is a good keeper and a splendid shipper. Has been known to yield 1200 bushels per acre. It withstands many adverse weather conditions and will net the grower several thousand dollars per acre. About 2 pounds of seed are planted to the acre. The seed we offer is the best known California strain. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; 1/2 lb., \$2.25; lb., \$4.00; 5 to 10 lbs., \$3.75 per lb.



Mary Washington

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Roots of above varieties, 35c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100, by express, not prepaid.

Prices for larger quantities on application.

EBBERT SEED COMPANY'S SEED COLLECTION FOR SMALL GARDENS

These collections are already put up so we cannot change the varieties.

ONE LARGE PACKET OF EACH, POSTPAID, 50c.

Ebbert's Twenty Day Radish.	Earliest of All Cucumber.
White Icicle Radish.	Dwarf Telephone Peas.
Prize Head Lettuce.	Purple Top Strap Leaf Turnip.
Crimson Globe Beet.	Bloodsail Spinach.
Danvers' Half Long Carrot.	Stringless Green Pod Beans.
Golden Bantam Sweet Corn.	Copenhagen Market Cabbage.

The above includes the best varieties of their kind and represent real value for the small garden.

EBBERT'S VEGETABLE SEEDS

With general directions for cultivation. We prepay postage on Beans, Peas, Corn and Onion Sets in pound lots. On other vegetables or flower seeds we pay postage, except where otherwise noted.



ASPARAGUS

A bed of Asparagus furnishes the first green delicacy of the early spring and calls for little care to make it a success.

Culture—As early in the spring as the weather permits, spade the ground deeply, working in plenty of well rotted manure or fertilizer. Place the rows 3 feet apart and get the roots 1 foot apart in the row, which should be 4 to 6 inches deep. Cover the crowns of the plants with rich soil, and as they grow, give frequent cultivation.

Asparagus seed may be sown directly in permanent beds and the plants thinned out as they grow. Sow thinly, about 2 inches deep. Thin out the seedlings to 6 inches apart and take out every other one the following year, so as to get them a foot apart. Fair crops may be expected the third year from seed, but for the home garden we advise that well grown, two-year-old roots be planted.

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill and produce about 300 plants.

Palmetto—The most popular variety for the home garden or market. The best known green variety. Equally adapted for North or South. Early, large, productive and of excellent quality. Shoots are light green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c.

Mary Washington—The Department of Agriculture has developed two strains of Washington Asparagus: That is, Martha Washington and Mary Washington, but the latter has proven to be the most highly rust resistant, and most hardy and productive of the two. The shoots are long, straight, thick and heavy. The color is dark green the entire length of the shoots, except tinted darker at the tips. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; lb., \$1.10, postpaid.

Columbia Mammoth White—A new variety with white shoots, stays white without earthing up or blanching. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c.

Conover's Colossal—A mammoth variety of vigorous growth, sending up from 15 to 20 sprouts each year from 1 to 2 inches in diameter. Color, deep green and crown very close. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

ARTICHOKE

The Globe Artichoke is cultivated for its flower heads, which are used in an undeveloped state, cooked like asparagus.

Culture—Sow in April in rich soil, and transplant the following spring to permanent beds (in rows or hills) 3 feet apart and 2 feet between the plants. Green Artichoke gives a partial crop the first season if plants are started in hotbeds in February and March, but the beds will remain in bearing for years. Protect in winter by covering of leaves or coarse manure.



Large Green Globe

Large Green Globe—Produces large globular heads; scales green shading to purple; best for general use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

Jerusalem Artichoke—Sometimes used as a table vegetable when pickled, but their greatest value is for feeding stock. Yields 500 bushels per acre. Plant three bushels per acre in rows 3 feet apart. Cultivate same as Irish potatoes. Greatest hog feed ever known. Tubers, lb., 25c; 3 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

BEANS DWARF OR BUSH

Weight of Beans, 60 lbs. per bushel. Write for prices on larger quantities. We pay postage on one pound lots or better.

Culture—Beans do best on light, warm soil. They do not require heavy manuring. For earliest crop they should be planted after all danger of freezing is past. For succession they should be planted every two weeks. Plant 2 or 3 inches apart in rows or 2 1/2 feet apart. Cover with 2 inches of soil. Do not cultivate when wet from dew or rain.

Up to the time of blossoming they should have frequent shallow cultivation, but any mutilation of the roots by cultivation after the plants come into bloom is likely to cause the blossoms to blast and so cut off the crop. Beans are very sensitive to cold and wet before they have sprouted.

BEANS—GREEN PODDED VARIETIES

Full Measure—A fine stringless, early variety, of good quality, straight pods about 6 inches in length, fleshy, round, crease-backed, fine grained and of good flavor; bears about the same time as Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. An excellent home garden variety. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 lb., 25c; lb., 45c, postpaid.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod Bush (Colorado grown)—The earliest green podded Beans. Has absolutely stringless pods. Of the most superior quality, surpassing all other early Bush Beans, both wax and green podded, in this respect. We advise gardeners to try this bean. It will be found profitable. Everyone who wants a fine flavored, tender snap Bean for home use should plant this variety. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c, postpaid.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN PODS

Resembles the Improved Valentine in many ways, but the pods are very much larger, and, as a rule, are entirely free from strings and about a week earlier than the Improved Valentine. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 35c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 60c.

BOUNTIFUL

This flat, green-podded bush bean is in great demand today. The plant is vigorous, very productive and resistant to rust and other diseases. The immense pods are of rich green color, six to seven inches long, thick, broad, uniform in shape, solid, stringless, but slightly fibrous, and make excellent snap beans. They are also very palatable when used for green shell beans, and is a most desirable sort for home and market gardener. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 lb., 10c; 1/2 lb., 20c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

BEANS—Continued

DWARF or BUSH—WAX-PODDED VARIETIES

Wardwell's Kidney Wax—This is one of the best known Wax Beans, and is a favorite everywhere, especially with market gardeners. It is one of the earliest and most productive of beans. The pods are long, very tender, stringless and of most excellent quality. It matures about the same time as the Golden Wax. The dry beans are large, kidney shaped, white with dark markings about the eye. A splendid variety for southern planting for northern markets. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Pencil Pod Wax—This is the best Black Wax Bean in cultivation. The pods are long, thick and meaty, and deeply saddle-backed, and entirely stringless. The plant is strictly a bush, growing about 15 inches high. Seed black. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Currie Rust-Proof—An extremely early Black Wax Bean. The very best Wax Bean for market and shipping. Pods straight, rather flat, 5 inches in length and of a light golden yellow. Very productive. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Improved Golden Wax—The pods are large, long, brittle and entirely stringless, and of a beautiful rich golden wax color. As a Snap Bean it excels every other variety in tenderness and rich, buttery flavor, while as a Shell Bean for winter use it has few or no superiors. It is very prolific of dwarf compact growth. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.



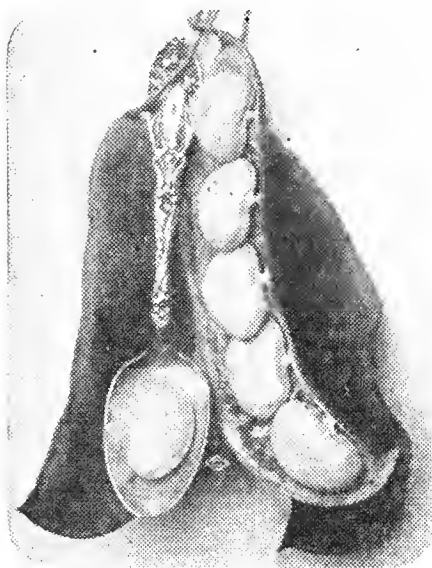
Davis' White Wax

DAVIS' KIDNEY WHITE WAX

The most productive Wax Bean in cultivation. The vine is rustless and very vigorous, bearing its pods near the center in clusters. The pods are invariably long, white, straight and handsome, and when young are brittle, crisp and tender. Seed kidney shaped, clear white and excellent for baking. One of the best for shipping as snap beans and of the greatest value as a market variety. The length, uniformity, perfect shape and fine color of the pods and the clear white seed make this one of the best for canners. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Early Golden Cluster Wax—Begins to bear early in July and continues until frost. Pods are 6 to 8 inches long, borne in clusters of 3 to 6, and a beautiful golden yellow color, and the flavor is most delicious. Used shelled or as a string bean. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15 oz., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

BEANS—BUSH LIMA VARIETIES



Henderson's Bush Lima

Note—Do not plant Lima Beans when the soil is cold and wet, or the seed will rot. The soil must be warm and not too wet. Bear this in mind and there will be no failure with this crop.

Henderson's Bush Lima—The earliest Lima Bean. Is not so large as the Burpee, but much earlier. They are very productive and grow in compact form without poles or stakes, and produce large crops of delicious beans which are easily gathered. What they lack in size they make up in earliness, hardness and continuous productiveness. They are 10 days ahead of any other Lima Bean. Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c, postpaid.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA

Earliest, largest and the best of all large Limas. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods that are truly enormous in size. The luscious, green beans are larger than any Limas ever known before. It is fully 8 to 10 days earlier than any other large Limas; will outyield Burpee's Bush Lima by fully one-third, as the pods are very much larger, while the beans, either green or dry, are nearly twice as thick. Postpaid: Pkt., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA

Grows stiffly erect, and keeps its bean pods off the ground. Plants are about thirty inches high and bear an immense crop of very large pods. Pods are medium green, smooth surface, about five inches long, and are borne in clusters of five to eight. The beans are delicious and from eight to ten days earlier than other bush limas. Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., 50c, postpaid.

BEANS—LIMA

King of the Garden Lima—One of the most popular Pole Beans ever known. They are vigorous growers, setting the beans early at the bottom of the pole, producing continuously to the end of the season. They are more prolific than the ordinary Lima, bearing profusely in clusters of 4 to 6 with 5 or 6 beans in pod. Pkt., 15c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c.

BEANS—MISCELLANEOUS DWARF or BUSH
THE WHITE EGG BEAN

This wonderful bean of recent introduction has proven a most excellent string and shell variety for both green and dry use. The bush or vine makes an enormous growth well filled during the season, with large fine beans of a very rich and delicious flavor. Beans are pure white, oval shaped and four to five times the size of the common navy beans, and yields about three times the amount of dry beans produced by the navies. This bean fills a distinct place in every garden, being quite different from any of the standard varieties. Pkt., 15c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c, postpaid.

Mexican Pinto or Chili Con Carne Bean—The popular variety in the West and Southwest, is used exclusively by the Mexicans in the making of chili con carne. Beans speckled and of medium size. The most profitable Field Bean grown in Colorado. Very prolific. Pkt., 5c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid.

NAVY BEANS

These well known white shell beans are the standard dry or shell beans for baked beans or bean soup. So well known they need not be described. Price—See below.

GREAT NORTHERN BEANS

Sometimes called White Wonder. Larger than the navy beans, very prolific, and the flavor exceptionally good. Grow a nice lot of this variety for your own use and you will always want to grow them. Price on the above two varieties of Shell Beans: Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$2.05, postpaid.

FROST PROOF BEANS—See Page 6.

BEANS—Pole or
Running Varieties

Cut Short or Corn Hill—This is an old and very popular variety for planting among the corn. In some sections it is used almost exclusively. The pods are short, round and very tender. Beans nearly oblong. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

NEW
POLE BEANS

Kentucky Wonder Pole

Burger's Stringless, or White Seeded Kentucky Wonder is decidedly earlier than Kentucky Wonder. Pods very uniform in size, very long, moderately curved, crease-backed, dark green in color, extremely brittle, of excellent quality and free from disease, entirely stringless at all stages of growth. Dry beans excellent for baking in the winter. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

White Creaseback—Large, long pods, growing in clusters of from 6 to 12, of a silvery green of the best quality as snaps. A good corn hill bean. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead—We can recommend this, one of the earliest and most satisfactory of all Green Podded Pole Beans, and unsurpassed for using in the green state. It is enormously productive; pods hanging in great clusters from top to bottom of the pole. While young the pods somewhat resemble the popular old Refugee. This is the best and most profitable bean for the market gardener. Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 65c.

Kentucky Wonder Wax (Pole)—The best wax podded pole bean. Vines are strong, producing pods 6 to 8 inches long, coming in very abundant clusters, pods very broad, thick and fleshy, of golden yellow to creamy white. Postpaid, Pkt., 5c; large size package, 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 30c.

TABLE VARIETIES

Beets



Hot sliced beets with butter are delicious

of seed for 100 feet of row and about 6 to 8 pounds to the acre. For a succession of young beets during the summer, plant every four weeks during spring months. Beets for winter storage should be sown in late summer.

CRIMSON GLOBE

It is just the Beet you want for the table. Beautiful form. Rich Red Flesh. Exceedingly Tender.

The very dark leaves are small and borne on slender stems which occupy but a small portion of the root; but it is the exquisite tenderness of the flesh and the complete absence of any stringy or woody character that so thoroughly distinguish this Beet. The interior color is very deep crimson throughout, but is ringed or zoned in a most beautiful manner, making it very attractive in appearance. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Early Blood Turnip—This is a carefully selected strain of this Blood Turnip Beet. It is very early, deep blood red and almost round. It is smooth and an excellent forcing variety. Good for main, spring or summer crop, and is a fine keeper. It cooks sweet and crisp and is an excellent beet in every respect. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Edmond's Blood Turnip—Handsome round shape, skin very deep, blood red color, flesh very dark and exceedingly sweet and tender. Very regular and of good size. Make excellent bunch beets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Crosby's Early Egyptian—One of the earliest and best on the market. It is more globular than the Early Egyptian. Especially good for market gardeners. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 90c.

Early Wonder Beet—This new beet is becoming very popular with market gardeners who grow for the early market, as Early Wonder is the earliest variety of beet. It is vermilion red; has small top; globe shaped and is a money maker. It is deserving of a trial in your garden this year. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.00.

Extra Early Egyptian—An extra early turnip-shaped variety; has small tops and grows quickly. The flesh is in alternate rings of white and red. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Detroit Dark Red—A choice strain of dark red turnip beet of globular to oval shape with smooth roots and small tops. Skin is blood red, zoned with light shades, tender and sweet. Fine for market and canning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

Eclipse—This is as early as the Egyptian, but is more desirable owing to its globe shape, smoothness and regularity. It has a small, firm top, is very sweet, fine and of dark red color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Long Blood Red—The old standard variety for table and cattle. It is the best drouth resister of all; color deep red, flesh very sweet. Grows entirely under the ground. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

SWISS CHARD, OR FOLIAGE BEET

This is a distinct vegetable from the common beet, much superior for greens, and is

Culture—Beets do best in rich, sandy loam, but may be grown in any good soil. The seed should be sown in the spring as soon as danger of frost is passed, in rows from 12 to 30 inches apart. As soon as the plants are well up they should be thinned to 4 or 5 inches in the row. The seed should be covered to the depth of about an inch. It takes about two ounces

ready for use much earlier. When mature, the plants form broad, flat and beautifully white and wax-like stems, which are very delicious when cooked as beets, as asparagus tips, or pickled. We recommend this beet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 90c.

SUGAR BEETS AND MANGEL WURZELS

Culture—Both Mangels and Sugar Beets require deep, well enriched soil. Sow in May or June in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart and 3 to 8 inches in the rows. Young plants may be transplanted to fill up vacancies. As soon as frost occurs dig the crop. Five to six pounds are required for an acre.

SUGAR BEETS

Klein Wanzleben—This is the variety so extensively planted for sugar factories. Rich in sugar, crisp and a heavy yielder. Grows from 10 to 15 inches in length and from 4 to 6 inches in diameter at base of leaves, tapering gradually under the surface of the ground. This beet does not grow above the surface. Yields all the way from 10 to 30 tons per acre and is very profitable for feeders of cattle, hogs or sheep. By parcel post, prepaid: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

Lane's Improved Imperial Sugar—Will yield almost as much as the mangels, and contains from 12 per cent to 15 per cent sugar. Roots long and smooth and very regular in size, tapering very evenly, and, as a rule, are free from fibrous roots. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

HALF SUGAR MANGEL

For Stock Feeding

Giant Feeding Sugar Beet or Half Sugar Mangel—Especially desirable for stock feeding, affording not only a very large crop much easier to harvest than other sorts but also having higher nutritive value, being especially rich in sugar. On account of growing partly out of the ground and the long ovoid shape the crop can be harvested and stored easily and at less expense than any other root crop. Prepaid parcel post: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

Improved Mammoth Long Red—Our stock is a great improvement on the old variety. Roots very large, uniformly straight and well formed; color deep red; roots solid; tops small. Will yield 50 tons per acre with ordinary cultivation. If you want a large crop of Mangels of good quality don't fail to try this sort. Should be grown in deep, loose soil. By parcel post, prepaid: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

Golden Tankard—The most satisfactory variety to plant for stock. Early, hardy and a heavy cropper. Flesh yellow; tops and neck very small; easily pulled; especially relished by sheep and cows. Prepaid: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

Danish Mangel "Sludstrup"—Sludstrup is a long, reddish yellow root, but not so long as the Mammoth Long Red. It grows more above the ground and is very easily harvested; the size like all other varieties, depends entirely upon circumstances. They frequently grow to a size weighing from 15 to 20 lbs. each. By parcel post, prepaid: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

BROCCOLI

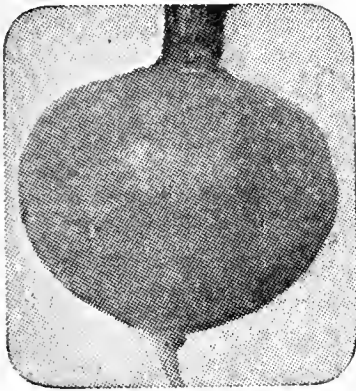
Should be treated the same as Cauliflower, which it resembles. In fact, it is practically a coarse Cauliflower; more divided in the head, grows larger and taller and is hardier and easier to grow. Plant and cultivate the same as Winter Cabbage or Kale.

Italian Green Sprouting—It is remarkably early and of great value for short season sections. Plant forms a large, solid head which remains green. When the central head is cut, numerous sprouts develop from the leaf axes, each sprout terminating in small green heads which are bunched for market. Elegant cauliflower flavor, tender and delicious. 70 days. Pkt., 12c; ¼ oz., 16c; ½ oz., 28c; oz., 49c; 2 oz., 91c; ¼ lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

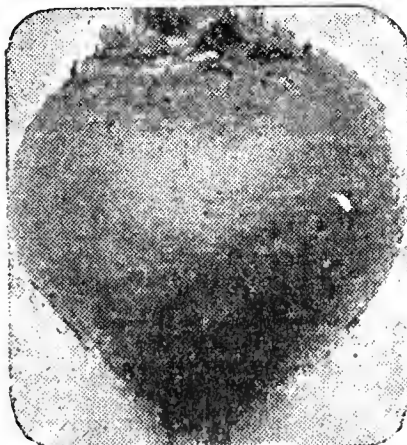
Early Large White—The best variety. Heads white and large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.



Improved Mammoth Long Red



Early Wonder Beet



Detroit Dark Red

CABBAGE

PURE SELECTED—HIGH GERMINATION

Cabbage is one of our Specialties—we sell only the Best of Seed.

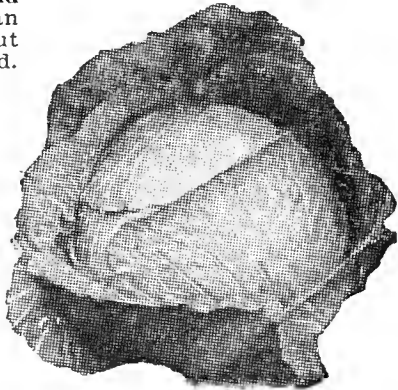
Culture—Cabbage requires a rich, moist heavy soil, and deep and frequent cultivation. For extra early use the seed may be sown in the fall during September, and young plants protected through the winter in cold frames, or sow the seed during January or February, very thinly and shallow in hotbeds. When the young plants have reached sufficient size, gradually harden them off by admitting air freely. Transplant to the open ground as soon as the ground works up well; prepare the soil to a good depth, making it loose and fine. Plant one by two feet and cultivate every two weeks. For late use sow the seed in the fine soil during May or June. Sow the seed very thinly and not over one-fourth inch deep. The plants become weak and slender when sown thickly. When large enough, set out 15 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart, and cultivate every week. Another easy method is to plant five or six seeds in a hill where they are to remain; after the plants have made three or four leaves pull out all but the strongest plant. When insects appear, dust with Slug Shot or similar preparation.



Golden Acre Cabbage—This excellent new variety is the earliest round headed Cabbage. It will mature at least seven days ahead of the earliest strains of Jersey Wakefield, considered the standard early of the country. The heads of Golden Acre Cabbage are perfectly round, firm, and of exceptionally fine texture, heavy mid-ribs being entirely absent. They average in weight about 4 pounds, and produce very few outer leaves, permitting close planting in the row. A valuable addition to the list of fine cabbages. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$3.75. For larger quantities write for prices.

Charleston or Large Wakefield—This is a few days later than the Early Jersey Wakefield, but makes a larger and firmer head. We strongly recommend it as the best main crop early cabbage grown for the home, garden and market. Our seed of this is grown from a special selected stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.

Early Winningstadt—A distinct second early sort and one of the best for general cultivation. Being very hardy, it is therefore less subject to wet or drouth, insects or disease. A sure-heading variety, giving entirely satisfactory crops. The heads are uniform in size, conical in shape and very solid. It is valuable for early use, and on account of its solidity and short, thick leaves, it makes also a good winter cabbage. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.



Allhead Early

COPENHAGEN MARKET CABBAGE

The best large round head early cabbage in cultivation. The heads are very solid, with small core and of the finest quality, all maturing at the same time.

The plants are short stemmed. The leaves are light green, saucer-shaped and tightly folded, which permits closer planting than is usual with varieties of similar size. This is the most valuable early cabbage for market gardeners yet introduced. Do not fail to include it with your order. Our seed is imported direct from the originator. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

Allhead Early—Deep flat heads. Very uniform in size and color. The earliest of all extra large cabbages. The leaves are compact, so will stand close planting. A good keeper, desirable for both early fall and winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

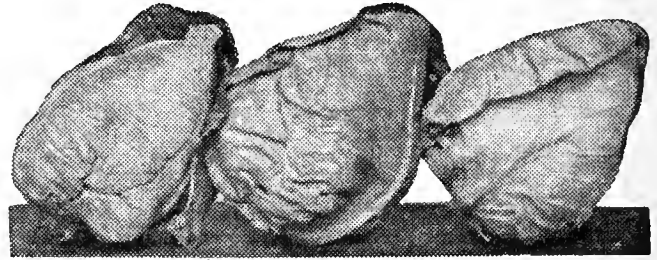
GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN

A very Valuable Early Sort—For full description and price, see Specialties, page 6.

SECOND EARLY OR SUMMER VARIETIES

All Season—Heads very large, round, solid, and of fine quality, keeping as well as the winter sorts. Plants very vigorous, but sure heading. Remarkable for its ability to stand the hot sun and the dry weather. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.

Early Dwarf Flat Dutch—A standard variety for planting in the South and a great favorite with Texas market gardeners. One of the best heat resisting kinds, reaching a perfect state of development in the hottest weather. The plant is short stemmed, upright, having comparatively few short leaves the rows can be set close together. Heads large, solid, crisp and tender, maturing with the early summer. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.

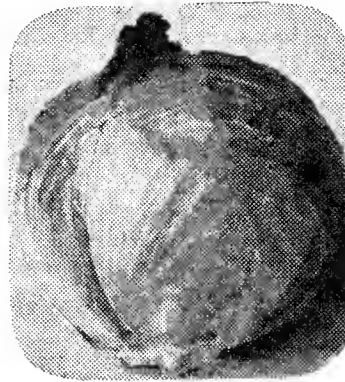


Early Winningstadt

LATE AND WINTER VARIETIES

Surehead—(Selected Stock)—The heads are large, round, very solid, tender and rich, with very few outer leaves, being nearly all solid, compact head; but the most wonderful feature of the Surehead Cabbage is its ability to withstand the drought. Flavor sweet, keeps well and is a good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.

Large Late Flat Dutch—An extra large late winter variety, which has no superior. Market gardeners plant largely of this variety and realize a good profit. On account of its extra large size it never fails to bring high prices in the market. It is of sure-heading stock, has short stem, and is a compact grower. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.



Hollander or Danish Ballhead

Danish Ballhead—Short stemmed. A strain selected from the famous Danish Ballhead Cabbage that has become one of the best and most popular sorts both for home and market growing. The heads are very large, round, and solid. The inside leaves are white, crisp and tender. On account of their solidity, cabbage of this variety will outweigh those of other varieties of the same size. It is short stemmed, strong and vigorous. Will keep and ship well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

Premium Late Flat Dutch—Heads large, bluish-green, round, solid, broad and flat on top, and often tinted with reddish-brown after being touched with frost; they open white and crisp, are tender and well flavored. One of the very best keepers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.

We never substitute unless requested to do so; if we are out of what you order we refund your money.

We can supply Cabbage Plants in Season.

Mammoth Red Rock—This is without question the finest, surest heading red cabbage ever offered to the people. Large size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 80c.



FINE DANISH GROWN STOCK

Culture—The culture of Cauliflower is much the same as that of cabbage. It does not make a good summer crop, however, as it will not head up well in hot weather. It is especially popular as a fall and winter crop, and with market gardeners proves a profitable crop, owing to the scarcity of good market vegetables when Cauliflower is at its best. It delights in a rich soil and abundance of water.

By sowing the early varieties in a hotbed in February, March, or later, in a cold frame, fine heads can be obtained quite early. For a later supply sow seed in a prepared bed in May, choosing a cool, moist place. When large enough, transplant, making the rows about 2½ feet apart and 18 inches between plants. Transplanting should be done in moist weather. In dry seasons the crop must be watered.

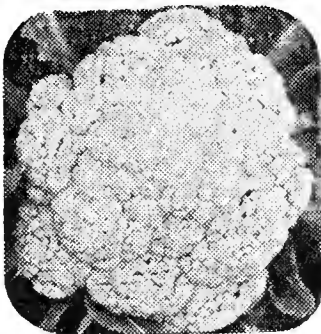
Ebbert Seed Co.'s Improved Early Snowball—Unquestionably the earliest maturing strain of the true short leaved Snowball type of Cauliflower. Successful gardeners, after trials extending over many years, have pronounced this by far the best



Cauliflower ever introduced. The outer leaves are short. Its compact habit of growth renders it a very profitable variety to force under glass, and it does well for late planting, as well as for early crops. It is a sure header. Our stock cannot be excelled in quality. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 30c; oz., \$2.00; 1/4 lb., \$6.50; 1/2 lb., \$12.00; lb., \$22.00.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt—This variety will stand the test with any other extra early sort. It is very dwarf in habit, producing pure white heads of great solidity and finest quality; quite desirable for forcing. Price, postpaid: Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 65c; 1 oz., \$1.75; 1/4 lb., \$6.50; 1 lb., \$22.50.

Dry Weather (Also Known as Danish Giant)—Especially adapted to resist drought. Reaches perfection when ordinary sorts fail. This new strain originated in Denmark, but has been fully tested in America, producing large, solid, pure white head, maturing a little later than Early Snowball. It is in all respects a first-class Cauliflower, and is especially adapted to dry situations and to resisting droughts. Like all other Cauliflowers, it requires manure and culture; but it will succeed with less rainfall than any other variety. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 30c; oz., \$2.00.



Early Snowball Cauliflower

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

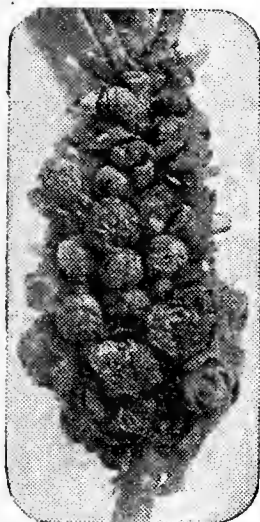
(Cultivate same as Cabbage.)

The plants are very hardy and grow from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing a large mass of leaves at the top. The sides of the main stem are covered with three or four dozen small cabbage heads, which are broken off and cooked the same as cabbage.

Improved Half Dwarf—The standard variety, grows 2 or 3 feet high and the stem is well covered with small, firm, round sprouts. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb 90c; lb., \$3.00.

We never substitute unless requested to do so; if we are out of what you order we refund your money.

We can supply Cabbage Plants in season.



Brussels Sprouts



Golden Self Blanching

Celery

Culture—Celery seed is slow to germinate—Sow thinly and cover lightly, and keep constantly moist. Sow the seeds early in a hotbed or cold frame. As soon as the plants are 3 inches high, transplant in a prepared border, setting them 4 inches apart. When grown 6 inches, and fine, stock plants, set in richly manured, deep soil, in rows 3 1/2 feet apart and about 9 inches from plant to plant. Water, if dry weather follows transplanting. During the next two months all the attention that is required is to keep down the weeds. Afterwards, earth up a little, and continue doing so at intervals until only the tops of the leaves are visible in the autumn. Never hoe up the earth when plants are wet.

Golden Self Blanching—This is the standard celery for early use. Critical gardeners generally depend upon our stock to produce their finest early celery. It is excellent for the home garden. The plants are of medium size, compact and stocky, with yellowish green foliage. As they mature the inner stems and leaves turn beautiful golden yellow so that blanching is effected at a minimum expenditure of time and labor. Its handsome color, crispness, tenderness, freedom from stringiness, and fine nutty flavor have established it as a superior first early sort. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 65c; 2 oz., \$1.15; 1/4 lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.50.

White Plume—Has been much in demand as a market sort on account of its very attractive appearance and requiring a very short time for blanching. It is suitable also for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$5.50.

Giant Pascal—This is a green leaved variety developed from the Golden Yellow Self Blanching and is an excellent sort for fall and winter use. It blanches to a beautiful yellowish-white color, is very solid and crisp, and of a fine nutty flavor. Especially recommended for the South, where it is prized more than any other kind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00.

Celeriac, or Turnip-Rooted Celery—Produces large turnip-like roots, which keep real well for winter use; It is highly esteemed either cooked for flavoring soup or sliced and used as a salad.

Large Smooth Prague—This is unquestionably the largest and best Celeriac in existence. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 80c.

Carrots

Very Short Seed Crop This Year.

Culture—Carrots grow best in rich, deep, sandy loam, well pulverized and deeply cultivated. For early crop sow as soon as the ground can be worked, and for later crops, from the beginning to the end of May, in rows 15 inches apart and one-half inch deep. Thin out the young plants to 5 inches and keep the surface open by frequent use of the hoe.

French Coreless—This is a half-long, cylindrical Carrot, blunt pointed with small tap-root and small top. They run uniform in size and shape, 6 to 7 inches long by 1 1/2 inches through, clear skinned, easily pulled, and keeps well. The flesh is fine in texture, sweet and mild flavored, entirely devoid of stringiness, coarseness or wood-heart or core. Color of flesh is rich red-orange. Excels other half-long Carrots in earliness without being inferior in productiveness. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Chantenay or Model—One of the best early Carrots in cultivation. In shape it is midway between the Half-Long Nantes and the Guerande or Oxheart varieties, nearly equaling the former in length and having the broad shoulder and tapering root of the latter. Its color is orange-red; the flesh crisp and tender. Very early and a heavy cropper. A carrot which market gardeners should plant for their main early crop. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 90c.



CHANTENAY

Danvers Half-Long—The best variety for general purposes and the most largely used, not only for stock raising, but for table use as well. The perfect type is about 8 inches long and about 2 1/2 inches wide at the shoulder, tapering to a sort of half point at the bottom. Color is a bright orange-scarlet. It is a very heavy cropper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

Early Scarlet Horn—The roots grow 3 to 4 inches long and are decidedly stumpy-rooted. They are fine-grained and of good flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Nantes Half-Long, Early—The sweetest of all Carrots, is of good shape and size. The leaves are fine, the roots are almost cylindrical, very smooth and grow about 6 inches long; the flesh is entirely red, very sweet and almost entirely without a core. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.50.

Oxheart, or Guerande—Beautiful shape and color. The roots generally attain 4 or 5 inches in diameter. Quality first-rate, very tender, with almost an entire absence of core. This is the market gardener's favorite. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.35.



Danvers' Half Long

IMPERATOR

A variety of very recent introduction and which has quickly become popular in certain localities for shipping to distant markets. Roots are 10 inches long and 2 to 2 1/2 inches wide at shoulder and inclined to be of a symmetrical cylinder shape. Roots gradually come to a short point and are of a deep orange color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

EBBERT SEED COMPANY'S COLLECTION FOR SMALL GARDENS

These collections are already put up so we cannot change the varieties.

ONE LARGE PACKET OF EACH, POSTPAID, 50c.

Ebbert's Twenty-Day Radish.	Earliest of All Cucumber.
White Icicle Radish.	Dwarf Telephone Peas.
Prize Head Lettuce.	Purple Top Strap Leaf Turnip.
Crimson Globe Beet.	Bloodsdaile Spinach.
Danver's Half-Long Carrot.	Stringless Green Pod Beans.
Golden Bantam Sweet Corn.	Copenhagen Market Cabbage.

The above includes the best varieties of their kind and represent real value for the small garden.

Sweet Corn

Even a small garden has room for a row or two of Sweet Corn. If you have room for only a few rows be sure that you try Golden Bantam for early and Country Gentleman for late. These two are wonderfully delicious.

Culture—The Sweet or Sugar Corn varieties, being liable to rot in cold or wet ground, should not be planted until May, or when the soil has become warm and dry. For a full supply for the table during the entire season, plant every ten days or two weeks until the last week in July, in hills 2x3 feet apart for the early kinds, 3x3 feet for the large late sorts. Some plant in rows 3½ feet apart and 8 inches apart in the rows.

Golden Sunshine—The earliest of the Golden Bantam type, maturing a week to 10 days earlier than that variety. More dwarf in habit than Bantam, with ears 6½ inches long, containing 12 rows of broad, yellow, sweet grains. Especially desirable for its extreme earliness. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c, postpaid.

NEW GOLDEN BANTAM

The Earliest of All Sweet Corns.

This new Sweet Corn is described as the tenderest, sweetest and best evergreen Sweet Corn in existence. It produces strong, sturdy stalks, growing about 4 feet high. Each stalk produces from four to five ears 5 to 6 inches long, having eight rows of sweet kernels. On account of its firm texture it can be planted earlier than any other variety of Sweet Corn and is less apt to be bothered by worms. Don't fail to have some of this splendid corn in your garden next year. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c, postpaid.

Extra Early Adams—Very early and used extensively for a first early table corn in the South. The stalks are about 4 feet high, with small tassel, very few leaves, and without suckers. The ears are short, very full, 12 to 14 rowed, often nearly as thick as they are long and are well covered with coarse husks. The kernels are white and smooth. This is an extremely hardy variety, which can be grown closer together than most sorts. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid.

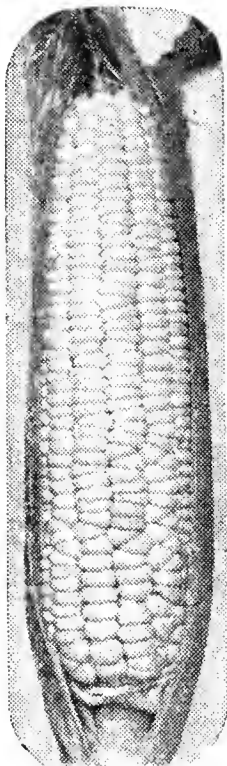
Golden Giant Sweet Corn—A cross between Golden Bantam and Howling Mob, and combining well the excellent qualities of both. It is ready for use a week later than Golden Bantam and produces ears 8 inches long, well set, with creamy delicious kernels; very productive. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 45c, postpaid.

Country Gentleman, or Shoe Peg—The plump pearly white kernels are of great depth, most delicious, and the flavor will delight an epicure. The cob is small, the ears are of good size and are generally produced two or three to the stalk. The grains are set on the cob in a zig-zag manner which makes it very difficult for worms to damage it to any extent. This corn is undoubtedly the very best of the medium late varieties and grown more extensively in Colorado and other parts of the country than any variety of Sweet Corn. We can furnish both Colorado grown and Eastern grown stock. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c, postpaid.

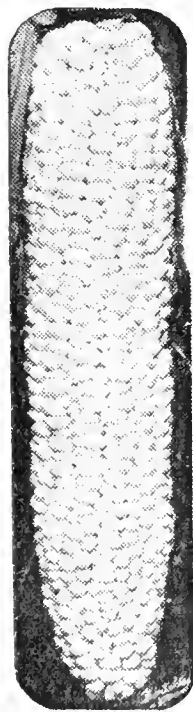
Stowell's Evergreen—This standard main crop variety exceeds all other late sorts in sweetness and productiveness. It is the popular Sweet Corn for canning, for marketing and home use. It has the advantage of remaining green and tender for a long time. The ears are very large; we have seen them 10 to 11 inches long. This will outsell the common varieties two to



Roasting Ears fresh from your own garden are twice as good as those that have been pulled a day or two.



New Golden Bantam



Country Gentleman

one. Besides it has the finest foliage for a fodder crop. We are sure our extra select Stowell's Evergreen will bring you good results. Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

White Australian—A white, deep meated table corn; very hard, will mature in 85 days, bears two or three fair sized ears to the stalk; tender and a good standby through the summer months and up to the time of the ripening of the Sweet Corns. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c, postpaid.

POP CORN

Japanese Hull-less—Is a dwarf growing, heavy yielding variety; the ears are very thick in proportion to their length. The kernels resemble the best White Rice and pop larger and without hull. The flavor is excellent. The markets call for this variety at much higher prices than the old varieties of Pop Corn. This is the best sort to plant. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c, postpaid.

Queen's Golden Pop Corn—This is the largest sort and produces abundantly. The grains are a rich golden color, and are creamy white when popped, and a single kernel will expand to nearly an inch. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c, postpaid.

White Rice Pop Corn—A well known variety. We offer a very fine strain which produces larger ears than usual and yields very heavy crops. The quality is excellent. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c, postpaid.

Spanish Gold Pop Corn—Sometimes called Dynamite or T. N. T. The large almost round yellow kernels pop out larger than any other pop corn so far produced. The popped corn is a rich creamy yellow and very fine flavored. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid.

CORN SALAD

This small salad is used during the winter and spring months as a substitute for lettuce, and is also cooked and used like spinach.

Green Etampes, Small Seeded—Sow thickly in drills, cover slightly first of autumn, and sprinkle with straw on the approach of severe weather. Height, 4 inches. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.75.

COLORADO GROWN CUCUMBERS

OUR SEED IN GROWN BY OURSELVES FROM OUR OWN THOROUGHbred STOCKS

The cucumber is one of the most popular of vegetables and with a little care can be grown to perfection in any part of the United States. Every family so situated should be supplied from its own garden, as the fruit is much better when gathered fresh from the vines than obtained from the market, which is usually in a more or less wilted condition. One of our leading specialties is the growing of cucumber seed. We plant several hundred acres of the leading standard varieties for seed purposes every season.

Culture—Cucumbers thrive best in a warm, moist, rich, sandy loam, manured, and should not be planted in open ground until the weather is settled and warm, as otherwise they will not thrive. Plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way, thinning to three or four of the strongest plants after danger from insects is past. For a very early crop, the seed may be planted in small berry boxes in the hotbed or the window in the house during the early spring and transplanted to the open ground when all danger of frost is past. When setting them out, the boxes can be easily cut away without disturbing the roots.

The young plants are liable to attack from the striped cucumber beetles which are numerous in some parts of the country. These insects may be kept off by frequent dusting with air-slacked lime, soot or sifted ashes mixed with dust; care should be taken not to use too much of the above materials, for if used too freely they will injure the vines. The Cucumbers should be gathered as soon as they reach a marketable size.

Boston Pickling (or Green Prolific)—A distinct variety. A favorite with pickle growers and commercial gardeners, and good for table use. Quite productive; fruit small, uniform in size. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Chicago, or Westerfield Pickling—Grown extensively for the large packing establishments. Fruit medium length, pointed at each end with large and prominent spines; color, a deep green. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.



Davis' Perfect



Evergreen

CUCUMBERS—Continued

Early Cluster—Fruits small and prickly, borne in clusters. Early and productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

Early Frame, or Short Green—An excellent sort, both for table and pickling. Fruit straight, handsome, smaller at each end, bright green, flesh tender and crisp, and makes fine pickles. Our stock is very superior. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

Everbearing—Claimed to even excel the Early Russian in its everbearing character, producing fruit in immense quantities, whether fruit is allowed to ripen on the vine or not. Fine for table or for pickles. Cucumbers short and thick. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

Snow's Pickling—An early maturing, very small, dark green cucumber; symmetrical, square ended and very popular with growers wanting an ideal pickle. Ready for use in 50 days. Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.30.

Improved Long Green—See Specialties, page 6.

Gherkin—Burr, or West India Round Prickly Cucumber. Used for pickles only. Seeds require soaking before planting, as they sprout slowly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

CUCUMBERS—SLICING VARIETIES ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE

Vaughn's Improved—Medium size, very tender and early. Color a glossy green throughout their entire length, the shape very straight and symmetrical. As a home garden cucumber and for the southern trucker this is the ideal variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.30.

Early White Spine Improved—Special strain of the popular White Spine Cucumber, most desirable for its extreme earliness. Fruits are smooth, regular form, well colored, and of excellent flavor. Very popular in all sections of the country. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; lb., \$1.30.

STAYS GREEN

Earliest of the White Spine type; fruit 7 to 8 inches long, cylindrical in shape. Color a beautiful dark green from stem to blossom end. Vigorous grower, enormous yield. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$14.00, postpaid.

EXTRA LONG WHITE SPINE or EVERGREEN

Selected Stock—The standard and most popular of the long White Spine varieties. One of the best for the greenhouse, the hotbed or for outdoor use. Early, vigorous and prolific; more blight-proof than the ordinary long sorts. Fruits dark, shiny green. In shape, straight and smooth. Flesh crisp, tender and of superb flavor; for general market and home use without a superior. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., \$1.30.

Davis' Perfect—The famous new Cucumber which produces Cucumbers out of doors that are equal to hothouse products, and so brings extra prices. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.75.

CLARK'S SPECIAL CUCUMBER

This is a very popular variety in the South with growers who want a sort running 9 to 10 inches long as a slicer. The vines make a vigorous growth and set heavy crops of these fine dark green, uniformly shaped fruits. Clark's Special is about ten days later than Earliest of All, and may be considered a main crop sort. Market growers and associations will find our stock of the best obtainable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

EBBERT'S FAMOUS

The best Long Green Cucumber—of true White Spine type. Vines of vigorous growth, and produce enormous crops, fruits always straight and well formed, from 12 to 18 inches in length and extra solid. Color, very dark green (does not turn yellow). Flesh white, firm and crisp, and of delicious flavor. One of the very best market varieties. We strongly advise giving it a trial. Seed of our own growing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., \$1.50.

Japanese Climbing—A useful variety for growing on a trellis or wire. Long, of dark green color, white flesh, crisp and of good flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

New Early Fortune—Earliest and best dark green Cucumber of the White Spine type. Color dark green, a model in shape, and wonderfully productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Rocky Ford Klondike—See Specialties, page 6.

Serpent or Snake—A peculiar long Cucumber, usually much twisted. Pkt., 15c; oz., 25c.

The Lemon Cucumber—For pickling, either when green or ripe, they are unexcelled. Should be used for the table just as the fruits are turning yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c, postpaid.

EGG PLANT

Culture—Germinates slowly and should be started under glass with moderately high temperature, about March 1. When about an inch high transplant carefully to the garden or field, but not until all danger of frost is over, into warm, rich soil 2 to 3 feet apart each way. When about a foot high, draw the earth up to the stems.

New York Improved Spineless Large Purple—The leading variety known by market men everywhere; the plants are of low, stocky, branching habit and absolutely free from spines. A very early and continuous producer of handsome purple fruits of largest size and finest quality; the plants usually bear 8 to 10 immense fruits. The stock we offer is fine New Jersey grown. Pkt., 5c; oz., 60c; 2 oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00.

Black Beauty—A distinct new Egg Plant of most remarkable merit. The fruit is quite as large as Improved New York Purple, and from ten days to two weeks earlier than that variety. Very attractive in appearance, excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 75c; 2 oz., \$1.25; ¼ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.00.

CRESS

Culture—There are two species of Cress, as noted below. The first named should be sown in drills about 16 inches apart in rich ground, early in the spring. Several sowings should be made at intervals to secure a succession. Water Cress should be sowed along the banks of running water where there is good soil, and after the seed is up it needs no further cultivation, since the plants spread over the water and make a mass of fine edible leaves.

Fine Curled (Pepper Grass)—Leaves finely cut or curled like parsley. The leaves are pungent, and are used to mix with lettuce. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

True Water—Forms a plant, the leaves of which are used for salad or for garnishing. Thrives only where the roots and stems are submerged in water. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

GOURDS

We are always mindful of the fact that unless our seeds give you satisfaction we will lose you as a customer. We want to retain you and will do so if honorable methods and careful attention will accomplish it.

Japanese Nest Egg—These exactly resemble the egg of hens, making a capital nest egg, superior to glass, as they do not break. The plant is a rapid growing climber. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Sugar Trough—Very useful for baskets, dishes, buckets, etc. Have hard, thick shells, lasting for years, and capable of holding from two to ten gallons each. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Dipper—Named for its resemblance to a dipper. The capacity varies from a pint to a quart, with handles 6 to 12 inches long. They are convenient for dipping hot liquids, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Dishcloth or Luffin—A natural dishcloth and a most admirable one is furnished by the peculiar lining of this fruit, which is sponge-like, porous, elastic and durable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

Mixed Gourds—All kinds, including Nest Egg, Dishcloth, Dipper, Japanese, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c.

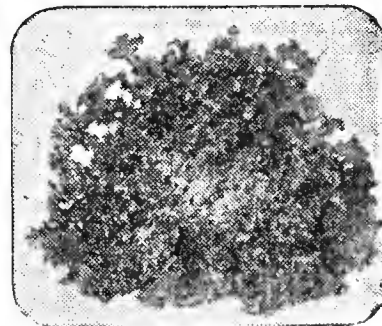
ENDIVE

An excellent autumn and winter salad. Sow seed late in the spring, or even as late as July, in shallow drills, 15 inches apart. To blanch, gather up the strong, thin out to about a foot apart. To blanch gather up the outer leaves over center of the plant, and tie them together at their tips.

Broad Leaved Batavian—Forms large heads of broad thick leaves which can be blanched as a salad or make excellent cooked greens, as well as being useful to flavor soup, stews, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c, postpaid.

Green Curled—Leaves finely cut or lacinated, giving the plant a rich, mossy appearance which is greatly enhanced when the centers are nicely blanched. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c, postpaid.

White Curled—A light yellowish-green variety. Does not need blanching. Finely cut and curled leaves almost white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40, postpaid.



Endive

HERBS

AROMATIC, MEDICINAL AND POT HERBS.

Anise—Used for garnishing, seasoning and cordials. Pkt., 5c.

Balm—Used for making Balm wine and tea. Pkt., 5c.

Basil, Sweet—The leaves are used for flavoring soups, stews, and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt., 5c.

Bene—The leaves immersed in a tumbler of water make a drink very beneficial in cases of dysentery. Pkt., 5c.

Bohenkraut—(See Summer Savory.)

Borage—Flowers excellent for bees. Leaves used in salads. The flower spikes can be used in cooling drinks. Pkt., 5c.

Caraway—Seeds are used for flavoring bread, pastry, meats, etc. Pkt., 5c.

Catnip or Catmint—Grown for bee pasture. The leaves and young shoots are used for seasoning. Pkt., 10c.

Coriander—The seeds are used for flavoring. Pkt., 5c.

HERBS—Continued

Dill—Leaves are used in pickles and for flavoring soups and sauces. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

Fennel—Leaves boiled are used in fish sauce and are beautiful for garnishing. Seeds are used for flavoring. Pkt., 5c.

Henbane—Growing plants are supposed to absorb malaria. Pkt., 5c.

Hop Seed—Pkt., 20c.

Horehound—Leaves are used for flavoring and also in the manufacture of cough remedies. Pkt., 5c.

Hyssop—Tops and flowers are used for Hyssop tea. Pkt., 5c.

Lavender—Leaves are sometimes used for seasoning, but the plant is chiefly grown for its flowers, which are used in the making of perfumes. Pkt., 5c.

Marjoram (Sweet)—Leaves and ends of shoots are used for flavoring; in summer they are also dried for winter use. Pkt., 5c.

Rosemary—Leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt., 5c.

Rue—For medical purposes; good for fowls for roup. Pkt., 5c.

Saffron—For coloring certain dishes; also flavoring. Pkt., 5c.

Sage—Leaves and tops used for seasoning. Pkt., 5c.

Summer Savory—Leaves and young shoots are used for flavoring, especially for boiled string beans. Pkt., 5c.

Tarragon—Leaves of this plant are used to make Tarragon vinegar. Pkt., 10c.

Thyme—Used for seasoning; a tea is also made for nervous headache. Pkt., 5c.

Wormwood—Beneficial for poultry; should be planted in poultry yard. Pkt., 5c.

KOHL RABI

Sown for general crop in the spring, like turnips, in drills; or may be transplanted like cabbage. For winter use, sow middle of June. Gather when small and tender, as later it becomes tough and stringy. The stem, just above the surface of the ground, swells into a bulb something like a turnip.

Earliest White Vienna—Greenish white outside, with clear white flesh within. Smooth, short leaf; good for forcing; fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Earliest Purple Vienna—Same in every respect as the earliest White Vienna, except in the outside color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

KALE OR BORECOLE

A species of cabbage, forming a mass of leaves some varieties being very beautiful and curly. Leaves are cooked as greens. Seed should be planted in September, and plants will be ready to use in winter. Hardy and will stand frost and snow.

Culture—Same as Cabbage.

Dwarf German, or German Greens (Dwarf Curled Scotch)—Leaves curly, bright green, very tender, and delicate in flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00.

Tall Green Curled Scotch—Makes a beautiful plant about 2½ feet high. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$2.75.

LEEK

Sow in drills 1 foot apart and ½ inch deep, in light, rich soil, liberally manured; thin the plants to 10 inches.

Large American Flag—Has become very popular with market gardeners on account of its being larger than the London Flag. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

Large Musselburg—Enormous size, leaves large and broad, mild, pleasant flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

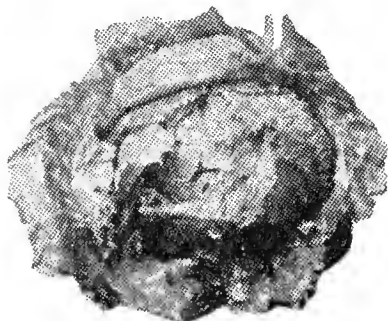
LETTUCE

In demand the whole year round. A money making crop for market gardeners.

Culture—There are two distinct classes of Lettuce. One forms heads like cabbage; the other merely produces loose leaves.

Probably no vegetable is more universally used than Lettuce, and to be fully appreciated it must be brought to the table fresh and unwilted. As it requires but little room and is of the easiest culture, there are but few families who cannot have it direct from the bed. The quality of Lettuce depends on the rapid and vigorous growth. Sow in hotbed in March and in open ground as early as can be worked, sow thinly in drills one foot apart. For a succession sow every three weeks during the season. The soil should be rich and mellow. Thin out plants as they grow so that the plants left to head will stand 10 to 12 inches apart in the rows.

Our Lettuce seed is grown for us under contract by one of California's largest growers.



New York or Wonderful

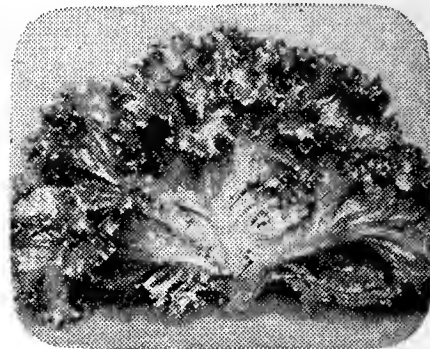
CURLLED OR LOOSE LEAF VARIETIES

Black-Seeded Simpson—The most popular sort of all the non-heading varieties. One of the best for use under glass, as well as for early outdoor planting. The leaves form large, loose heads; outer leaves a light, yellowish green, with inner leaves blanched almost white. Resists the heat and remains long in a good edible condition. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Early Curled Simpson (Silesia)—A leading early sort; does not head, but forms a compact mass of curly leaves of yellowish green. Matures early; generally grown in cold frames and as an early crop. Very tender and most crisp. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Grand Rapids Forcing—The well-known forcing variety for the Middle West. It grows very rapidly, forming large, loose, curled bunches. The color is a yellowish green. The leaves are crisp, tender and fine flavored. As an outdoor lettuce for cutting when a few inches high, we know of no better sort than the Grand Rapids. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.

Early Prize Head—This popular variety produces large, loose heads of finely crimped and fringed leaves, the outer portions of which are shaded with brown. Exceedingly crisp, sweet and tender. One of the best for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00.



Early Curled Simpson

CABBAGE OR HEADING VARIETIES

Big Boston—The most popular variety for the southern gardener who ships north. Also very valuable as first early in the North. Plants are large, vigorous; leaves are bright light green, very tender. Our strain is unsurpassed. This variety is identical in color, shape and general appearance with the famous Boston Market Lettuce, but is double the size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Boston Market (White Seeded Tennis Ball)—The well known and popular hothouse variety of New England. Light green Cabbage variety, slightly tinged with brown on the head. Forms a compact buttery head. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

California Cream Butter, or Royal Summer Cabbage—Also a popular variety with Southern shippers. A grand good Butter Lettuce. Heads very large, round and solid; outside green; within the leaves are a rich creamy yellow color; most delicious and buttery in taste. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

Denver Market—An early variety of head Lettuce, either for forcing or open ground; forms large, solid heads; light green color and is slow to go to seed; leaves are beautifully marked and blistered; crisp, tender and excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.10.

Improved Hanson—This standard variety is the most planted of all head Lettuce. It is a well known and well tried sort, and its merits have been proven on all markets. Deliciously sweet, crisp and tender and almost absolutely free from any rank or bitter taste. Resists the summer heat extremely well. It cannot be too highly praised. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

New York Special (Wonderful) Lettuce—Also called Los Angeles Market and Mountain Iceberg. (Very short crop.) A very hard heading and beautiful sort, excellent for summer use; inner leaves finely blanching, crisp and brittle, of sweet and refreshing flavor; the outer leaves are a deep rich green and slightly curled on the edges. The seed we offer was grown by experienced and responsible growers in California. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00; 5 lbs., or over, \$1.80 per lb, post-paid.

May King—A very early variety, forming fine hard heads within a few weeks after planting. It is medium sized, light green, with buttery but crisp heads. There is just a faint tint of brown on the head. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.50.

CANTALOUPE OR MUSKMELON

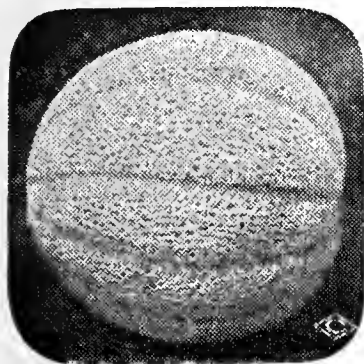
Extra Selected, Saved Only From Melons Grown Specially for Seed.

We strive to supply melon seeds of highest quality. We have them grown where they reach the highest point of perfection by the most reliable growers, and are in a position to offer strains far superior to the commercial grades, commonly sold by seedsmen.

Culture—Muskmelons and Cantaloupes thrive best in a rich, warm, well-drained sandy loam soil thoroughly prepared. Plant in hills about 6 feet apart each way, 10 to 12 seeds in a hill, about one inch in depth. When the plants are well up, after all danger from frost and insects is past, thin to one to two plants in a hill. Hoe often and give frequent shallow cultivation. If molested by the cucumber beetle, dust lightly with wood ashes or air slacked lime.

GREEN FLESHED VARIETIES

(For Rocky Ford Varieties see special pages.)



Extra Early Hackensack

Baltimore or Acme—A very productive melon; the favorite market variety. Oblong shape, twice as large as Rocky Ford, well netted and ribbed; flesh quite thick, light green in color, sweet and of fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Champion Market—Splendid variety of Netted Gem type, producing fruits nearly three times as large as the "Rocky Ford." Very regular in form, nearly round, averaging 8 inches in diameter, heavy, well netted ribs, thick, light green flesh, very thin rind, true Netted Gem flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., 15 oz., \$1.00.

Extra Early Hackensack—This is a selection of the popular Hackensack, ripening fully ten days earlier. Melons of good size, heavily ribbed and netted; thick, light green flesh of fine flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 15 oz., \$1.00.

Large Hackensack, or Turk's Cap—Popular with market gardeners near large cities. It is very hardy and productive, the fruits are of good size, round, heavily ribbed and netted. The meat is green, thick, firm and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.10.

Texas Cannon Ball—This favorite melon originated in Texas; it is perfectly round, heavily netted, green flesh, of exceedingly fine flavor, very small seed cavity. Its value for both home use and shipping has never been fully appreciated. Do not fail to give this variety a trial. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Extra Early Jenny Lind—One of the earliest melons in cultivation. Small, round fruits, flattened on both ends, deeply lobed and finely netted. The meat is green and luscious. Introduced many years ago and has always been a great favorite for family use. Is one of the most prolific Cantaloupes grown. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Montreal Market—Fruit of the largest size, often attaining a weight of 15 to 20 pounds. Shape nearly round, flattened at the ends, deeply ribbed; flesh remarkably thick, green, melting and of the finest flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; 15 oz., \$1.00.

Netted Nutmeg—A very early melon of small size, varying in shape from almost oval to a flattened globe. Skin green until over ripe, when it becomes yellow; flesh light green, very thick and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

SALMON FLESHED VARIETIES

Burrell Gem (Salmon Fleshed Rocky Ford)—Locally known as Burrell Gem, Osage Gem and Ordway Pink Meat. For description, see Specialties, page 2.

Burpee's Fordhook—It is about the same size as Improved Jenny Lind, very thick flesh, of the orange-yellow, very small seed cavity, comparatively few seeds, flesh very solid and of very high flavor, flesh staying solid and firm after melon has become quite yellow, making it an excellent long distance shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

Emerald Gem—Undoubtedly the finest in flavor and the earliest to ripen, and while too soft to stand shipping any great distance, is unequalled for home use or nearby markets. Vines of strong and vigorous growth; very prolific. Is rather small and flattened at both ends. Emerald green, smooth and free from netting, heavily ribbed, with narrow bands of lighter green between ribs. Flesh very thick, and rich salmon color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., 15 oz., \$1.00.

White Seeded Osage Muskmelon—This melon has thick salmon colored flesh through to rind. It is superior in flavor and much earlier than the other Osage melons which makes it desirable as a shipper. It is oval shape, medium long, rind is dark green, ribbed and shows good covering of coarse net. A very prolific yield and its uniform size is much appreciated by melon growers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$2.00.

Banana—A very remarkable variety, growing from 18 to 30 inches long, the skin is smooth and a light yellow. Flesh a salmon red. Sells well on account of its odd and peculiar shape. Very desirable for family use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., 15 oz., \$1.00.

Extra Early Osage—A favorite salmon fleshed variety. Large, oval, slightly ribbed and netted; skin very dark green, very thick and sweet flavored, most delicious to the rind. A favorite for market purposes and the home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Paul Rose or Petosky—A yellow fleshed sort, suitable size for a basket melon and of the finest quality. Fruit oval, about 5 inches in diameter and in general appearance much like the Netted Gem, but a little larger. Flesh orange colored and high flavored, very thick, firm and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Peach or Garden Lemon—For sweet pickles, preserving, etc., it is one of the finest articles to be obtained. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Tip Top—This very productive melon is of large size, nearly round, slightly ribbed and fairly well covered with shallow netting. The flesh is deep yellow in color and of excellent quality. An excellent market variety, and sells on slight. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.10.

Yellow Meated Japan—The vines are hardy, very prolific and produce very large fruits, nearly as early as the smaller varieties. The melons are nearly round, and deeply ribbed and covered with patches of netting. The skin is yellowish white when ripe. The crowning feature of this melon is found in the thick, melting, delicious, salmon colored flesh. It is much superior to any other variety, either green or yellow fleshed, and captures the trade wherever and whenever it is offered for sale. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., 15 oz., \$1.00.

CASABA OR WINTER MUSKMELON

(A late variety of Muskmelon which should be classed in a family by themselves.)

The Casaba was introduced in Southern California several years ago, and although favorably known there, is but little known in the country at large, and has but recently become a commercial commodity. Plant and cultivate the same as Watermelons and Cantaloupes; however, they should not be allowed to ripen on the vine, but should be picked about the time of the appearance of the first frost and carefully stored away or packed in straw in a barn, cellar or some cool place until they become slightly soft, when they are ready to eat. This is usually from four to eight weeks after they have been picked, but for shipping should be packed in crates with straw and shipped as soon as picked with instructions: "Not to be eaten until they become slightly soft."

We offer three of the best varieties of this late melon.

Improved Hybrid—This is the finest flavored and best of the Casaba family. The favorite home garden and local market variety. On account of its delicate makeup, it is not a good shipper. Color dark green, heavily ribbed and wrinkled. The flesh is from 2 to 3 inches in thickness, color creamy white and is melting and delicious. Every garden should contain a few hills of this excellent winter melon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., 15 oz., \$2.00.

Golden Beauty—Similar in all respects to the winter pineapple, except its golden color, which gives it a ready sale. One of the finest flavored Casabas, an excellent keeper and a favorite shipper. Try it. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., 15 oz., \$2.00.

Winter Pineapple—This is the green melon used extensively for shipping east for the holiday and winter trade. Melons do not mature on the vines and the flavor is greatly improved by being stored in a cool place. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.50.

At prices quoted in this Catalog, we prepay the Postage or Express charges, unless otherwise noted.

Write for special prices on large quantities.

WATERMELONS

The Best New and Standard Varieties.

Choice Watermelon seed is one of our specialties. We handle nothing but the best. All our stock is strictly fresh. The varieties that we do not produce are grown for us under contract by one of the best known growers in Florida.

Prices on all Watermelon seed (except where otherwise noted): Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

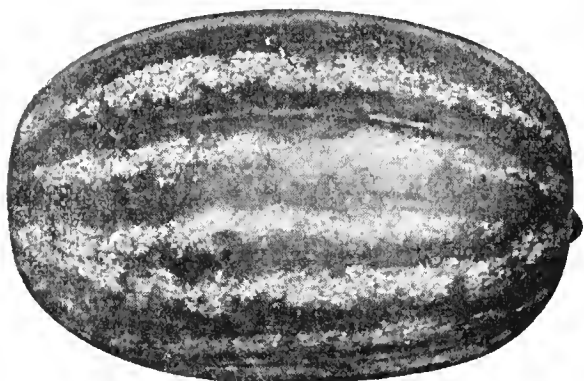
Alabama Sweet—This is undoubtedly the finest flavored shipping melon ever introduced and the favorite with the Texas and other southern shippers. It is a large, oblong melon, with rather dark green rind, marked with a darker green stripe. The skin is thin and very tough and is not injured in handling nor in shipping. The flesh is bright red, fine grained, firm and entirely stringless. Average weight over 20 pounds.

Pride of Muscatine (New Wilt Resistant)—Developed by the Iowa State College. This introduction will be welcomed in many wilt-infested regions. A long, dark green melon with dark red, crisp flesh of very sweet flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.00.

Excel Watermelon—A large, long, dark green melon with faint stripes. A good shipping melon, tough rind and very prolific. Flesh red, crisp and solid, medium early. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.



New Chilian Watermelon—This fine melon has been very popular in southern California for several years and deserves to be better known through the entire country. It is nearly round, skin dark green; slightly mottled and striped with a darker green; rind very thin, but hard. Flesh is bright red, heart large and stringless, flavor unsurpassed. It is a good shipper. We offer both Colorado grown seed and California grown. White seed: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00. Black Seeded: Earliest variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.



Cole's Early

Cole's Early—An extra early melon, ripening several days in advance of any other fruits, are oval and striped with light and dark green. We do not recommend this melon for shipping; it is too small to be marketable, but for home use or for raising in locations where the season is short, it is very satisfactory.

Cuban Queen—This is a large variety, often weighing 80 pounds and upwards; striped light and dark green; an enormous cropper.

Duke Jones (Jones' Jumbo)—Color of the skin is a solid dark green; flesh of very bright red, particularly sweet, juicy and melting. It grows to a large size.

Fordhook Early—The largest and best early melon of good size. Next to Cole's Early in time of ripening, but much larger. Fruit round; outer color medium green; flesh bright red of fine quality. A good shipper.

Florida Favorite—A splendid oblong melon; ten days earlier than Kolb's Gem. Skin dark green, slightly mottled with still deeper shade; flesh dark red and of finest flavor and quality. We have a splendid stock.

Gypsy, or Georgia Rattlesnake—Standard Southern variety, which possesses remarkable shipping qualities, long, smooth, distinctly striped with light mottled and wavy, dark green, regular stripes. Flesh bright scarlet and very sugary.

Iceberg (Blue Gem)—Uniformly large, of thick oval form; dark green, with faint stripings. The rind is exceptionally strong, making it an excellent shipper. The flesh is entirely free from stringiness and of sweet, sugary flavor.

Halbert Honey—This new melon equaling in flavor and as handsome in color as Kleckley's Sweets but more regular in form. They average 18 to 20 inches in length. The flesh is a beautiful crimson, of luscious quality, melting and sweet as honey, of dark and light green. Rind exceedingly hard and firm, making it a good sort for shipping. Flesh bright red, solid, a little coarse, but sweet and tender.

New Wonder—It is all its name implies. Is well adapted to southern conditions and for a shipping melon it can't be beat. The rind is tough and will withstand rough handling in transit, besides being a heavy cropper. It is a large, long dark green melon faint stripes making it a quick seller on the market. Flesh red, very crisp, solid and early. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$8.50, postpaid.

Phinney's Early—Few, if any, of the early sorts of recent introduction surpass this old favorite. It is first to ripen, of good size and productive; shape oblong; rind a distinct mottled color; the flesh is a deep red; first class early market melon.

Pride of Georgia—A dark green, oval variety; a very fine large, second-early sort; a good shipper and keeper.

Seminole—An exceedingly productive variety of large size. Fruit oblong in shape; flesh solid, ripening clear up to the rind.

Sweet Heart—One of the very best early varieties for the home garden, of the largest size, nearly globular in shape; skin a bright, beautiful, mottled green; rind thin; flesh bright red, firm and solid to the center, heavy but crisp, melting and exceedingly sweet. A good keeper.

Ice Cream, or Peerless—The old but extremely popular home market melon. Medium in size, almost round; the skin a pale green; flesh bright scarlet, fine-grained, solid to the center, sweet, crisp and melting.

Kleckley Sweets—This is one of the finest flavored melons grown—(See Specialties, page 5).

Improved Kolb's Gem—Excellent shipper and largely grown for northern markets. Fruit of the largest size, round or slightly oval, marked with irregular mottled stripes.

SUGAR BOY WATERMELON

The introducer describes it as follows:

The best of the entire lot. It is the most delicious thing in the shape of a watermelon that we have ever known. The fruits are oblong, a little inclined to be barrel shape; rind is very dark, almost a black green and is tough, thick and smooth. The flesh is bright red and ripens up well to the rind. It is absolutely free from any stringiness; sweet as honey and of the most melting and delicious flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Stone Mountain—A new round watermelon, very large and of high quality, rind fairly tough, light green, flesh sweet, rich scarlet with few seeds; very prolific. Not recommended for shipping. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Tom Watson—A novelty in Watermelons and of sterling merit. (See Specialties, page 5.)

Colorado Preserving—This is a large fruiting strain of citron for preserving. Flesh clear white and very solid. Olive green seed.

Kansas Stock Melon—Grown in Kansas and Colorado for feeding stock; to be used the same as beets and turnips. This variety is very productive; flesh firm and solid, with few seeds, and keeps all winter. They grow on any kind of soil and yield largely in dry seasons. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 80c.

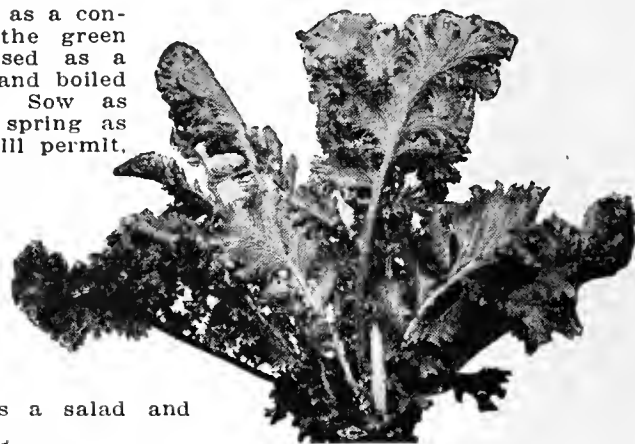
Harris' Earliest—A splendid large, extra early melon of exceptionally fine quality. Fruit uniform in shape, slightly oval with irregularly mottled fruit stripes of light and dark green. Flesh bright red, sweet and tender. One of the most desirable for planting in the North.

King and Queen—The Ideal Winter Watermelon.

SEE SPECIALTIES—Page 6 for description.

MUSTARD

Culture—Mustard is not only used as a condiment, but the green leaves are used as a salad or cut and boiled like spinach. Sow as early in the spring as the ground will permit, in drills about 18 inches apart, covering ½ inch deep. For succession, sow every few weeks till autumn. The plants are used early in the spring as a salad and for greens.



Mustard

Chinese Curled—Highly esteemed for salads in the South. The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary white mustard. Flavor sweet and pungent. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Ostrich Plume—The leaves are long, ruffled and frilled. The edges are curled like double curled parsley, making the leaves equally as desirable for garnishing. It stands well even during the hot summer months, while the leaves can be cut quite as early as those of other sorts and are unsurpassed for "greens," being available before any other vegetable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Southern Giant Curled—Very highly esteemed in the South, where the seed is sown in the fall and plants used very early in the spring as a salad. Seeds brown in color. Plants 2 feet high. Forms enormous bunches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

White English—Leaves are light green, mild and tender when young; seed light yellow in color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

Brown or Black Mustard—More pungent in flavor than the White. Seed black. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

OKRA OR GUMBO

Culture—The young, tender seed pods of this plant are used for flavoring soups, stews, etc. They are regarded as a household necessity in the South, but are neither so well known nor so extensively grown in the North. Seeds should be sown when the weather has firmly become settled, in drills, 3 feet apart. Thin out the plants that they stand 1 to 2 feet apart in the row. Gather the pods while they are young as they become tough and woody as they get larger.

Dwarf Green—Bears pods ready for use in ten days to two weeks earlier than the tall sorts. The plants are of dwarf, stocky growth and very prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

Perkins' Mammoth Long Pod—The plant is dwarf growing, even in size and productive, maturing pods earlier than most sorts. The pods are long, slender, deep green and remain tender much longer than most sorts. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

White Velvet—The pods are perfectly round, smooth and of an attractive white velvet appearance; of superior flavor and tenderness. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

Onions

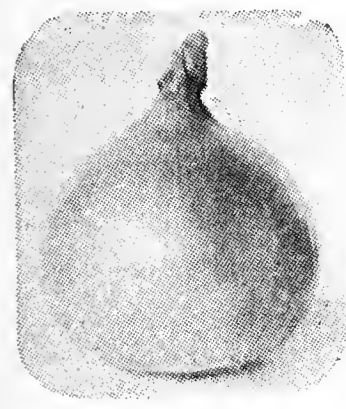
High Grade Onion Seeds Our Specialty

Our seeds are grown especially for us by the best Onion seed growers in the country.

Culture—Thrives best in a rather deep, rich loamy soil and, unlike most vegetables, succeeds well when cultivated on the same ground for successive years. The ground should be deeply trenched and manured the previous autumn, and laid up in ridges during the winter to soften. As early in the spring as the ground is in working order commence operations by leveling the ground with a rake and tread it firmly; sow thinly in rows, four pounds to the acre, and a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart; cover with fine soil and press down with the back of a spade or light roller. When the young plants are strong enough, thin gradually, so that they stand 3 to 4 inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds by frequent hoeing, taking care not to stir the soil too deeply or collect it about the growing bulb. As soon as the tops die and fall, the bulbs should be gathered into windrows. If the weather is fine they will need no attention while curing, but if it is not they will need to be stirred by simply moving them slightly along the row. Cut off the tops when perfectly dry, about half an inch from the bulb and then after a few days of bright weather the Onions will be fit to store for winter.

Sliced Onions and Cucumbers are rich in Vitamins

Slice onions and cucumbers thin; let stand in cold water an hour, drain water off and pour vinegar or lemon juice over them 15 minutes before serving. A good healthful dish to eat often.



Yellow Globe Danvers

Yellow Globe Danvers—A favorite variety in the East where it is grown almost to the exclusion of all other sorts; bright yellow in color; a perfect keeper and a heavy yielder. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75.

GIANT GIBRALTAR

A Splendid Onion of the Prizetaker Type.

Grown alongside of Prizetaker, this excellent type is especially noticeable on account of its bluish green, glossy foliage which resists insect attacks to a remarkable extent. Ripened bulbs greatly resemble Prizetaker in size and shape, but the skin is, perhaps, a little more of a straw yellow. Worthy of a careful trial. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

Southport Yellow Globe—A large perfectly shaped Globe Onion and an excellent Onion for keeping throughout the winter. A very heavy cropper, handsome in appearance and good dark yellow color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75.

RED VARIETIES

Large Red Wethersfield—The most widely cultivated red variety, the standard winter Onion in many northern states. The bulbs are well flattened, thick through and grow to a good size. The skin is of a rich, glossy deep red color, while the flesh is white, tinged with red. A most excellent keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

Southport Red Globe—This handsome and most richly colored of all red sorts is becoming more popular every season. It is of a rich, glossy, dark red color, and of a very showy appearance in the market. Remarkably uniform in size and good keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$3.00.

Australian Brown—Since its introduction a few years ago it has become one of the most popular and most sought after Onions in many markets. Its remarkable keeping qualities and handsome appearance have brought it rapidly to the front. This Onion has a clear amber-brown skin that attracts buyers. It matures early, ripens uniformly, and will keep in good condition longer than any other Onion. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$2.00.

Owing to the great scarcity of Onion Seed, these prices will hold good only so long as our present stock lasts, after which all orders will be filled at prevailing market prices.

WHITE VARIETIES

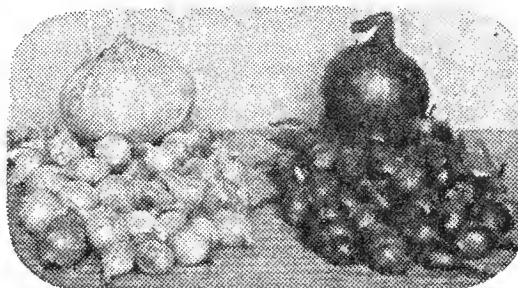
White Portugal, or Silver Skin—A beautiful standard white Onion. The flesh is mild while the skin is a beautiful clear silvery white. A favorite when young as a bunching or salad Onion, but is also a good keeper and fine for fall use. An excellent variety when one or two varieties are to be planted. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.75.

BERMUDA ONIONS

Culture—The seed is sown in beds as early in the fall as the same can be obtained, and transplanted to the field when about 4 inches in height and cultivated the same as other Onions. The genuine seed is all imported from Teneriffe, Canary Islands, off the west coast of Africa, and gives far better results than the seed grown in California.

White Bermuda—The favorite market variety. While known as "White Bermuda" it is really a light straw color, or pale yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

Red Bermuda—Identical in size, shape and mildness with the "White Bermuda;" color pale waxy red. A favorite in some sections. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.



White Bottom

Yellow Bottom

ONION SETS

Sets 32 lbs. to bushel—by parcel post.

Yellow Bottom Sets—Qt., 30c; ¼ bu., \$1.40; ½ bu., \$2.75.

Red Bottom Sets—Qt., 30c; ¼ bu., \$1.40; ½ bu., \$2.75.

White Bottom Sets—Qt., 35c; ¼ bu., \$1.50; ½ bu., \$3.00.

Peas

(We pay postage on all packets.) Write for prices on larger amounts.

Weight of Peas: Wrinkled varieties, 56 pounds per bushel; smooth varieties, 60 pounds per bu.

Culture—The pea is hardy and endures cold well, either in or above ground. The small seeded early sorts, such as Alaska and First and Best, can be sown while frost is yet in the ground, while large and sweeter peas sown at the same time would rot in the ground. Sow some of the early, second early, and late varieties at intervals of about two weeks apart, and your table will be supplied with delicious peas for a long time.

Dwarf growing peas need no support; tall growing sorts should be trained to wire trellises or supported by brush. Wrinkled peas are the sweetest, and are recommended for the home garden.

A light warm soil is best adapted for very early peas, and heavier soils for late sorts.

The dwarf varieties can be planted in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and the tall ones 3 feet. Larger pods and more of them will be produced if the seed be planted in trenches 3 to 6 inches deep and covered with only 1 or 2 inches of soil; when the plants are 5 or 6 inches high fill the trench level with the surface; this will secure deep rooting, prevent mildew and prolong the bearing season. If the peas be covered to the full depth at first or if water be allowed to stand in the trenches they will not germinate or grow well.



Creamed Peas and New Potatoes—a Dish for the King.

Shell as many peas as required, scrape new potatoes and boil 20 to 30 minutes in just enough salted water to cover, season with salt, pepper and butter; cream if desired.

EARLY VARIETIES

Alaska or Earliest of All—Earliest and best of all nearly smooth varieties. A smooth, blue pea, which in evenness of growth of vine and early maturity of the pods is unequaled by any other extra early pea. Vines 2 to 3 feet high, bearing four to seven long pods, which are filled with medium sized, bright green peas of excellent flavor. Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c.

American Wonder—One of the most popular and best of the early wrinkled sorts. A great favorite for family use. Has stout, branching vines, covered with well filled pods containing seven or eight large, exceedingly sweet, tender and well flavored peas; height 10 to 12 inches. Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 65c.

Little Marvel—An extra fine dwarf sweet pea. Pods somewhat larger than Nott's Excelsior and same season. A fine variety for either private or market garden. Height 18 inches. Foliage and pods very deep green; pods 3 inches long, nearly round and square ended, containing 7 very dark green peas of high quality; very productive. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c.

Nott's Excelsior—An extra early dwarf, green, wrinkled sort. The peas are superior in sweetness and quality; an ideal family and market pea. It is fully as sweet and delicious as the American Wonder, and grows one-half taller. Pods are larger and it is far more productive than the Premium Gem, and it is within a day or two as early as the first early smooth pea. Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 40c.

Premium Gem—Height 1 foot; early and prolific; a type of and an improvement on the McLean Little Gem; pods long and of dark green color. The most popular sort for family use. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

SECOND EARLY and MAIN CROP VARIETIES

Seeds grown under irrigation produce strong plants.

Peter Pan Peas—One of the very finest of the large podded, dwarf peas on the order of Laxtonian, though somewhat earlier. Height 15 inches. Vine and foliage vigorous, heavy and deep green, pods deep green about 4 inches long, very broad, straight and pointed, containing 6 to 8 very large dark green peas of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Dwarf Telephone, Carter's Daisy—A very fine second early dwarf pea with immense pods and peas. A magnificent sort. The self-supporting, stout plants are fairly loaded with large bright green pods, which are always well filled, each pod containing from seven to nine peas of a bright green color, tender and of most delicious flavor. One of the finest dwarf green wrinkled Marrow Peas in cultivation, and one that ought to be grown in every garden. Pkt., 5c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 75c.

Everbearing—Grows about 20 inches high, pods of good length; peas very large, wrinkled, and in quality unsurpassed. For continuance and profusion of bearing this variety is unexcelled. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

Champion of England—One of the best late peas for the market gardener or private garden. One of the richest and best flavored peas grown and very productive. Height 4 or 5 feet, seed whitish green and much shriveled. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

TALL TELEPHONE PEA

A strong, luxuriant growing main crop variety, attaining a height of about 4½ feet. Exceedingly prolific, averaging 18 pods to the stalk. The pods, the largest of all varieties, are packed with immense wrinkled Marrow Peas, 6 to 8 being the average, while 10 to 12 to a pod are frequently found. The quality is superb, rich, sugary and meltingly tender. For family use the Telephone Pea is without a peer. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

Improved Stratagem—Pods are of immense size, filled with large, dark green wrinkled peas of the finest quality; vine medium height, but very stocky, with very broad, light green leaves, and bearing an abundance of large handsome pods. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

Dwarf Gray Sugar—Height 15 to 20 inches. Blossoms purple. Is used either shelled or cooked in the pods, like string beans, and when young is very tender and sweet. It is but little known in this country, while abroad it is considered a great relish. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., postpaid, 55c.

Laxtonian—The earliest wrinkled variety. This large podded, early, prolific variety has won the hearts of market gardeners in every market. Vines very vigorous and robust, growing to about 1½ feet. An abundant producer, bears continually throughout the season. Exceedingly early for a wrinkled variety, only a day or two later than the earliest small, smooth sorts. Pods very large, invariably well filled with from six to nine sweet, luscious, tender wrinkled peas of large size and delicious flavor. The peas remain tender and sweet for some time after they are large enough to use. Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c, postpaid.

Culture—Pepper seed requires heat for germination. The seed should be sown early in hotbeds or boxes in the window, or may be sown in the open ground about the middle of spring. When 2 inches high, set in rich soil 2 feet apart in rows 2½ feet apart. Hoe often.

California Wonder—Resembles Chinese Giant in the large size and "blocky" form of its fruit, but having an extremely thick flesh not possessed by that variety. Fruit upright, crimson, measuring 4½ inches in length by 4 inches in diameter, mild and sweet. In addition to being a very desirable home and mar-

ket garden sort this is especially adapted for shipping long distances. Shipments of California Wonder to the large eastern markets have usually commanded a substantial premium above the market price for other varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 85c; 2 oz., \$1.35; ¼ lb., \$2.25; lb., \$8.00.

New Sweet Upright Salad—The fruits are borne stiffly erect, and form at each fork of the branches. Color a bright shiny green, which turns to a waxy red when ripe. As early as the Sweet Bell or Bull Nose, with heavier fruit, much thicker flesh and greatly superior in flavor. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Chinese Giant—Largest and finest Pepper. The plant is about 2 feet high, of strong, vigorous growth, stocky in habit, very productive, earlier than the Ruby King. The fruit averages 4 inches in diameter, and is of a bright glossy scarlet when ripe. Flesh is unusually thick and very mild. The immense size and its brilliant color renders it very attractive and will cause it to sell readily in the market. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$1.50.

Ruby King—A handsome and very productive variety. Fruits bright ruby-red color, which grow to 6 inches long by 3 to 4 inches through. So mild is their flavor that they can even be sliced and eaten with vinegar like tomatoes or cucumbers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$5.50.

Large Bell or Bull Nose—Best known sweet red sort. Height 2 feet. Ripens early and is very prolific. Fruits of good size, about 3 inches long and 2 inches through. Extra choice stock. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; ¼ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$5.00.

Ruby Giant—A beautiful variety, being a cross between the Ruby King and the Chinese Giant and the splendid shape of the Ruby King. Flesh mild and sweet, making a good salad sliced and eaten with vinegar like tomatoes or cucumbers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.50.

NEW SWEET PEPPER NEAPOLITAN SALAD

Earliest of All Large Mild Red Peppers.

The introducer says: "The strong, vigorous plants grow 2 feet high by 18 inches across; they are completely laden with large handsome fruits and bear continuously until frost. Single plants carry from 35 to 50 marketable fruits at one time. Grow upright until they become so heavy that their own weight turns them down. The skin and flesh are bright red; thick meat, sweet and 'mild as an apple.'" Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; lb., \$7.00.

Golden Dawn Mango—Plants quite dwarf but very prolific. Fruit medium size and of inverted bell shape, rich golden yellow color, with very thick sweet, mild flavored flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Red Cherry—An ornamental useful variety, the plant being tall and bearing profusely small, bright red fruit. Fruit is small, round, very hot and largely used for pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25.

Red Chili—A rather small, bright red variety about 2 inches long and pointed. Pods are used in making chili sauce and very pungent and hot. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

Long Red Cayenne—The true Cayenne; hot and pungent. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

Anaheim Chili Pepper—Mammoth "Chili Pepper." Stalks grow from 2 to 3 feet high, supporting the peppers well off the ground. Average plant bears 30 to 40 peppers from 6 to 10 inches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.



Culture—Usually planted among corn, in hills 8x3 feet. Plant any time during May. When the frost has killed the vines, cut off the stems a few inches from the fruit and store in a dry place, using care not to bruise them when handling.

Small Sugar or Pie—This is the small pumpkin that has made the New England states famous for their pumpkin pies. A handsome prolific variety; fruits of small size, averaging about 10 inches in diameter, of excellent keeping qualities, flattened and slightly ribbed. Skin deep orange-yellow, flesh fine grained and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

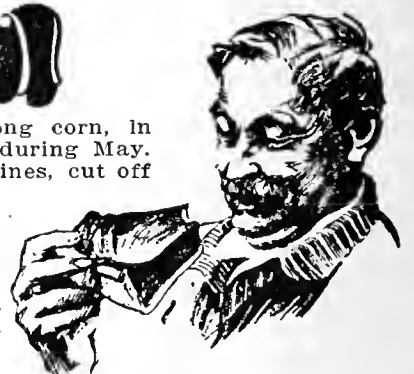
Improved Green Striped Cushaw—A crooked necked variety, with green and white striped skin. The flesh is of rich yellow color, solid, fine grained, very thick and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Golden Cushaw, or Jonathan—Attractive and sells better than the old green striped sort. Large bottle-shaped sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

White Cushaw, or Crookneck—Fine for table use as well as for stock feeding. The fruits have a hard, creamy white shell, grow about 2 feet long, and the thick meat is of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.



Chinese Giant



King of the Mammoths, or Jumbo—This is the very best genuine strain of the true Mammoth Pumpkin. Fruits grow to enormous size, sometimes reaching 2 feet or more in diameter, and from 100 to 200 pounds in weight. Salmon-orange skin, very thick, bright yellow flesh which is fine grained, tender, and of excellent quality for pies. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Connecticut Field—Large Common Yellow Field—The common Yellow Field Pumpkin, so very largely cultivated by our farmers for stock feeding. Is immensely productive and very hardy. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

Large Cheese, or Kentucky Field—A very large, flattened variety, averaging about 2 feet through. When ripened the skin is a rich cream color. Flesh yellow and of fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c. By freight or express at purchaser's expense, \$50.00 per 100 lbs.

Japanese Pie—A new Pumpkin of Japanese origin; flesh very thick, fine grained, dry and sweet; productive and very desirable for cooking. The seeds are particularly marked and sculptured in Japanese characters. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Mammoth Tours—Immense size; often weighs 100 pounds; oblong; skin green; good exhibition sort, or for feeding stock in winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Tennessee Sweet Potato Pumpkin—An excellent variety for pies, pear-shaped, medium size, flesh and skin a creamy white, fine grained, very sweet and delicious; a first rate keeper; when cooked it appears like sweet potato but has a more delicious taste. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Winter Queen or Winter Luxury—A superior pie Pumpkin, small, but enormously productive and an excellent keeper; shape slightly oval, about 10 inches in diameter; color golden russet, finely netted; flesh deep golden, sweet and tender. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

PARSLEY

Parsley is used for seasoning soups and stews, for salads, and also very universally used for garnishing; succeeds best in a rich, mellow soil. As the seeds germinate very slowly, three or four weeks sometimes elapse before it makes its appearance. It should be sown early in the spring.

Champion Moss Curled—An excellent variety; the leaves are finely curled and of a dark green color; extra fine for garnishing and culinary purposes. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.00.

Fern-Leaved—As its name indicates, this variety is most beautiful in form and color; valuable for garnishing, and also as an ornamental foliage plant for borders of beds. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.00.

Fine Double Curled—A curled variety having crimped leaves. It is used mostly for garnishing. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.00.

PARSNIPS

Parsnips succeed best in deep, rich soil. Sow as early in spring as weather will admit, in rows 15 inches apart. When the plants are 2 inches high thin out to 5 or 6 inches in the row. As they are improved by frost a part of the crop should be left in the ground for spring use.

Improved Hollow Crown—Has long been a favorite on account of its excellent table qualities. A great cropper and considered the best for general cultivation. The roots are long, smooth, tender and very sugary. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., \$1.00.

Improved Guernsey—An improved strain, which has given general satisfaction. The roots do not grow so long as those of the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. Of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., \$1.00.



Select Radish Seed

Our Radish Seed is grown for us under contract, from the finest French stocks, and is sure to give satisfaction.

The Radish is one of the most profitable crops to grow for market or private garden. It is in demand at all seasons of the year, especially in early spring. Radishes must make a rapid growth to be crisp and tender.

The Secret in Growing Radishes—First they should be grown on light, quick soil. Second, they should be given plenty of water, and last, but by no means least, the right kind of seed should be sown. Radishes grow very quickly, and if not supplied with plenty of water are apt to be pithy.

Culture—For early use seed should be sown in the hotbed, in drills 3 or 4 inches apart and half an inch deep. For open ground sow as early as weather conditions permit. As soon as the first leaves appear, sprinkle with soot or ashes to save them from the turnip fly. The winter Radish should be sown about the middle of summer, and makes its best growth in autumn.

OUR NEW RADISH—HALF WHITE SCARLET TURNIP

This new Radish is a remarkably attractive variety. The white tip extends nearly half way up the root. The top is a bright scarlet which makes a beautiful contrast. A splendid forcing variety, makes a rapid growth. Small tap root; mild and crisp.

This is the variety that market gardeners have been seeking for years and it will fill a long felt want. Everyone should try this splendid new Radish.

Prices on all Radish Seed (except where otherwise noted). Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 75c.

EXTRA EARLY OLIVE SHAPED

French Breakfast—A medium sized Radish, olive shaped, with small top; of quick growth; very crisp and tender; of a beautiful scarlet color, except near the root, which is pure white. A splendid variety for the table on account of its excellent quality and attractive color.

Early White Olive Shaped—Clear, white, crisp, mild flavor.

EARLY TURNIP SHAPED RADISH

Early Scarlet Globe (Vick's)—Unequaled by any other sort. The roots of this variety are slightly olive shaped, a rich, deep scarlet in color; flesh white and tender. We especially recommend this to gardeners whose markets demand a large first early forcing Radish.

Earliest White Turnip—Like the scarlet in shape, but in color pure white. It is later and will bear heat longer without becoming spongy.

Early Scarlet Turnip—One of the earliest varieties, with very small top. Brightly colored skin and crisp, white flesh.

Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped—One of the most popular and attractive short varieties. It is globe shaped, bright rose carmine with bottom and tip clear white, stems and leaves small. Very valuable for forcing as well as for the house garden and market.

Ne Plus Ultra, or Early Deep Scarlet Turnip Forcing—An excellent extra early forcing Radish. Root small, nearly round; color bright scarlet. Top very small; flesh white, crisp and well flavored. One of the most handsome of the forcing sorts.

Crimson Giant—This Radish differs from all varieties hitherto in cultivation, in so far as its roots attain more than double the size of those of other forcing varieties, without getting pithy or hollow. It is very early notwithstanding its size. Color crimson, flesh pure white, of the best quality. Fine for outdoors and forcing. The seed should be sown very thinly to permit full development of the roots. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Prices on all Radish Seed (except where otherwise noted): Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 75c.

LONG VARIETIES

The Best Radish for Home Garden.

New White Icicle, the Finest Eating White Radish—The finest and longest of the very early pure white varieties. Although a long Radish of good size, it becomes fit for use almost as early as the small round sorts. The roots are straight, smooth and pure white in color. The flesh is almost transparent, brittle as glass, very tender and fine flavored.

Wood's Early Frame—An early long variety. Skin carmine red getting paler towards the tip; flesh white, crisp and well flavored.

Brightest Long Scarlet—A new variety, ready for use in about 25 days after sowing; color remarkably bright, fiery scarlet, slightly tipped with white; flesh crisp and tender. This is a choice Radish. Try it.

Cincinnati Market—This variety originated in the vicinity of Cincinnati, Ohio, and is one that will meet your expectations in every particular. The tops are small, and under favorable conditions the roots attain a length of 6 to 7 inches. They are smooth and free from any fibrous roots and their attractive scarlet colored skin is unusually thin. The flesh is fine, crisp and rather transparent. Fit for use in 25 days from time of sowing and remains in good condition until fully grown.

Beckert's Chartier—This is the most beautiful of all the long summer radishes; color bright scarlet, shading off to a pure white at the bottom; worthy of a place in every garden; it is very crisp, tender and mild flavor, and if left, grows to a very large size.

Early Long Scarlet Short Top, Improved—This is undoubtedly the best standard variety for private garden and market use. It grows 6 or 7 inches long, half out of the ground. It is very brittle and crisp and of quick growth. Color, bright scarlet; small top, tapers regularly to the root, and is uniformly straight and smooth.

Long White Vienna or Lady Finger—A pure white, beautifully tapering radish of rare crispness and freshness of flavor. This, like the White Strasburg, is a summer radish rather than early one.

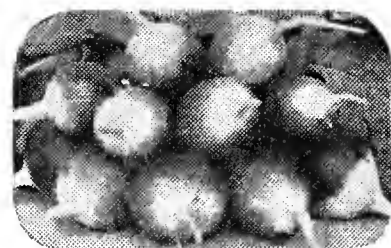
White Strasburg—This variety is one of the popular summer kinds. Both skin and flesh are pure white. Remain tender longer than any other variety.

Prices on all Radish Seed (except where otherwise noted): Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 75c.

WINTER VARIETIES

California Mammoth White China—This is the largest of all Radishes. Roots grow 10 to 12 inches long and are solid, tender and crisp. Keeps well through winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Scarlet China, or China Rose—A fine winter sort; roots a half-long stump of from 2 to 3 inches; scarlet and pink in color, tipped with white; quite salable in market during winter. Keeps perfectly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.



White Tips

Long Black Spanish (Winter)—This variety is sown the latter part of the summer for winter use; attains a good size and should be gathered and stored the same as turnips; will keep until spring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Round Black Spanish—Of similar nature and quality to the Long, different in shape. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

Culture—Sow in drills 18 inches apart and 1 inch deep. Thin out the plants to 6 inches apart. In the fall prepare the permanent bed by trenching 2 feet deep, mixing a liberal quantity of manure with the soil. Into this set the plants about 5 feet apart each way. The stalks should not be cut until the second year.

Early Linneaus—Early, containing large stalks and leaves, and a rapid and satisfactory grower. Makes a delicious and highly aromatic sauce, and has no superior as a pie variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

Victoria—The most popular variety; comes quite true from seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

RHUBARB ROOTS IN SEASON—Write for Prices.

SQUASH

Culture—Sow in hills in the same manner and at the same time as cucumbers and melons, bush varieties 2 to 4 feet apart, running kinds 6 to 9 inches. Plant a dozen seeds in each hill, and when danger from the "bugs" is over, pull up all but three or four. Winter Squash should be ripened thoroughly or they will not keep through the winter.

SUMMER SQUASH

Early White Bush, or Patty Pan—The best early variety. The plants are of the true bush form and produce fruit early in the season. Largely grown in the south for shipment to the northern markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

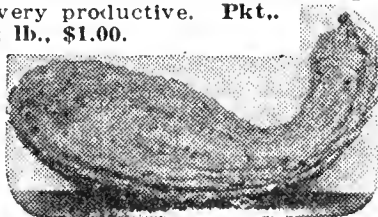
Bush Fordhook—A new bush type of the original Fordhook, unequalled in quality and delicious sweetness by any variety, whether for summer or winter use. The young tender fruits are prepared and cooked like other summer Squashes, or stored before frost in a warm, dry place, furnish winter Squash for table use until the next crop is ready. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.

Cocozelle Bush Squash—One of the richest vitamin bearers among the summer Squash is Cocozelle Bush, a handsome oblong dark green Italian variety liberally speckled with contrasting marks. Being of compact bush growth, a dozen plants will not take up any more room than a 15-foot row of bush beans, and will provide from two to three dozen handsome fruits averaging 2 to 3 pounds each. This variety is unsurpassed in richness of the cooked product, which is of distinct aromatic flavor and aroma. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Giant Summer Straight Neck—A selection from the Crookneck squash but with a straight rather than a crooked neck, making it more easily packed for shipment. Fruits intensely warted, 18 to 20 inches long, deep orange in color with a thick meaty neck. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

Mammoth Yellow Bush or Golden Custard—This is a new dark rich golden yellow, scalloped bush Summer Squash, grows large, is not excelled in quality and is very productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.

Golden Summer Crook Neck—Plants of the true bush variety, early fruiting and very productive. Rich golden color, heavily warted rind, deep flesh of superior quality. An excellent summer variety; none better. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.



Golden Summer Crookneck

AUTUMN AND WINTER VARIETIES

Delicious—The Best Flavored Squash in Existence—In size it resembles the Hubbard. In thickness of flesh it surpasses nearly every variety. The color is a dark orange. No other variety compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness and exceeding richness in flavor. It is a fall and winter Squash. Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$1.50.

Table Queen, or Des Moines—A small, dark green, acorn-shaped, sharply ribbed variety which matures nearly as early as the summer Squashes. Fruits just the right size to serve in halves and of good quality for baking. The vines are trailing and very productive. There is a growing demand for this Squash in Eastern markets, and it will be found a profitable sort for the commercial grower as well as a fine early Squash for home gardens. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Red or Golden Hubbard—A perfect type of the Green Hubbard, except in color, which is a bright, deep orange-yellow, very showy and attractive. Flesh deep, golden yellow, much richer in color than Hubbard. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

Improved Hubbard—The standard winter Squash, no better variety grown, more generally cultivated as a late sort than any other. It is of large size, often weighing from 9 to 10 pounds. Color, bluish-green, occasionally marked with brownish-orange or yellow. Flesh fine grained, dry and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.75.

Chicago Warted Hubbard—Is similar in size and quality to the

Hubbard. The vines are vigorous and productive, while the large, dark olive green fruits are rather more heavily warted. Very handsome in appearance; an excellent keeper, and of splendid quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.

Sibley, or Pike's Peak—We consider this one of the very best winter varieties. It has the reputation of being the only variety surpassing the Hubbard in quality. Shell hard, dark olive green color, flesh light orange of the very best quality. Vines of strong growth and very productive. Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ oz., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

SPINACH

Culture—Should be planted in very rich ground, the richer the better. Sow in drills 12 to 18 inches apart and thin to about 6 inches apart when the leaves are an inch wide; should be cut while young and tender. For early spring use sow early in autumn and protect the plants with a light covering of leaves or straw, or plant as soon as the land can be worked in spring.

Nobel (Giant Thick Leaved)—The best of the Viroflay types; highly recommended for canning. A long standing, heavy yielding sort with large, smooth, thick, dark green leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

Bloomsdale Savoy—The variety most generally used in the East, and especially throughout the South for shipping. Leaves large, round and thick, very much savoyed and rich deep green. One of the earliest varieties. Seed round. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

Improved Thick Leaved, or Long-Standing—Leaves large and thick. Somewhat crumpled. Does not run to seed as early as other varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

King of Denmark—The plants are of rapid growth, resemble the Long Season in type, but leaves are more crumpled or blistered and of a darker green color. The leaves are thick, stand well after cutting and are of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 80c.

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

Culture—Sow early; when plants are of sufficient height, thin to 4 inches. It is unfortunate that this valuable vegetable does not take a higher place in the esteem of our gardeners. It requires practically the same treatment as parsnips, while for fall and winter use it is much superior, making, as it does, a satisfactory substitute for oysters, hence is sometimes called "Oyster Plant."

Mammoth Sandwich Island—The very best variety grown. Is fully twice the size of any other variety and of better quality. The leading variety among both market and private gardeners. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c.

TOMATOES

We do not use canning factory seed. Our Tomato seed has all been grown by Tomato Specialists, who plant for seed only.

Culture—Tomatoes do best on light, warm, not over rich soil. Sow in hotbeds from six to eight weeks before they can be set out of doors, which is when danger from frost is past; when the plants have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes or cold frames, setting them 4 or 5 inches apart; give plenty of air and endeavor to secure a vigorous but steady and healthy growth so that at the time of setting in the open ground they will be strong and stocky. Even a slight check while the plants are small will materially diminish their productiveness. Transplant to the open ground when all danger of frost is past, setting the plants 3 or 4 feet apart each way. Transplant carefully and cultivate well as long as the vines will permit.

Dwarf Champion—Most popular dwarf variety in cultivation. Its strong, erect, bush-like growth enables it to withstand the strong prevailing winds. It grows about 2 feet high and stands quite erect without staking. It is quite as early as any purple fruited tomato; is very popular with Southern gardeners, as well as for home use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00.

Earliana (Sparks)—Probably no early Tomato introduced in many years has attracted so much attention, and has so large a sale as Sparks' Earliana. Its solidity and fine quality are fully equal to many of the best late sorts. The plant is of strong and vigorous growth, setting its fruits freely and in great abundance. The fruit is not only remarkable for its earliness, for its large size, perfect form, bright red color and delicious flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.25.

Chalk's Early Jewel—The largest, smoothest and finest flavored extra early Tomato in cultivation. Within a week to ten days as early as the famous Sparks' Earliana, while its more robust growth makes it a surer cropper in the warm southern states. Vine vigorous and very productive. Fruit deep scarlet red, smooth, of large size and excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00.

Earlibell (New)—Earliest Tomato known. For description, see Specialties, page 6.

The Bonny Best Tomato is fully two weeks earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel and as early as most strains of Earliana. A very vigorous grower; enormously prolific, setting 12 to 15 smooth, round globe-shaped fruits in the crown setting of large size and excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.



Dwarf Champion

Dwarf Stone Tomato—This is the largest Dwarf Tomato in existence. In habit of vine it resembles the Dwarf Champion, but is of stronger growth and is more erect. The fruit is similar to the Tall Stone in color (red), shape and practically in size. Specimens weighing one pound each are quite common. The season is fully as early as the Dwarf Champion, but the fruits are double the size. The fruit is free from cracks at the stem end, solid, ripens evenly, and is of excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

John Baer—An extra early scarlet fruited variety of superior merit. The vines are very hardy and exceptionally productive. The fruits are the largest of the extra early sorts and are also most attractive in color. They are nearly round, smooth, firm and of excellent quality. It is one of the very earliest to ripen its first fruits and it continues to furnish marketable fruits longer than other very early varieties. It is an invaluable sort for market garden varieties, shippers and canners. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$1.00.

Beauty (Livingston's)—The smoothest and best of the large purple sorts. Vines large, vigorous and heavy bearers; fruit large, uniform in size, very smooth, color of skin purplish pink; flesh light pink and of excellent flavor. A decided favorite for either home market, shipping or canning. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

June Pink—An extra early selection from Earllana, differing chiefly in outside color, which is of the purplish-pink preferred in some sections to scarlet. The fruit runs uniform in shape and size, almost 3 inches in diameter, almost round, and borne in clusters. Flesh solid and fine. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00.

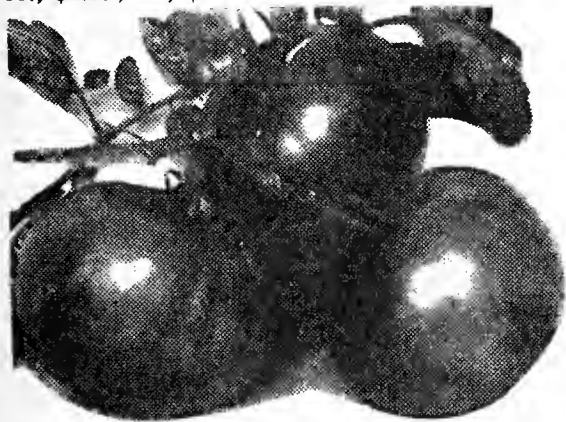
Livingston's Coreless—The most perfect shaped canning variety ever produced. Large size, globe shaped, full at stem end, bright red, a strong grower and big cropper. Ripens all over at once, and being almost free from green core it is an exceptionally fine slicing sort. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

Livingston's Globe Tomato—Color bright scarlet, flesh rich crimson, and of the finest quality. Always smooth and of desirable size. It is quite early and very desirable for canning, as a large percentage can be put into the cans whole. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; 2 oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$1.75.

Early Detroit—This splendid variety is the largest and best of the early purplish-pink Tomatoes. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are very smooth, uniform in size, nearly globe shaped, firm, and of excellent quality. Early Detroit is one of the most valuable shipping Tomatoes yet produced. It is also desirable for the home garden and near markets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; ¼ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$5.00.

New Matchless—One of the favorite canning and shipping varieties. The fruit is very rich cardinal red, firm and not liable to crack. They are very large size and grow uniform through the entire season. Good keepers. It is an exceptionally good main crop Tomato. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00.

New Stone—The best main crop variety for all purposes, and largely used for canning. Vine tall and prolific. Fruit smooth, large and uniform. Color, bright scarlet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; lb., \$4.00.



Golden Queen

the home garden. Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00.

SMALL FRUITED TOMATOES FOR PICKLES, PRESERVES, Etc.

Red Pear—Used for preserves and to make "tomato figs." Fruit bright red, distinct pear shaped and of excellent flavor.

Yellow Pear—Similar to the Red Pear, but of the rich, clear yellow color.

Yellow Plum—Fruit plum shaped, of pure, deep yellow color, flesh yellow and finey flavored. Much esteemed for preserves.

Red Plum—Same as above, except color.

Red Cherry—Fruit small, about ½ inch in diameter, perfectly round and smooth. Fine for pickles and preserves.

Yellow Cherry—This variety differs from Red Cherry in color only.

Peach—Desirable for preserving, eating from the hand or for table decorations. Fruit resembles a peach in shape and size; color a light terra cotta red; flesh tender and of good flavor.

Husk or Strawberry (Ground Cherry, etc.)—Fruit golden yellow, size of a cherry. Fine for pies, preserves or eating from the hand.

Prices, any of the above varieties: Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 2 oz., 80c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50.

Golden Queen—A grand yellow variety of superior flavor; unsurpassed as a table variety. As smooth as any of the red varieties and of distinct rich flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00.

Ponderosa—One of the largest varieties grown; very smooth, meaty and has few seeds. The color is brilliant scarlet crimson. Splendid sort for

TOMATO PLANTS

We have in season strong hardy plants. Prices on application.

TURNIPS

Culture—Turnips prefer a light, sandy loam. Sow in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, and half an inch deep. Thin out so that the plants stand 4 inches apart. For early use sow as soon as the ground can be worked; for winter use, sow in August. Turnips are chiefly grown for autumn's cropping, because ordinarily they thrive better in cool weather; during the hot months they are apt to run to leaf and make seed rather than bulbs.

Early Purple-Top Strap Leaf—The leading standard American variety. Good for early spring and fall use. Color, red or purple above ground, white below. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Extra Early White Milan—One of the earliest turnips in cultivation, pure white, excellent flavor, makes rapid growth; a great market favorite. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.

Extra Early Purple Top Milan—Earliest turnip in cultivation, fit for use a week sooner than others. Suitable for spring or fall planting. Bulb forms very rapidly, making but few and small leaves. The turnips are flat, smooth, white, with purple top. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00.

Early White Flat Dutch—(Strap-Leaved)—This is a popular early turnip for table use. Matures only a week after the earliest Milan, but keeps much longer in fine condition. The skin is pure white, the flesh is mild and juicy. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Purple Top Globe—Distinctly globe shaped; a good size; the color, purple and white, being one of the best cooking varieties, and a standard among gardeners. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Amber Globe—Yellow flesh, firm, fine grain; very sweet; skin yellow, with green top; keeps well; very popular in the South. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Extra Early White Egg—The finest flavored of all early turnips, and with favorable seasons is ready for table use in six weeks from sowing. Skin and flesh are pure snow white; solid, fine grain, sweet and a good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Early Snowball—A perfect globe shaped white skinned turnip, exceedingly productive; one of the best keepers of the white fleshed sorts. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Pomeranian, White Globe—Very productive in good soil, roots frequently from 10 to 12 pounds. Good for table or stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

RUTABAGA—SWEDISH TURNIP

Improved American Purple-Top—Leading yellow variety; very productive; solid and of excellent flavor; the roots grow to a large size, and are of finest quality; not surpassed for stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.



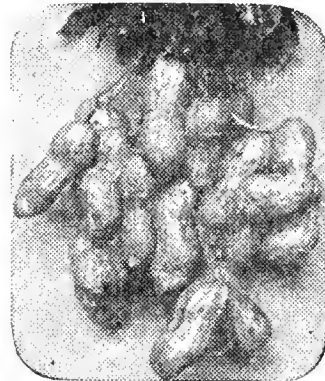
Peanuts thrive and produce best on light, sandy, fertile soil, with a good clay subsoil. They possess long tap roots which extend deep into the earth, drawing thence the nutriment, which is beyond the reach of any of our cultivated crops.

Spanish—The earliest variety, pods small, but remarkably well filled and solid. Can be cultivated with the plow. Because of its early habit and easy cultivation, it is the best variety to grow for fattening hogs. Lb., 35c, postpaid.

White Jumbo—The standard variety for roasting. Three times as large as the ordinary Spanish peanut. The nuts proper grow in fine double-jointed hulls of beautiful white appearance, are from ¾ of an inch to 1 inch in length, and of fine flavor. An excellent variety, worthy of highest recommendation. Lb., 35c, postpaid.

NOTICE

Owing to the great shortage in many varieties of Vegetable Seeds, the prices quoted in this catalog will hold only so long as our present stock lasts. (This applies only to the varieties on which there is a great shortage.) Should our present stock on the short varieties be sold out on receipt of your order, the prevailing market price will then prevail, or we reserve the right to return the money on items that we cannot supply at catalog prices.





Ebbert's Select Flower Seed

GENERAL DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF SELECT FLOWER SEEDS

Our Flower Seed List has been carefully revised, some new kinds added, and all the inferior kinds cast out, so that there is nothing in the list but what is worthy of cultivation, and if reasonably cared for, will give satisfaction. Our aim is to offer nothing but the best and surest to please, a condensed list of leading kinds, and not the most bewildering and extensive. Any flower seed not offered in the following pages will be secured on short notice at the price quoted in other catalogs. Include a few packets with your Vegetable Seed Order.

A Few Suggestions About Sowing, etc.—We give here a few general rules which will be helpful to beginners. The soil best suited to flowers is a light, rich loam, which should be as fine and smooth as possible. Should the soil be heavy, mix with sand to lighten it. Sow the seed either broadcast or in rows, and cover in proportion to the size of the seeds—a good general rule is to cover two or three times the size of the seed—and press the soil firmly. Small seeds cannot come up if covered too deep. Most of the flower seeds are so fine that they should be sown on top of the loose ground, covered very lightly with fine ground or manure, and pressed down with a roller or the hand. Principal causes of failure in raising flowers are due to too deep sowing and lack of water at the proper time. As flower seeds in general are sown shallow, light, but frequent sprinklings are all that is needed. The main object is to keep the soil around the seeds always moist, as air and moisture are needed to insure good germination and to prevent the ground from getting a hard crust.

The letter "A" annexed to the name of varieties signifies Annual; "H. A.," Hardy Annual; "B.," Biennial; "P.," Perennial.

Annuals grow, bloom and die the first year from seed; **Biennials** bloom the second year from seed and then die, though many, if sown early in the spring, will flower the first year; **Perennials** usually bloom the second year from seed, and continue to grow

and bloom for many years; some of them also bloom the first year if sown early.

WE PAY ALL POSTAGE ON FLOWER SEEDS

For \$1.00, seeds in packets may be selected to the value of \$1.25.
For \$2.00, seeds in packets may be selected to the value of \$2.60.
For \$3.00, seeds in packets may be selected to the value of \$4.00.
Above Offer Applies to Flower Seed Packets Only.

LIST OF FLOWERS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES EDGING AND BORDER PLANTS

Abronia, Ageratum (dwarf), Alyssum Sweet, Asperula, Bellis, Candytuft, Centaurea, "Dusty Miller," Lobelia, Mignonette, Myosotis, Nasturtium (dwarf), Nemophila, Pansy, Portulaca, Snapdragon (dwarf), Silene, Sweet William, Sweet Peas (dwarf).

PLANTS FOR BEDDING AND IN MASSES

Adonis, Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Asters, Bachelor's Buttons, Balsam, Brachycombe, Cacalia, Calendula, Calceolus, California Poppy, Campanula, Castor Beans, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Clarkia, Coxcumb, Delphinium, Digitalis, Four o'Clock, Gaillardia, Geranium, Heliotrope, Lantana, Larkspur, Linum, Mignonette, Nicotiana, Nigella, Phlox, Petunia, Pinks, Poppy, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Scabiosa, Sunflower (fancy), Stocks, Sweet Sultan, Sweet William, Verbena, Wallflower, Zinnia.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

Adlumia, Ampelopsis, Bignonia, Canary Bird Flower, Clematis, Coboea, Cypress Vine, Gourds, Hop, Japanese Hyacinth Beans, Ipomoea, Ivy, Morning Glory, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Thunbergia, Wild Cucumber, Wiseria.

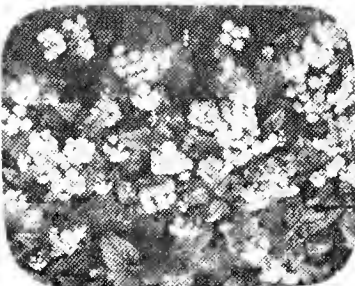
SELECT FLOWER SEED

Abronia Umbellata (A)—Handsome trailing plants, with clusters of sweet scented rosy pink flowers, resembling the Verbena. Pkt., 5c.

Abutilon (Chinese Bell Flower, or Flowering Maple) (P)—Greenhouse shrub and profuse bloomer. Valuable in the garden and an excellent house plant. Finest mixed varieties. 4 feet. Pkt., 10c.

Acroclinium (Everlasting) (H. A.)—Extensively used as a dried flower for house decorations. They should be gathered before fully open and tops hung downward to dry. 1 ft. Double Mixed, Pkt., 5c.

Adlumia Cirrhosa (Mountain Fringe, or Allegheny Vine)—Graceful hardy biennial climber with feathery foliage, like that of the Maidenhair Fern, and tube-shaped flower of delicate rose, pink and white, which cover the plant. Grows 15 ft. high; desirable for covering trellises, stumps, etc. Pkt., 10c.



Ageratum

Adonis Autumnalis (Pheasant's Eye) (H. A.)—Showy annual of easy culture, with pretty, fine cut foliage, dark crimson flowers; lasts a long time. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Ageratum (Floss Flower) (H. A.)—One of the best bedding and border plants, blooming from early summer until frost. Flowers do not fade in the rain. 1½ ft. Blue, pkt., 5c. White, pkt., 5c. Dwarf Mixed, 10 inches, pkt., 5c.

Alyssum Sweet (H. A.)—One of the best known annuals; used extensively for bordering and edging; also valuable for cutting. Flowers from early summer till late fall.

Sweet Alyssum—The well known fragrant white. Pkt., 5c.

Little Gem—Very dwarf; 4 inches, and spreading. They quickly become one mass of white, fragrant flowers, remaining in full bloom from spring to fall. Pkt., 10c.

Veitchii (Boston, or Japanese Ivy)—One of the best hardy vines for covering brick or stone buildings; foliage dense, turning to scarlet in fall. 100 ft. Pkt., 5c.



Sweet Alyssum—Used as a Border



Asters

(Half-Hardy Annual)

Asters are today one of the most popular summer and autumn flowers, as they appear in their fullest beauty when the ordinary flowers are beginning to look rusty. Indispensable for the flower garden, fine as a show plant for fairs and exhibitions, and charming pot plants. Very profuse bloomers, with exceedingly beautiful flowers of the most exquisite colors and almost perfect form.

Asters are classified according to their height, as tall, half dwarf and dwarf. The tall varieties are fine for the center of large beds and for cutting; the dwarfs are particularly fine for borders or masses of one color, as they are compact and bloom very profusely; the semi-dwarfs are good for all purposes and extra fine for pot culture.

Plants from seeds sown in the open ground in May will bloom in September and October; if started in the hotbed, pots or boxes in the house, in March or April, flowers can be had in July and August. In hot, dry weather mulch liberally with old manure or coarse litter, and do not let them suffer for water.

Snowball—The best dwarf white aster. The beautiful shape of the snow-white flowers and the free flowering habit of the plants are unequalled in any other dwarf aster. Pkt., 10c.

Daybreak—A beautiful easy aster, commencing to bloom in August, the flowers are ball-shaped, very double and of a lovely shell pink color; excellent for cutting; height 18 inches. Pkt., 10c.

Comet—A good bedding variety, with large blossoms, the petals of which are long, narrow, and curled backward. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

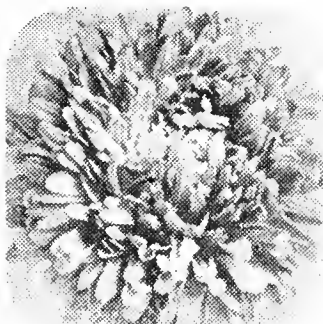
New Giant Comet—Flowers are extra large, with long, wavy curled petals, similar to Japanese Chrysanthemum. Plants at a height of 2½ feet; of branching habit and long stems. Mixed, pkt., 10c.

Queen of the Market—The best early Aster, usually in full bloom two weeks before most other sorts begin to blossom. Of graceful spreading habit. The plants are about 1 foot high, bearing from 10 to 15 finely formed flowers on long and graceful stems. The colors include white, pink, deep rose, light blue, dark blue, violet and crimson. Pkt., 10c.

Trauffaut's Peony-Flowered—A valuable and standard variety. The most perfect peony-type known. Tall growing, and bearing an enormous quantity of extra large double flowers beautifully incurved and of every shade, from pure white to glowing crimson. Mixture of all colors, pkt., 10c.

Vick's Branching—A class of very strong growing Asters not coming into bloom until very late, but producing flowers so large, double, perfect in form and borne on such long stems that florists sometimes sell them for chrysanthemums. Mixed, pkt., 10c.

Customers' Selection of Asters—Any three 10-cent packages for 25c; any six ten-cent packages for 45c.



Trauffaut's
Peony Flowered

MIXED ASTERS

A bed of mixed Asters, all kinds, colors and varieties, is certainly attractive. We offer in mixtures of both dwarf and tall-growing sorts separate.

Mixed Tall-Growing Asters—All sorts and colors; will make an interesting and attractive bed. Large pkt., 10c.

Mixed Dwarf Asters—All the low-growing sorts. Pkt., 10c. One pkt. of each for 15c.

Bells Perennis fl. pl. (Double Daisy) (H.P.)—Flowering early in the spring; very double. Fine for borders, requiring partial shade in hot weather. Finest Mixed. Extra 4 in. Pkt., 10c.

Bignonia (Trumpet Vine)—Magnificent, hardy perennial climber, with brilliant scarlet or yellow flowers; a most ornamental and effective covering for walls, houses, etc., 30 ft. Pkt., 10c.

Brachycome (Swan River Daisy)—A hardy annual, growing from 6 to 10 inches high and producing an abundance of pretty blue and white flowers. Pkt., 5c.

Brownallia (H.A.)—Excellent free-flowering verberna-like flowers. Will flower all summer in the open, also making excellent house plants for winter use. 18 in. Finest Mixed, pkt., 5c.

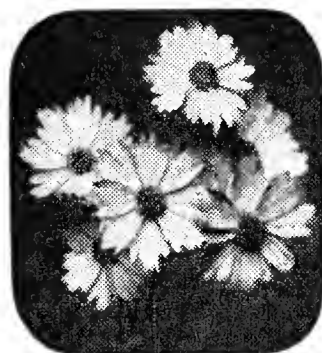
Calendula (Pot Marigold) (H.A.)

—Large double flowers, blooming all summer, closing somewhat at night and opening slightly on cloudy days; flowers borne on long, stiff stems. 2 ft. Double, Finest Mixed, pkt., 5c.



California Poppies

California Poppy—See Eschscholtzia.



Coreopsis

Calliopsis (or Coreopsis)—One of the most effective of our hardy annuals; very showy in open garden and excellent for cutting; flowers borne on individual stems 18 inches in length. Worthy of a place in every garden. 2 ft. Finest Mixed, pkt., 5c.

Cacalia (Tassel Flower)—A beautiful and profuse flowering plant, with tassel-shaped orange and scarlet flowers; fine for mixed borders; hardy annual. Pkt., 5c.

Amaranthus (H.A.)—Brilliant foliage annuals, growing from 3 to 5 ft. high. Very useful in borders of tall plants or for the centers of large beds. Give plants plenty of room.

Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) (H.A.)

—One of the finest flowers for cutting in existence, bearing long spikes of gorgeous colored flowers. It is also grown extensively under glass in the winter. Seed sown in the house or hotbed during February or March will flower in July and continue until frost. They succeed best in rather light soil, in a sunny position and although perennials, succeed well when treated as annuals. The tall varieties grow about 2 ft., the dwarf ones about 12 inches high.

Tom Thumb Mixed—Large variety of colors; best for bedding. Pkt., 5c.

Tall Mixed—Extra fine selection; best for cutting. Pkt., 5c.

Aquilegia—See Columbine.

Armeria (Thrift, or Sea Pink) (H. P.)—Pretty little plants for borders or edging, growing in tufts. Pkt., 5c.

Asperula Odorata (Sweet Woodruff) (H. P.)—Free flowering plants which thrive well in shaded places. Flowers white, sweet scented. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding)—Brilliant blood red of drooping habit. 3 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat)—Leaves red, yellow and green. Pkt., 5c.

Ammoblum Alatum (H. A.)—Valuable white everlasting; when fully expanded the flower has a yellow center. When sown early and treated as a hardy annual, the plants bloom freely the same year. Height 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.

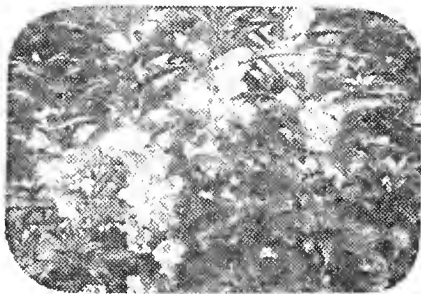
Ampelopsis (H. P.) Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper or Woodbine)—Foliage turns scarlet in fall. 50 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Balloon Vine (Live in a Puff)—A rapid growing, annual climber, attaining a height of 10 to 16 feet; bears small, white flowers, followed by inflated seed pods, hence the name. Pkt., 5c.

Blue Bonnet, Blue Lupin (Lupinus Subcarnosus)—A family of native American plants that is both pleasing and decorative for bedding and border. The foliage is a handsome green in the form of many lance-like rays about a common center. The flowers consist of tapering spikes of pea-shaped blossoms very useful for cut flowers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.



Antirrhinum or Snapdragon



Balsam or Touch-Me-Not

Bean, Scarlet Runner—A tall or climbing bean with beautiful red or white blossoms. Pkt., 5c.

Campanula Media (Canterbury Bells) (H.B.)—Plants grow in pyramidal form, bearing in profusion large, bell-shaped flowers. Very showy in mixed borders or among shrubbery. Colors, white, and various shades of violet, rose, lilac and blue. Height 2 to 4 feet. One of the wild forms of Campanula is the "Blue Bells of Scotland." Seeds sown in February will flower first season; sown in July will flower following season. **English Prize Mixture**. 3 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Canary Bird Flower (Tropocolum Canariense)—A beautiful climber with small, curiously shaped canary colored blossoms. Will bloom freely from July until killed by frost. Tender annual; height about 20 feet. Pkt., 5c.

Candytuft (H. A.)—Very showy for borders; flowers form in spikes; plants of branching habit. One of the best cut flowers for bouquets.

Giant Empress—White; Extra large. Fine for forcing. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.

Finest Mixed—1 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Candidissima—Ornamental plant of great beauty. Silvery white, deeply cut foliage. Pkt., 10c.

Chrysanthemum—Annual varieties. These are showy and effective garden varieties extensively grown for cut flowers. The foliage is ornamental and finely cut. The single varieties grow 12 to 18 inches high and produce on long stems large flowers resembling the Daisy, but of many bright colorings in distinct bands or rings. **Finest Mixed, Single, pkt., 5c. Finest Mixed, Double, pkt., 5c.**

Clematis—A popular hardy perennial climber. An old favorite and justly so, for there are few garden climbers that give more satisfaction. Pkt., 10c.

CARNATIONS

Carnations are general favorites on account of their bright colored, deliciously fragrant flowers. The Marguerites and Chabauds are the best for summer blooming; the strains which we offer here are the best and largest flowering and also the very earliest and can be had in bloom four months from sowing.

Perpetual Early Flowering, Double Chabaud—A very fine, early and large flowering strain, likely to produce flowers fully equal to the best greenhouse sorts; it contains a great variety of colors and shades, very fine for pot plants. Mixed colors. Pkt., 15c.

Balsam (Lady's Slipper, Touch-Me-Not)—An old favorite, producing gorgeous masses of beautiful, brilliant colored flowers in the greatest profusion, double as roses and in every shade of color. Very showy in mixed borders or among shrubbery. Colors, white, and various shades of violet, rose, lilac and blue. Height 2 to 4 feet. One of the wild forms of Campanula is the "Blue Bells of Scotland." Seeds sown in February will flower first season; sown in July will flower following season. **English Prize Mixture**. 3 ft. Pkt., 5c.

Perfection White Queen—Finest double, pure white. Pkt., 5c.

Double Camelia-Flowered—Finest mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Choicest Double Mixed Colors—Pkt., 5c.

Carnation Marguerite—This new race of Carnations, unlike all others, bloom in about three months from the time of sowing the seed and continue to flower until checked by frost. They embrace a fine range of brilliant colors, are very fine flowering. **Best Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Ricinus or Castor Oil Bean—Our stock of this beautiful ornamental plant consists of a mixture of two varieties; the Sanguineus, foliage a beautiful red; and the Zanzibarilensis, a giant variety introduced from New Zanzibar, a port on the coast of the province of German East Africa. The expansive foliage of this variety gives a beautiful effect which is of true tropical origin. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

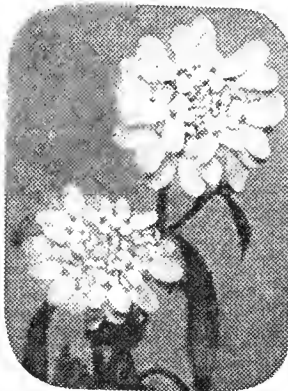
Catch-Fly (Silene)—An attractive and generous bloomer with brilliant dense heads of flowers. An excellent plant for bordering walks and circular beds. Hardy annual; height 18 inches. Pkt., 5c.

Celosia Cristata, or Cockscomb—A half-hardy annual, growing 6 to 8 inches high, bearing a wide, wavy blossom that resembles a cock's comb. In brilliant colors and fine for massing or border work.

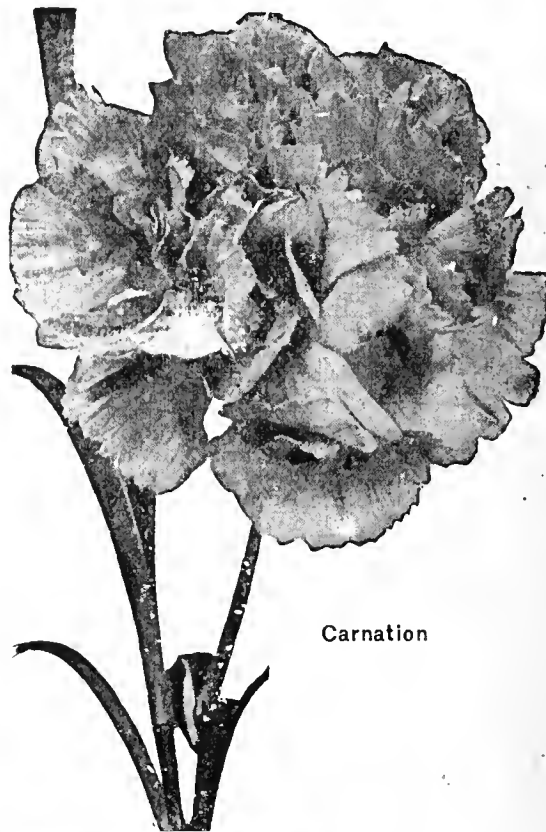
Dwarf Mixed—Several shades of red and yellow, mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Celosia Plumosis, or Feathered Cockscomb—This species grows 2 to 3 feet high, and bears long, feathery plumes in brilliant colors. Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Magnificent (Thompson's)—A new variety, superior to the older sorts, bearing grand spikes; flowers in mid-summer. Mixed. Colors have a wide range. Pkt., 10c.



Candytuft



Carnation

Seeds of Annual Flowers

The following Centaureas are perfectly hardy annuals, of easy culture, and are general favorites both for the garden and for cut flowers. Seed should be sown early where plants are desired to bloom. Plants should stand one foot or more apart each way.

Cyanus (Bachelor's Button, Corn Flower)—This is the flower seen in such great abundance in the fields of Europe. If seed is sown as soon as the ground is fit in the spring and the flowers picked so as to prevent the plant exhausting itself by seeding it will furnish a profusion of bright blue, purple, white or pink flowers from July until late in the autumn. One to two feet high. Mixed. Oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

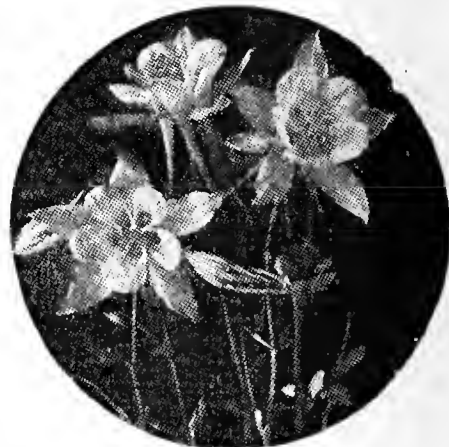
Imperialis (Royal Sweet Sultan)—A strain of Giant-flowering Sweet Sultan; the finest of all for cut flowers. Blooms continuously from summer till autumn. The flowers are of vari-

ous colors, from glistening white, through shades of pink, lilac, crimson, and violet, to purple. Very fragrant. Plant vigorous, nearly 4 feet high, and covered with enormous flowers on very long stems. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Columbine (Aquilegia) (P)—Hardy plants, growing about 2 ft. high, blooming in May and June. Beautiful perennials, with fine foliage, abundance of long-stemmed, graceful flowers; should be more generally cultivated.



DOUBLE CORN FLOWER



Columbine

Aquilegia Coerulea (True Rocky Mountain Columbine)—Colorado's emblematic flower. Needs to be seen to be appreciated. The flower petals lay open more flat than the common Columbine. Color is a light blue, in very high altitudes nearly white. **Pkt., 10c.**

California Hybrida—One of the hardiest and most free blooming of all Columbines, having orange red and yellow flowers. **Oz., \$2.50; pkt., 10c.**

Marguerite—A sweet scented, white Centaurea, about as large as a medium sized carnation. The flowers are beautifully lacinated and produced on long stems and their lasting quality after being cut is remarkable. **Pkt., 10c.**

Clarkin—A hardy annual of easy culture, growing about 18 inches high and bearing bright rose, white, or purple flowers in great profusion. Native of California. **Pkt., 5c.**

Mixed Double—Best and finest colors. **Oz., 30c; pkt., 5c.**

Cobnsea Scandens-Cathedral Bells—30 ft. One of the handsomest and rapid growing climbers. The flowers are bell shaped and of a purplish-lilac when full grown. It is a very prolific bloomer. Mixed, white and blue. **Pkt., 10c.**

Coleus (A)—Gorgeous colored variegated foliage; indispensable for ornamental bedding, fine for pot culture. Fine varieties. **Mixed, pkt., 15c.**

Cosmos—This beautiful annual is one of the most showy and useful of our garden plants. Plants grow from 4 to 6 feet in height, and are very bushy and compact. Flowers borne on long delicate stems and are similar to single Dahlias. Foliage very finely cut. Excellent for cutting.



Single Early Cosmos

Klondyke—A gorgeous orange-yellow variety with very handsome foliage more coarsely lacinated than other sorts. **Pkt., 10c;**

Lady Lenox—Beautiful shell pink. Flowers are from 4 to 6 inches in diameter; stems from 1 to 3 feet long; plants strong and vigorous growers. **Pkt., 10c.**

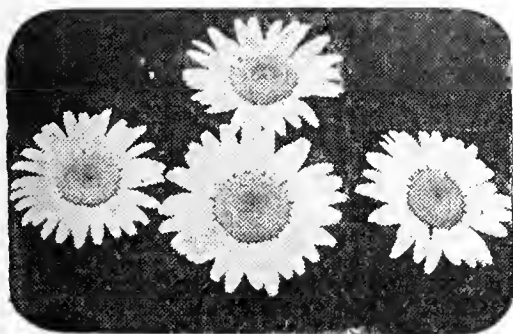
Early Flowering, Finest Mixed—Includes white, brick red and rose colored flowers. Seed if sown in March and April will flower during July. **Pkt., 5c.**

Giants of California—Flowers double the size of the old varieties. **Pkt., 10c.**

Cypress Vine (Ipomoea Quamoclit)—A tender, climbing annual, with soft fernlike foliage and small starlike flowers in red and pink, or white. **Mixture of several colors, pkt., 5c.**

Daisy—Charming little plants for edging and borders. The flowers are quilled and flat-petaled, white, pink, red and variegated. Height 6 inches. Tender perennial.

Shasta Daisy—This is one of the creations of Mr. Luther Burbank. It is perfectly hardy, grows anywhere and blooms more abundantly each season. The flowers are very large. **Alaska, pure white; California, pale yellow; Westralia, cream yellow. Each, pkt., 10c.**



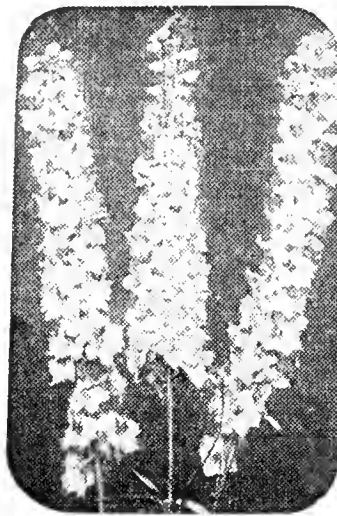
Double Daisies

Daisy, Snowball—Large flowering, pure white and extremely double, with very long stems, making them valuable for cutting. **Pkt., 10c.**

Daisy, "Longfellow"—Flowers of unusual size, a dark rose color. **Pkt., 10c.**

Daisy, Double—See Bellis Perennis.

Datura (Trumpet Flower, or Horn of Plenty)—A tender annual, growing 3 feet high. Flowers large and trumpet shaped. **Pkt., 5c.**



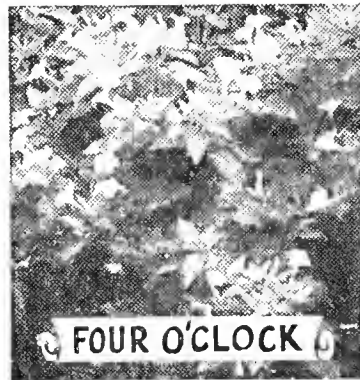
Larkspur—Annual Delphinium

Feverfew (Double)—Handsome large double white flowers, excellent for bedding; also for house culture; blooms abundantly all season; 12 inches high. **Pkt., 5c.**

Forget-Me-Not (Myosotis)—A hardy perennial growing about 6 to 10 inches high. Small star-like flowers are borne in clusters on long stems. Of easy culture and will bloom the first year if seed is sown early. **Fin-Mixed, 2 ft., pkt., 5c.**

Four O'Clock (Mirabilis)—The Marvel of Peru, or Four O'Clock, is one of the most brilliant and showy of annuals. Planted in beds or masses, their very compact growth, rich glossy leaves, together with their profusion and diversity of bloom, present a gorgeous sight in afternoon. **Mixture of all colors, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.**

Foxglove (Digitalis)—One of the finest of perennials, bearing long spikes of gloxinia-like flowers of tubular shape. Plants will grow in partial shade and in almost any good garden soil; attains a height of 4 ft. **Mixed, all the choice colors, pkt., 5c.**



FOUR O'CLOCK



Gaillardia

Gaillardia (Blanket Flower)—Very showy annuals used abundantly for borders and bedding and fine for cut flowers. Seed should be started early and will flower continually until frost. **Single and Double Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Globe Amaranth (Gomphrena) (H. A.)—Globe-shaped, everlasting flowers. When in full bloom should be cut and hung up to dry; will hold their color all winter. **2 ft. Finest Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Godetia (Satin Flower) (H. A.)—Rapid growing annual shrub, producing large, mallow-like flowers; very ornamental in mixed beds. Plants require plenty of room and thrive better in a poor soil. **18 inches. Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Golden Rod—Considered a weed on our western prairies, it has been adopted by New York as state flower. Admired by all; easily grown from seed. **Pkt., 5c.**

Gypsophila—Sometimes called "Baby's Breath," or "Angel's Breath." Delicate, free flowering plant covered with small, star-shaped flowers. Well adapted for hanging baskets or edgings, and valuable for making bouquets. White and rose-pink flowers. **Hardy annual; 1 ft. Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Gourds—See page 8.

Heliotrope—Is a universal favorite on account of its delightful fragrance and long duration of bloom, flowering equally well as bedding plants in summer or as pot plants in the house in the winter. It is not generally known that Heliotrope may be raised from seed as easily as the Verbena. **Mixed, pkt., 10c.**

Helianthus—See Sunflower.

Helianthus (Straw Flower)—A hardy annual of the easiest culture; one of our best "Everlasting" flowers, the dried double blooms being very handsome in winter bouquets. **2 ft. Mixed, pkt., 5c.**

Hibiscus (Mallow) (P)—Vigorous growing plants, producing large, handsome flowers, often 6 inches across. Very desirable for mixed beds or borders. **Mixed, pkt., 5c.**



Hollyhocks

Hollyhock—Entirely different and more beautiful than the plant of twenty years ago, being much more compact in growth, the flowers larger, more richly colored and of better form. For a background to a flower garden nothing is better. All double varieties are hardy perennials; 5 feet high.

Early Flowering—Blooms readily the first year from seed, affording a wide range of colors in large single or semi-double flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Allegheny Mammoth Fringed—An entirely distinct variety. Flowers are single, double and semi-double, of fine form and rich color. Splendid for the border or for the hardy garden. Pkt., 10c.

Chater's Prize Double Mixed—Magnificent double flowers 3 to 4 inches across, and all of the brightest colors. Pkt., 10c.

Humulus (Japanese Hop) (H. A.)—Climber of rapid growth. Fine for covering verandas and trellises, attaining a height of 12 feet. Pkt., 5c.

Hyacinth Bean—A fine climber with clusters of purple or white flowers followed by ornamental seed pods. Tender annual, growing from 10 to 20 feet high. Pkt., 5c.

Job's Tears (Coix Lachryma)—An ornamental grass, imported from East India, with broad corn-like leaves. A vigorous grower and used extensively in winter bouquets. Strings of handsome beads are formed from the seeds of this plant. Hardy annual; height, 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.

Kochia Tricophyllis (Also called Mexican Burning Bush or Summer Cypress)—A splendid ornamental annual plant, forming dense oval bushes 2 to 2½ feet high, of small, feathery, light green foliage. As summer advances this changes to a carmine hue and finally to a fiery red. A very attractive plant at all times. Pkt., 5c.

Lantana—Tender perennial, growing from 2 to 3 feet high, bearing Verbena-like clusters of flowers, in orange, white, rose and other colors; excellent for bedding. Choice Mixed, pkt., 5c.

Larkspur (Delphinium)—The Larkspur is one of the handsomest and most useful of plants and for large gardens is invaluable. There are two classes of the Larkspur which are quite distinct, the annual and the perennial.

Annual Larkspur—A fine variety of colors, shades of blue, red, and others striped and mottled. Double Dwarf Rocket, Finest Mixed; Tall Rocket, Double Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Perennial Larkspurs are most showy and useful in permanent plantings, as they produce splendid spikes of flowers all summer. Perfectly hardy. Choice Mixed, best varieties, pkt., 5c.

Lavender—Chiefly cultivated for the delicious and lasting fragrance of its flowers, succeeds in any common garden soil. Perennial. Pkt., 5c.

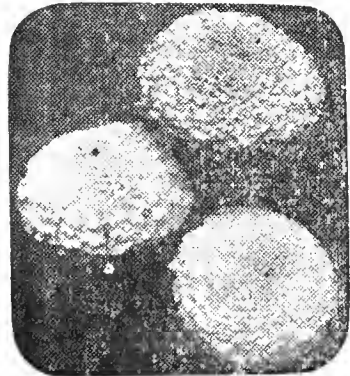
Linum, or Scarlet Flax—A hardy annual about 1½ feet high. Of slender and graceful appearance, with small stems and bright red flowers, which are borne in great profusion. Pkt., 5c.

Lobelia—This popular and beautiful flowering plant is most desirable for pot culture, edgings, hanging baskets, etc., blooming profusely from June to November. Plants grow about 6 inches high. They are treated as annuals and are of the easiest culture.

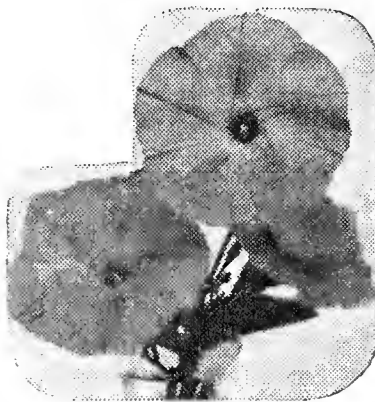
Crystal Palace Compacts—Best dark blue sort for edgings and carpet bedding. Pkt., 10c.

Gracilis—Fine for hanging baskets, vases and window boxes. Light blue. A trailing variety. Pkt., 5c.

Marigold—Old fashioned flowers, rich and showy, blooming continually all summer; excellent for bouquets and a beautiful garden plant. Tall African varieties best for garden and cutting, while French varieties are fine for edging. Annual Mammoth African, Finest Mixed Double, 3 ft., pkt., 5c. French Dwarf Double, Finest Mixed, 2 ft., pkt., 5c.



Marigold



Early Skyblue

Morning Glory—Heavenly Blue. The flowers measure from 3½ to 4 inches across and in color they are a bright sky blue with white throat. Unlike other Morning Glories the blossom stays out all day; they are very profuse bloomers and all through the season the vines are a mass of beautiful blue blossoms. The plants transplant very readily when young. Seed of our own growing. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Morning Glory (Convolvulus)—A climbing annual, growing about 10 feet high in one season, flowers are well known and exist in a great variety of colors.

Major—Tall climbing. Mixed, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Finest Mixed Japanese—Very choice strain; flowers large, and in greatest variety of colors and shades. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Dwarf, or Bush Varieties (Convolvulus Minor)—Plants grow 10 to 12 inches high, and are hardy annuals. Useful for beds, edges or hanging baskets. Mixed, pkt., 5c.

Mignonette—A general favorite on account of its delightful fragrance. Blooms throughout the season. Sow from middle of April to middle of June. Most fragrant on poor soil. Hardy annual; height 1 foot.

Improved Machet—A highly developed strain; splendid, large, red flower spikes. One of the very best for pot culture. Pkt., 10c.

Parson's White—Flowers almost pure white, borne on spikes 6 inches to a foot in length. Pkt., 5c.

Sweet Mignonette (Reseda Odorata)—The old fashioned, deliciously sweet scented variety. Pkt., 5c.

Finest Mixed Varieties—An elegant mixture of many other choice sorts. Pkt., 5c.

Morning Bride—See Scablosa.

Myosotis—See Forget-Me-Not.

Moon Flower (Ipomoea grandiflora alba)—One of the most vigorous of all the summer climbers and will grow 30 to 40 feet in a single season and be covered with its large, white flowers every evening and cloudy day. Tender annual. Pkt., 10c.

Mimulus (Monkey Flower)—Magnificent, dwarf, half-hardy perennials, which flowers profusely, thriving best in moist situations.

Tigrinus (Monkey Flower)—Fine mixed spotted and blotched flowers. Pkt., 5c.

Moschatus (Musk-Plant)—Grown for its musky odor; fine for hanging baskets, etc.; small yellow flowers. Pkt., 5c.



Morning Glory

NASTURTIUMS

For freedom of bloom, ease of culture and handsome effect, few flowers equal the Nasturtium. They are of quick growth, thrive in the poorest soil and give the greatest abundance of lovely, sweet scented flowers. Splendid when used as cut flowers.

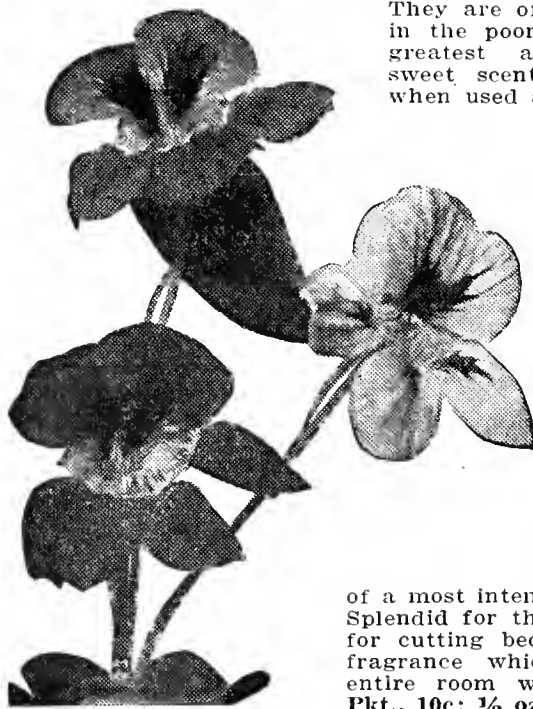
NASTURTIUM

Double Sweet Scented

GOLDEN GLEAM
The Sensational Seed Novelty of 1932

Thousands of gardeners consider this the finest new flower introduced in recent years. Forms neat, vigorous bushes which throw out short runners, 18 inches long. The entire plant is covered from mid-summer until frost with large, double, sweet scented blooms

of a most intense golden yellow color. Splendid for the garden and peerless for cutting because of its color and fragrance which will permeate an entire room within a short period. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.



Nasturtiums

DWARF OR TOM THUMB



Dwarf Nasturtiums

Dwarf Nasturtiums are very desirable for borders along walks, paths, etc. They are in constant bloom. Grow about a foot high.

Finest Dwarf Mixed—This includes many showy colors, having both light and dark foliage, in mixture. A very wide range of flowers in beautiful colorings. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c.

Nicotiana (Sweet Scented Tobacco) (H.A.)—Flowers borne in clusters, long, tube-shaped, opening toward evening and emitting a powerful and pleasant odor.

Affinis—White and very fragrant. Pkt., 5c.

Nigella (Love-in-a-Mist, or Devil-in-the-Bush) (H.A.)—Plants bear very showy flowers, with the foliage finely cut; form very curious; interesting plants. Height 1 foot. Double, Mixed Colors, pkt., 5c.

Oenothera (Evening Primrose)—An attractive hardy perennial border plant of dwarf compact habit, producing an abundance of bright showy flowers, in white, pale yellow, rose, etc. Of very easy culture, preferring a light dry soil.

Passion Flower (Coerulea)—A beautiful perennial half-hardy climber with blue and white flowers. Pkt., 10c.

BEDDING PETUNIAS

Petunia (H. A.)—One of our most popular annuals of the easiest culture, thriving in almost any soil and frequently seedling itself and coming up the following year. No other produces a greater diversity of color, retaining their freshness for so long a period.

Finest Mixed—A choice mixture of colors and shades; will make a fine display in your garden. Pkt., 5c.

Striped and Blotched—A most beautiful strain of Petunia for bedding and massing. Our mixture contains an endless variety of colors. Pkt., 5c.

Grandiflora Single, Mixed—A strain of incomparable beauty and luxuriance. Flowers most varied in colors and markings; beautifully ruffled, fringed and of enormous size. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts. for 25c.

PANSY

Our Pansy seeds are imported direct from the leading pansy specialists of Europe and are the best selections from the new and improved standard types. For early outdoor bedding seed should be sown in the early fall, in rich moist garden soil or in cold frames. Spring sowings should be made early. Pansies do best in very rich, moist soil and, cool, moist atmosphere. A situation sheltered from high winds and exposed to the morning sun is most favorable and frequent sprinklings are advantageous.

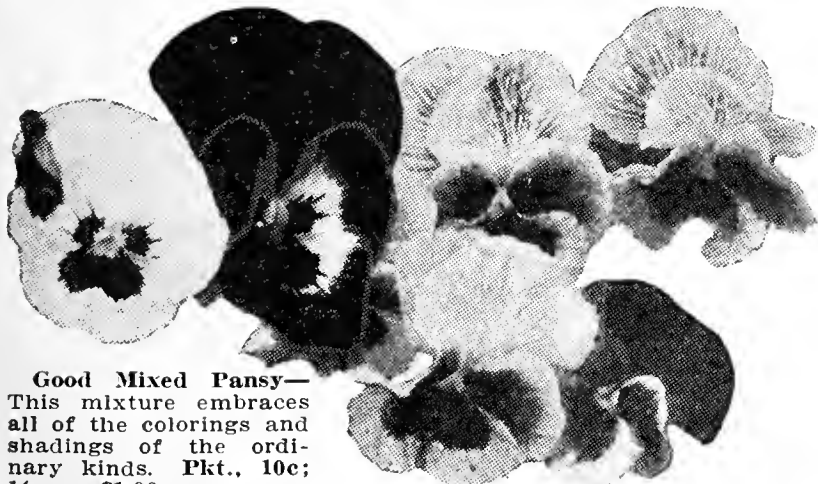
Bugnots Superb Blotched—Very beautiful class, of enormous flowers with broad blotches, many having the two upper petals finely lined, showing a great diversity of handsome and rare colors. Pkt., 10c.

Cassiers Large Flowered Blotched—The largest flowered class of blotched Pansies. An incomparable strain, producing many beautiful and rare varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Masterpiece Exhibition—The finest strain of Pansies in cultivation, saved only from the largest and best shaped flowers of the richest colors which are elegantly curled and undulated, some so full as to appear double. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Odier or Prize Blotched, Mixed—A large flowered type, with round blossoms. The petals are all blotched at the base and distinctly margined on the edge. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Trimardeau, Mixed—The largest flowering type of Pansies called the French strain. The top petals are larger than the three lower ones and are beautifully marked. Pkt., 10c.



Good Mixed Pansies

Good Mixed Pansy—This mixture embraces all of the colorings and shadings of the ordinary kinds. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

PHLOX-DRUMMONDII

(Frame Flower)

The annual Phloxes are dazzling in effect, particularly so when sown in masses or ribbon beds of contrasting colors. Few flowers are so easily grown from seed—and if given good soil and care can be grown throughout the year.



Phlox

Phlox, Drummondii—The old fashioned favorite variety. Our mixture contains all colors. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 40c.

Drummondii Dwarf Grandiflora—One foot high. Largest flowering, pure white, blood red, striped and variegated. Mixed, pkt., 10c.

Drummondii Dwarf Mixed—A selection of brilliant colors, strongly recommended for beds, edgings, or borders. Pkt., 10c.

Star Phlox (Star of Quedlinburg)—Of dwarf habit with very pretty star-shaped flowers. A novel and beautiful variety. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Phlox, Perennial—Two to three feet. The great rich heads or flower masses are simply magnificent. The most admired sorts and best bloomers. Mixed, pkt., 10c.

Pinks—See Dianthus.

Vine seeds are our specialty, which are developed and matured perfectly under irrigation.

We would like to send your friends and neighbors a copy of our catalog.

We prepay postage on all garden seed.

Seeds grown under irrigation produce strong plants.

Cultivate your garden thoroughly for the best results.

Gardeners who buy Beans in large quantities should write for special prices.

POPPIES

(Annual and Perennial)

Probably no class of plants enjoy greater popularity and is more widely grown than the Poppies; their wonderful range of color of their delicate, gracefully borne flowers is well known to all lovers of flowers.

The Poppies are quite hardy and the seed should be sown as early in the spring as possible, where the plants are to remain.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

The Shirley—Flowers exceedingly graceful and elegant; single; colors ranging from bluish white, delicate pink, rose and carmine, to bright sparkling crimson, occasionally blotched and streaked with white. The best and most showy of all single Poppies. Finest Mixed, pkt., 5c.

California Poppy—See Eschscholtzia.

Cardinal—Very large, double flowers, beautifully fringed, of vivid scarlet color; height 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.

Double White Fringed—This is the finest double white Poppy. The plants are about 2½ feet high. The blooms are from 3 to 4 inches in diameter, perfectly double, finely fringed and of purest white. Pkt., 5c.

PERENNIAL POPPIES

Iceland Poppy (Nudicaule)—The plants are of graceful, neat habit, with bright green, fern-like foliage from which issue slender stalks about 12 inches high, bearing their brilliant and fragrant flowers in endless profusion. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Oriental Poppy—Gorgeous, showy flowers, measuring 6 to 7 inches across, of dazzling, brilliant colors, mostly shades of red; are perfectly hardy, living through our winter with but little protection, and increase in size and beauty every year. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Portulaca (Rose Moss)—Hardy annual plants of easy culture. Will glow and bloom abundantly all summer in a dry, hot location, where most other plants would soon die. The flowers are of the richest colors and make a beautiful border. Single, Mixed Colors, pkt., 5c. Double, Mixed Colors, pkt., 10c.

Pyrethrum—See Feverfew.

Ricinus—See Castor Beans.

Rhodanthe (Everlasting Flower)—One of the finest and most beautiful of the many varieties of everlastings; for winter bouquets, the blossoms should be gathered before fully expanded, and if dried in the shade, will retain their brilliancy for years. Rose and white mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Salpiglossis (Velvet Flower)—Beautiful garden annuals about 18 inches high, bearing large Petunia-like flowers of gorgeous colors, laced and veined. Large flowering, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Salvia (Flowering Sage)—Fine plants with spikes of scarlet and blue flowers; good for pot culture or out-of-door bloom in summer; fine in groups. Sow seed in house.

Splendens—Brilliant scarlet. Pkt., 5c.

Scabiosa (H. A.) (Mourning Bride)—Perfectly double flowers, useful for cutting; gracefully borne upon long slender stems; range of color from white to rich pink, crimson to deep red, lilac and black mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Schizanthus—Hardy annuals, growing 1½ to 2 feet high and covered with bright, showy, butterfly-like blossoms. Large flowering. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Silene—See Catchfly.

Snagdragon—See Antirrhinum.

STOCKS

(Gilliflower)

The Stock is one of the most popular annuals, either for bedding or pot culture; in brilliancy and diversity of color, fragrance, profusion and duration of bloom it is unsurpassed.

Double German Ten Weeks—This favorite summer variety comes into bloom early and is excellent for bedding out. Deliciously fragrant flowers and very desirable for cutting. Shades of white, red, purple, lavender and maroon. Mixed colors Pkt., 5c.

SWEET WILLIAM

A splendid old fashioned plant, producing its large heads of beautifully colored, sweet scented flowers in great abundance. It is hardy, easily grown and flowers the second year from seed.

Single Mixed—Magnificent strain, flowers of large size, containing many attractive shades. Pkt., 5c.

Double Mixed—Carefully saved from double flowers. Pkt., 5c.

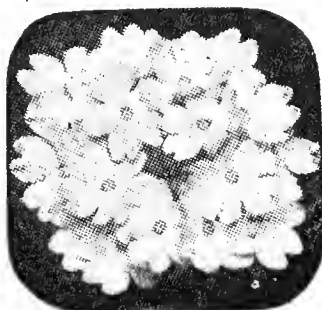
Sunflower (Helianthus)—Hardy annuals. Valuable as a screen to hide unsightly places, and as a background for lawns. Hardy annual.

Double Chrysanthemum Flowered—A tall plant, growing 7 feet high and blooming profusely all summer. Flowers are double, large, round, golden, yellow and resemble chrysanthemums. Pkt., 5c.

Mammoth Russian—Very large, usually grown for feed. The stalks are sometimes used for fuel. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 55c.

Thunbergia, or Black-Eyed Susan—A hardy annual climber, growing about 4 feet long, and valuable for low fences or hanging baskets. Prefers a sunny situation. Blossoms are buff, orange or white, with dark centers. Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Trumpet Vine—See Bignonia.



Verbena

Verbena—A half hardy trailing perennial of easy culture. It is well known as a bedding or border plant, and the improved large flowered and fragrant strains make it a handsome cut flower for low vases. Verbenas grown from seed are always thrifty and do not rust. Sow early in house, or out of doors in April.

New Giant Flowered Mixed—A new class of Verbena which is of extraordinary beauty, and surpasses all other varieties and strains in existence in size, perfection of form and richness of colors. The individual flowers are of great size. Large range of colors. Pkt., 10c.

Hybrida Mixed—All colors of the old sorts. Pkt., 5c.

Lemon Verbena—Pale green, delightfully scented foliage. Pkt., 10c.

Wallflower (Cheiranthus Choir)—An old-fashioned English flower, greatly esteemed for its fragrance and its free winter blooming qualities. Parisian varieties flower first season from seed.

Early Parisian—Single mixed. Annual; 18 in. Pkt., 10c.

Choice Double Mixed—A splendid selection, embracing a great variety of colors. Pkt., 10c.

Wild Cucumber (Echinocystis lobata)—This is a useful climber. To cover or to screen an unsightly building, there is perhaps no annual climber better adapted for the purpose. The vine has abundant foliage, is thickly covered with white, fragrant flowers, followed by numerous prickly seed pods. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

Whitlavia—Charming hardy annuals with beautiful bell shaped flowers; will grow and bloom freely in any soil. Mixed. All colors. Pkt., 5c.

Xeranthemum—A fine and showy class of everlasting; flowers are used for winter bouquets. Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Zinnia—Splendid hardy annuals; succeeding well in any soil, and making a brilliant show, rivaling the dahlia in size and doubleness, while the colors are bright and varied and range from pure white to deep purplish crimson. Fine for hedges, beds or borders.

Giant Flowering, Mixed Colors—This mixture includes all of the best and largest types, and cannot be excelled in beauty of flower or range of color. Pkt., 5c.

Zinnia—Separate colors, old rose, orange, lemon, pink, cerise queen, scarlet king, lavender, red. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00.

Striped, or Zebra—A very pretty strain with striped flowers. Colors vary on each plant; presents a beautiful and curious appearance. Pkt., 5c.

Curled and Crested—A fine strain with large double flowers of perfect form; petals twisted, curled and crested into fantastic and graceful forms. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 25c.



Zinnias

Our Special Collection, A Perennial Garden

The following twelve fine strong perennials for \$1.25, delivered

- | | |
|----------------------|----------|
| 3 Iris | Assorted |
| 2 Perennial Phlox | Assorted |
| 2 Violets | Assorted |
| 2 Dianthus, or Pinks | Assorted |
| 1 Golden Glow | |
| 1 Lily of the Valley | |
| 1 Columbine | |

Collection of Hardy Plants The Following Six for \$1.00 Delivered

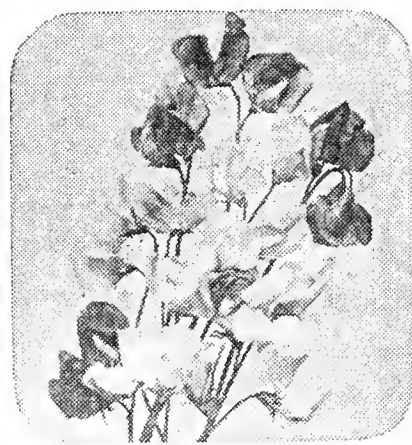
- 1 American Elder
- 1 Purple Lilac
- 1 Trumpet Vine
- 1 Pink June Rose Bush
- 1 Day Lily
- 1 Mountain Clematis



Rose Charm



Spencer Sweet Peas



Spencer Mixed

SWEET PEAS

How to Grow Sweet Peas

The soil for Sweet Peas should be rich and deep. A good rich loam, with plenty of well rotted manure in it, is the ideal soil for raising good plants that will produce an abundance of fine blossoms. They should be in a position fully exposed to sunlight and air on both sides of the row.

Sweet Peas are among the seeds to be sown very early in the spring. They should go into the ground as soon as the soil can be worked, and should be planted six inches deep, being covered at first with only two inches of soil, the trench being filled as the plants grow. It is best to soak the seeds for several hours before they are planted. If the plan of planting early is followed, and if the Sweet Peas are kept mulched with lawn clippings and watered abundantly, they are certain to give a crop of fine blossoms.

ORCHID-FLOWERED SWEET PEAS

The old fashioned grandiflora varieties are now superseded by this wonderful type, which are quite distinct, having large, round, open flowers of extraordinary size, usually measuring 2 inches across, with wavy standards and wide spreading wings, a very large percentage bearing four of these immense blossoms to the stem, which is long and strong, making them of exceptional value for cutting. Our list has been carefully revised and contains nothing but sorts of the highest merit.

All White—Largest and finest pure white.

Aviator—Dazzling crimson-scarlet.

Blue Bird—A splendid rich, deep blue.

Columbia—Salmon rose with white wings.

Cream, or Meadow Lark—Primrose yellow.

Fair Maid—The best blush pink early variety. Identical in color to the popular Alfrida Pearson.

Glitters—A sensational variety producing flowers of enormous size of a glittering fiery orange; a strong grower.

Harmony—The finest clear lavender yet introduced; flowers of largest size and nicely waved.

Pink Cherokee—Pink on cream ground, effect a rich cream pink.

Rose Charm—A very large flowering and beautifully waved bright rose.

True Blue—Rich mild blue.

Zvolanek's Rose—Rich rose.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c.

SPENCER MIXED—A splendid mixture of Spencer varieties grown for us by the most careful methods from proven stocks. A wide range of colors is thus assured in this comparatively new class of Sweet Peas of such remarkably large size and wonderfully attractive form. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.50.

PERENNIAL OR EVERLASTING PEA (Lathyrus)

Perfectly hardy and very handsome free blooming climbers, with clusters of elegant Sweet-Pea-like blooms which are produced in the greatest profusion. They come up year after year, and also bloom earlier than other Sweet Peas. Red, white or mixed, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Our Special Flower Seed Collection Value \$1.80 Mailed to Any Address Postpaid for \$1.00

2 oz. Choice Mixed Sweet Peas.

1 oz. Dwarf Nasturtium.

1 oz. Tall Nasturtium.

12 5-cent Pkts. Flower Seeds (your own selection).

6 10-cent Pkts. Flower Seeds (your own selection).

Try Our Sweet Peas; We List Many
Choice Varieties

EARLY AND LONG SEASON SPENCER

A new race of Sweet Peas, having the large waved flowers of the Spencer type, but flowering fully one month earlier, they also continue to flower for a much longer period.

Austin Frederick—A lovely soft lavender; flowers of giant size and perfect form, nicely waved.

Blue Bird—A beautiful clear blue.

Bonfire—Cherry pink, cream wings.

Commander Godsall—Very rich deep violet blue; a rather unusual tone.

Constance Hinton—The finest and largest white variety of strong, vigorous growth, with enormous wavy white flowers, frequently 2½ inches across, borne in sprays of fours, and often fives, on long, strong stems. This variety is black seeded, which means that it is easy to germinate.

Crimson King—Rich deep crimson.

Defiance—A sunproof orange scarlet, strong robust grower.

Gold Crest—A brilliant orange tinted salmon.

Hawlmart Pink—Quite distinct from any other pink variety, the general effect being rose pink suffused with salmon, undoubtedly one of the most beautiful pink Sweet Peas.

Hawlmart Scarlet—Color a brilliant vermillion, very large flowers, free growth.

Hebe—Large bright pink, an improved Hercules.

King Edward Spencer—Bright crimson-scarlet of largest size. A fine variety.

Mammoth—Blazing orange scarlet.

Matchless or Daffodil—This is considered the best of the creamy-yellow sorts. Flowers of largest size, nicely frilled and waved, a strong, sturdy grower.

Magnet—A splendid bright cream pink.

Mermaid—One of the best pure lavenders. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Miss California—One of the best pinks, a distinct shade of salmon pink.

Peggy—Brilliant cerise, flushed orange, very effective.

Royal Purple—Rich royal purple. One of the finest and most distinct varieties.

Snowball—A wonderful pure white, flowers of largest size on long strong stems, unusually fragrant. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Splendour—Rich reddish maroon, very pleasing.

Sunset—Beautiful tone of rich rose, base of petals suffused with glowing golden yellow.

Youth—A beautiful, free flowering picotee variety, the pure white standards and wings are distinctly edged with deep pink, very pretty.

Valentine—A grand extra large flowering soft blush pink, of strong, free, vigorous growth.

Warrior—Enormous flowers of a rich reddish bronzy maroon, the finest of this color yet introduced.

Price—Any of the above, except where noted: Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 75c.

CUPID SWEET PEAS

Have flowers as large as the tall sorts, but grow from 6 to 8 inches in height and spread to a foot or more in diameter. Effective for borders or bedding. Our mixture of these elegant dwarf growing Sweet Peas includes all the desirable colors and shades. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

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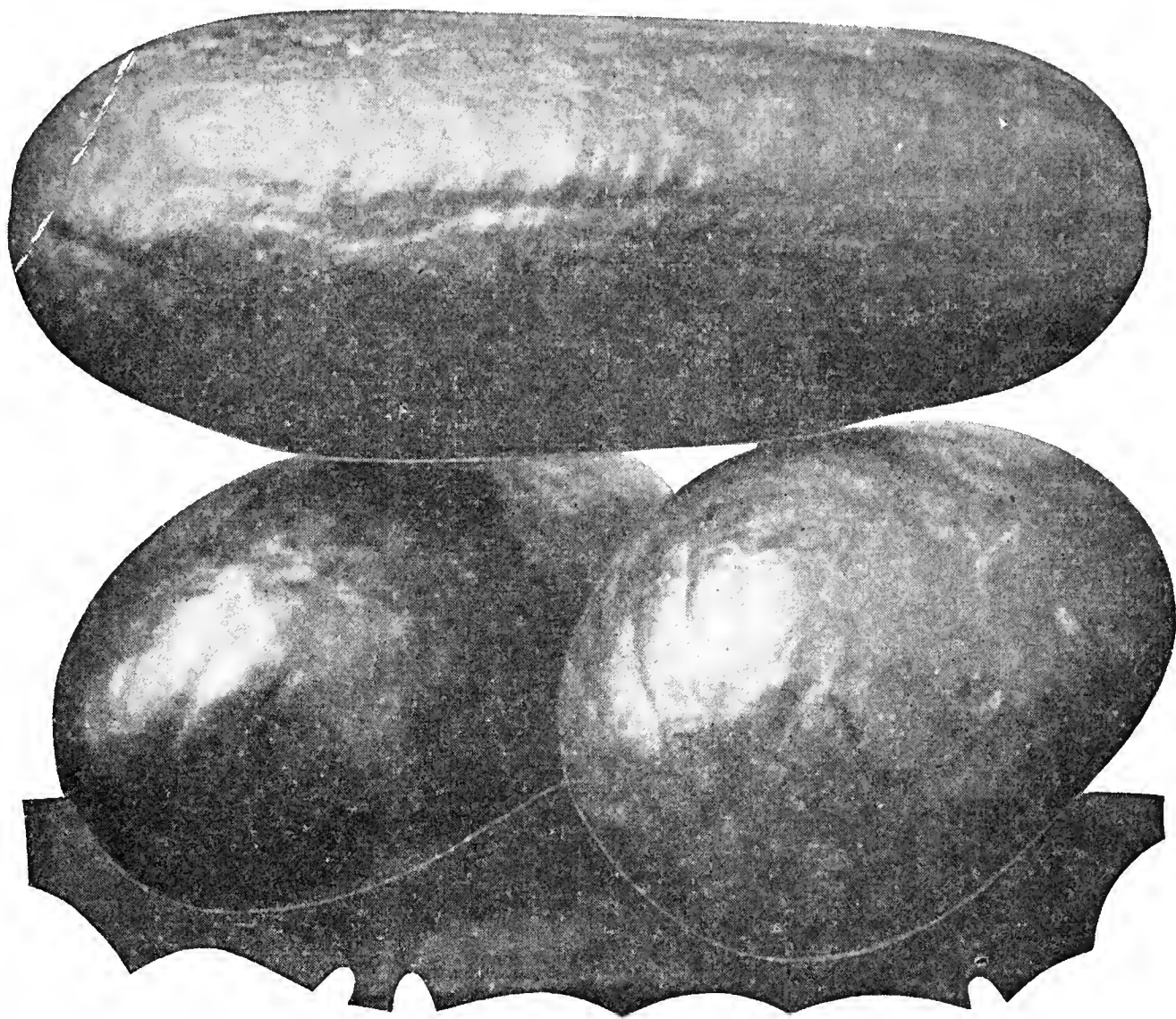
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*We have in stock everything carried by a first class seed store, including
Bulbs, Plants and Flowers, Basket Crates, etc. Should you want anything in our
line not listed in this catalog, write us.*



EBBERT'S IMPROVED MELONS

THE "SWEETEST OF ALL" WATERMELONS

EBBERT SEED CO.'S IMPROVED KLECKLEY SWEETS

This splendid variety is the finest flavored melon introduced in recent years. As a melon for the home garden and local market, it is unexcelled. As originally introduced, the rind was too thin and tender to admit shipping, but by careful selection this defect has been largely overcome, and at the present time is the favorite shipping melon with our Colorado growers, and rapidly growing in favor in other sections of the country.

In this new strain, now offered, there is developed a melon with a shell hard enough to carry to market, having been carefully selected for a series of years for this result. The rind is not thick, but the skin is so hard and tough that it resists the jolts and jars of travel to a remarkable degree.

The melon is large, averaging about 25 pounds in weight, oblong in form, with very

dark green skin, flesh deep scarlet red, with solid heart, stringless with few seeds set near the rind. The flavor is unexcelled. Don't fail to plant this splendid melon for home use or nearby markets.

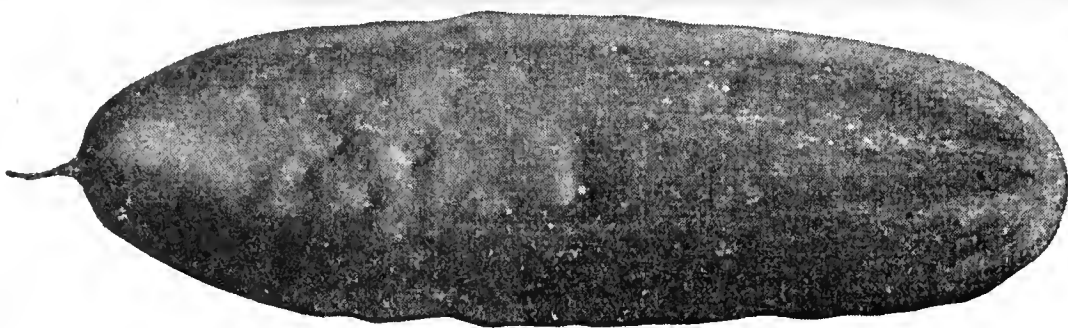
Place your order early. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 to 10 lbs., 90c per lb.; 10 lbs. or more, 85c per lb.

IRISH GREY. A comparatively new variety that is becoming very popular as a shipping sort. Fruits long oval in shape and of light yellowish-grey color. The rind is exceptionally hard and firm. The flesh is bright red, sweet, firm but free from any hard centers or stringiness. A very desirable variety for those who prefer a long, light colored shipping melon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

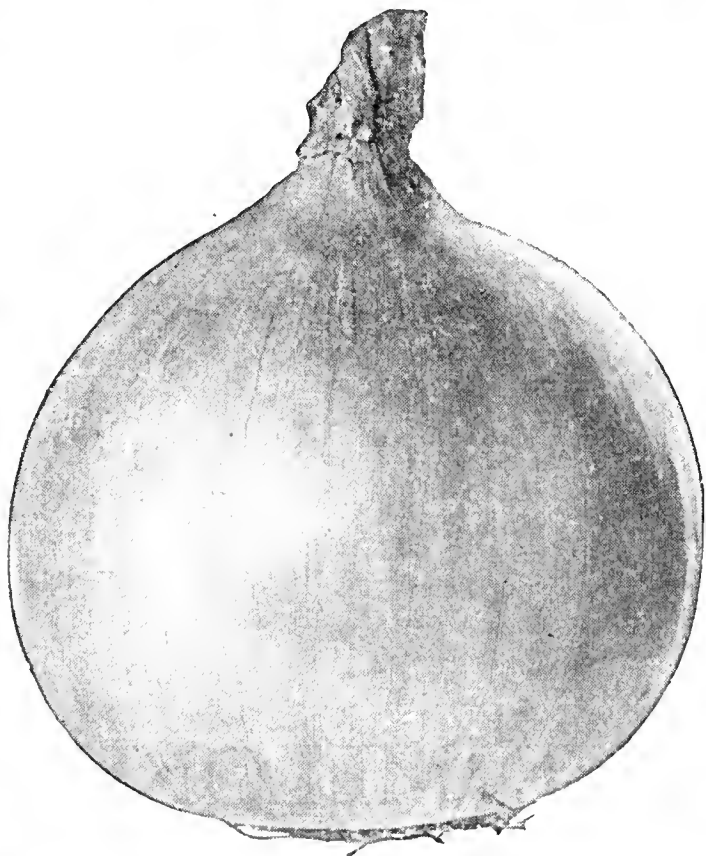
VINES SEEDS: WATERMELONS - - - CUCUMBERS - - - CANTALOUPE

EBBERT SEED COMPANY
ROCKY FORD, COLORADO

CUCUMBERS==EBBERT'S EARLIEST OF ALL



The earliest of the slicing varieties. Fruit is straight, smooth and firm; excels all other varieties for pickling or slicing; vines vigorous and most productive, yielding more fruit per acre than any other variety grown for market; good even size and dark green color. EBBERT'S EARLIEST OF ALL is the best on the market. We recommend this Cucumber above all others for early use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.



ONION—SWEET SPANISH VALENCIA (Riverside Strain)

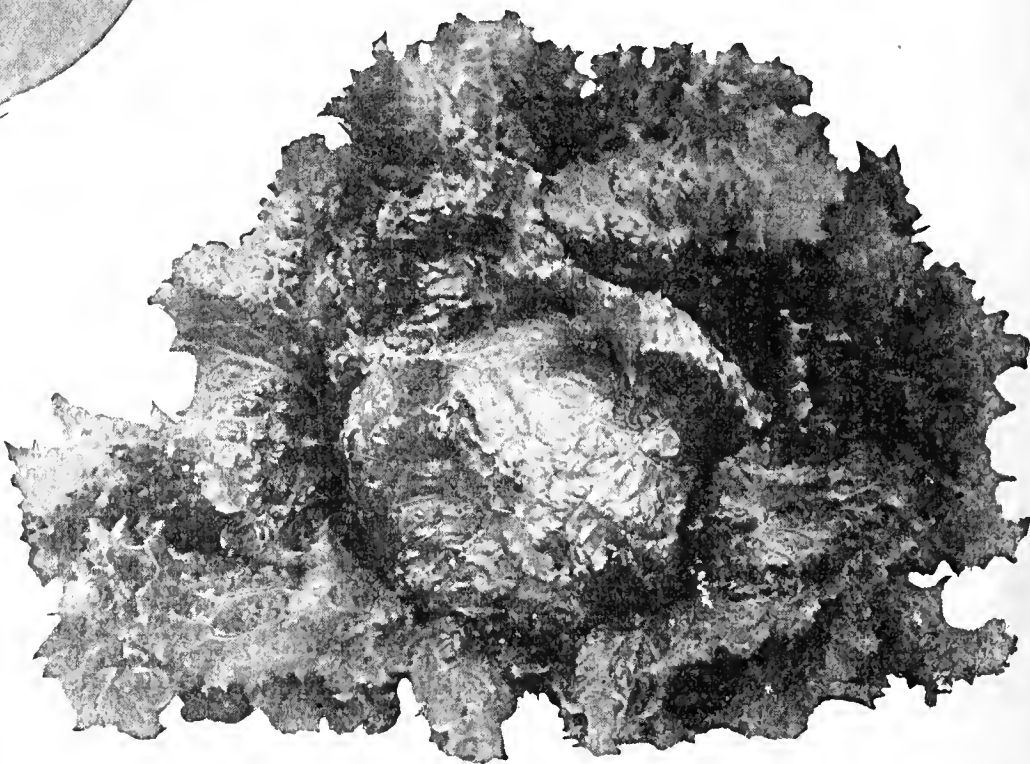
This is a large globe shaped brownish-yellow Onion, weighing from one to two pounds. The flesh is white, of fine texture, mild and sweet but retains the onion flavor. It is a good keeper and a splendid shipper. A yield of five or six hundred sacks per acre are not uncommon in Colorado. It withstands many adverse weather conditions and will net the grower several hundred dollars per acre. About two pounds of seed are planted to the acre.

Price: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; ½ lb., \$2.25; lb., \$4.00; 5 to 10 lbs., \$3.75 per lb.

LETTUCE—NEW YORK SPECIAL

Also called Los Angeles Market and Mountain Iceberg. (Very short crop.) A very hard heading and beautiful sort, excellent for summer use; inner leaves finely blanchd, crisp and brittle, of sweet and refreshing flavor; the outer leaves are a deep rich green and slightly curled on the edges. The seed we offer was grown by experienced and responsible growers in California.

Price, Postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.15.



EBBERT SEED COMPANY ROCKY FORD, COLORADO

SPECIALISTS IN VINE SEEDS, CUCUMBERS, CANTALOUPEs and WATERMELONS.